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ITALIAN TROOPS INVADE GREECE

British Fleet Seen Racing Towards Greek Waters

Lightning Raids on Capital, Airfield Driven Off by Gallant Defenders

A BRITISH fleet is reported to have been sighted under full steam en route to Greek waters.

Greek and Italian warships are reported to be engaged in battle near Corfu, where the Italians tried to land troops.

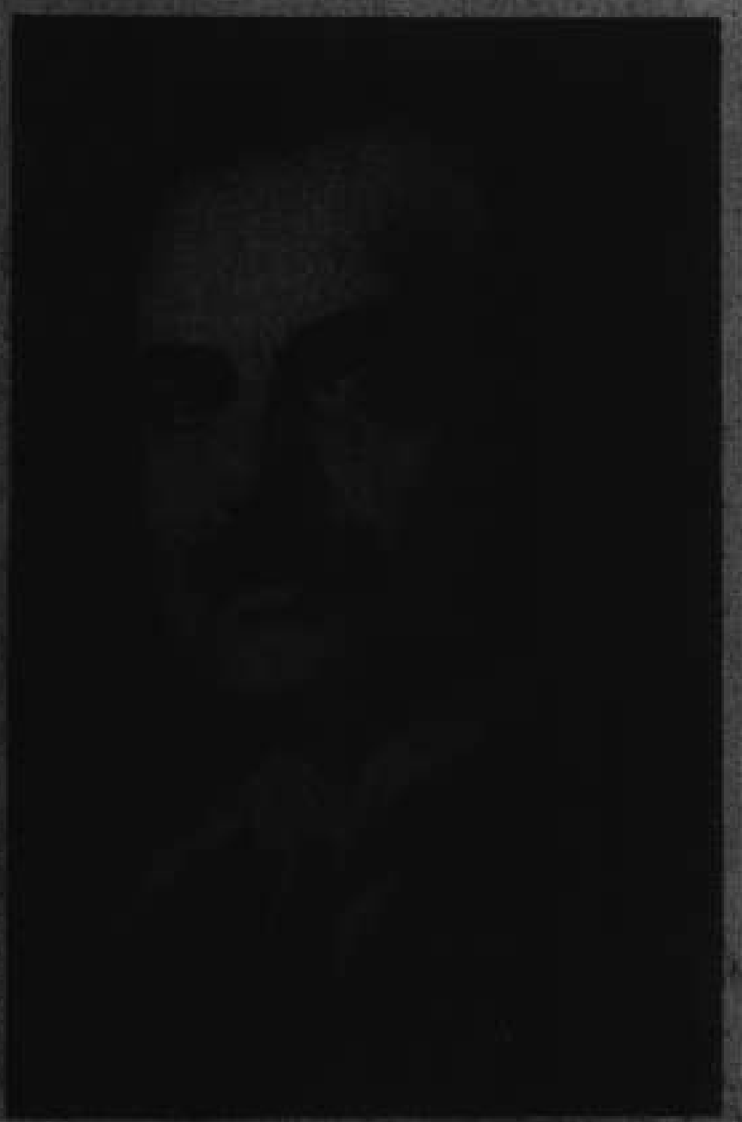
Fifteen Greek fighters and anti-aircraft gunfire drove off Italian bombers which carried out the main attack against the Tatoi aerodrome and the famous bridge over the Corinth Canal, connecting Peloponesus and the Greek mainland, after a stiff battle. Before noon the Italians bombed Patras, attacking chiefly the harbour facilities, the Palace of Justice and telegraph office.

A state of siege has been declared in Greece and a blackout has been ordered in the Athens district starting tonight. The Governor of Athens issued instructions to deal with the possible suspension of food and water supplies and for air raid precautions.

Mobilization of the civil population has been ordered.

First Communique Issued

The First Greek High Command communique says: "Italian forces attacked our covering troops on the Greek-Albanian frontier at 5.30 a.m. Our forces are defending the soil of the fatherland."



Premier John Metaxas

Demonstrations favouring Turkey, Britain and Yugoslavia are taking place in the capital. Demonstrators paraded behind the flags of these countries while an air raid was in progress.

Two Italian planes which flew over the city were driven off by ground fire. The Greek General Staff announced that a number of bombs were dropped at the Tatoi aerodrome as well as the Corinthian Isthmus and at Eleusis.

Members of the blue-uniformed youth movement continued to demonstrate while General Metaxas and King George drove together through cheering crowds.

Capital Raided

Anti-aircraft guns were in action at 9 a.m. against planes raiding the capital from the direction of the Tatoi aerodrome.

While Greece's brave little army resisted the invading forces it is announced that Britain was sending "unlimited support."

20,000 Italians Attack

It is reported that 20.000 Italian troops crossed the Greek border. Fighting started on the border at 5.30 a.m.

It is officially stated that General Metaxas had a 15-minute telephone talk with the Turkish President today. The Premier also received the British, Yugoslav and Turkish Ministers.

King George's Appeal

The King issued a proclamation to the people in which he said: "The Prime Minister has informed you in what conditions we are obliged to fight Italy, which has made demands against the integrity of Greece.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Mussolini Confers With Hitler

Nazi Leader Arrives at Florence After Night Dash for Meeting

Rome, Oct. 28.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler has arrived in Florence to confer with Premier Benito Mussolini today, the Government officially announced.

The Fuehrer was accompanied by his Foreign Minister, Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, while Premier Mussolini also was assisted by his Foreign Minister, Count Galeazzo Ciano.

Chancellor Hitler arrived by train during the night, while Premier Mussolini reached Florence early this morning.

The meeting between the two chiefs of state was considered as specially significant in view of the Greek situation.

The conference, however, political quarters here expected, would involve discussion of the general European situation with a likelihood that Premier Mussolini during the week would also confer separately with Generalissimo Francisco Franco, Spanish Premier, and M. Pierre Laval, French Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, or Marshal Philippe Petain, French Premier.

Chancellor Hitler last week conferred with the Spanish and French leaders on French soil.—United Press.

Censored Message Warns of Conflict

Anniversary of Fascist March on Rome Advanced

(The following despatch from Mr. Reynolds Packard, the United Press correspondent in Rome, was heavily censored. Enough was received, however, to indicate mounting Italo-Greek tension)

Rome, Oct. 28.

The threat of Italian "intervention" in Greece mounted rapidly yesterday as Premier Mussolini and high Fascist officials were reported to be en route to an important diplomatic conference abroad.

Reports were current that Il Duce and Chancellor Hitler would confer today (several words censored) in the beginning of a series of vital diplomatic manœuvres during the next few days.

So urgent was the situation regarded in Rome, because of new allegations that Greece was massing troops at six points along the Albanian frontier, that Il Duce pushed the clock ahead 24 hours and celebrated the 18th anniversary of the Fascist March on Rome yesterday instead of today.

The celebration was moved ahead a day so Il Duce could leave last night on an important diplomatic journey (censor deleted a considerable portion of the message).

Reports are current that Gen. Francisco Franco and M. Pierre Laval, the French Vice-Premier and concurrently new French Foreign Minister, might attend the rumoured meeting between Premier Mussolini and Chancellor Hitler.—United Press.

Gibraltar Seen as Next Objective

Vichy Government Believed Unwilling to Reveal

Zurich, Oct. 28.

Political observers here expect fresh German military action to follow closely on the Petain-Hitler agreement. Indications to this effect are supported by Italian press forecasts of imminent action in the eastern Mediterranean.

In Swiss comment, Gibraltar is openly mentioned as the next probable objective of an Axis attack.

It is not believed here that Marshal Petain has agreed to active participation by French forces in the war against Great Britain, but it is considered probable that Herr Hitler gained concessions of strategic importance for prosecution of the war in the Mediterranean.

Reports reaching here indicate growing anxiety of the French public for a British victory, but beside these must be placed the fact that France is, in effect, an authoritarian State, with M. Pierre Laval, the Vice-Premier, as the controlling power.

As regards Spain, diplomatic circles here are convinced that General Franco is unwilling to involve his country in war, but that he will probably be unable to resist if faced with the choice of voluntarily or involuntarily allowing a German army to pass through Spain.—Reuter.

Greeks Appeal To Britain For Help

Fulfilment of Guarantee Considered Certain

London, Oct. 28.

Greece, attacked by Italy after having rejected Italian demands for unconditional surrender of Greek territories, today appealed to Britain for military aid.

Well-informed quarters said that Britain's fulfilment of her guarantee to come to the support of Greece if she were attacked was a certainty.

London newspapers, including "The Times," have been anticipating British occupation of Crete and other strategic Greek islands if Italy moved against Greece. They reported that this would be a simple operation, as the British Fleet controls the eastern Mediterranean.

It was not known here early today whether the British would go further than to land forces at Salonika, which would be the supposed chief goal of the Italian thrust from Albania.

"Into British Hands"

The first reaction in some Balkan quarters here was that Premier Benito Mussolini had played into the British hands by giving the British an excuse to occupy Crete and the Aegean Sea Islands which not only guard the approaches to the Dardnelles but which might provide bases whence the British could bomb Rumanian oil fields.

Prior to reports of Italian forces entering Greece, the Foreign Office issued a statement saying, "News reaching official circles in London confirms the report that at 3 a.m. the Italian Minister to Athens had presented an ultimatum to the Greek Government expiring at 6 a.m.

Details Unknown

"Details of the ultimatum are not yet known in London, but they are understood to be demands for the cession of certain strategic points.

"The ultimatum has been rejected by the Greek Government and the Prime Minister of Greece has told the Italian Minister that he regards the ultimatum as a declaration of war.

"The Greek Government has appealed to his Majesty's Government for certain assistance."—United Press.

Turkey Rumoured to Have Declared War

Belgrade, Oct. 28.

Turkey has declared war against Italy, it was generally reported here. All attempts to confirm the reports however proved of no avail. The Turkish Legation stated that it was not informed of such a step.—Domei.

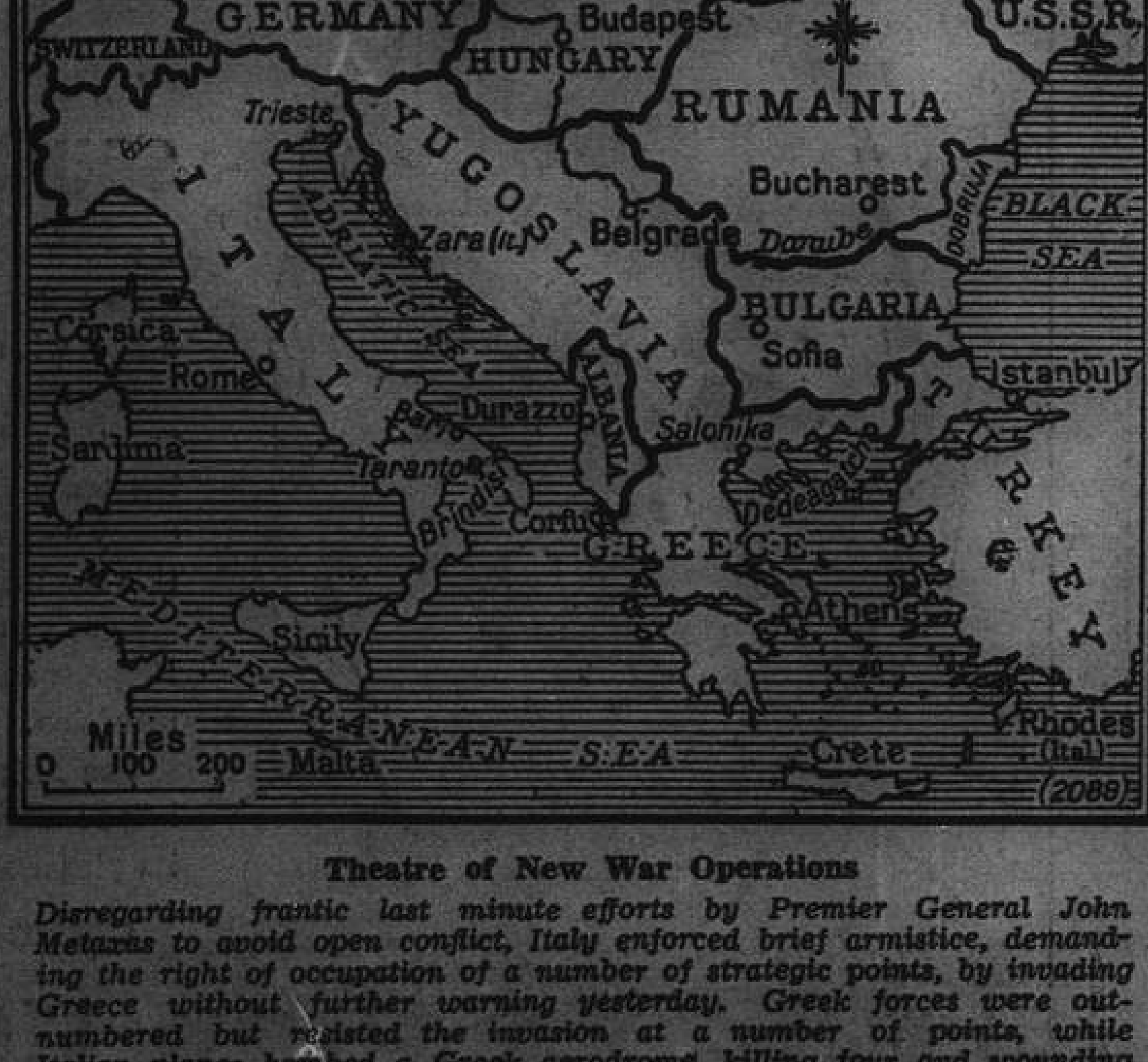
Canadian Destroyer Announced Lost

Ottawa, Oct. 28.

Loss of the destroyer Margaree and 140 of its officers and men, as the result of a collision with a merchantman in the North Atlantic the night of October 22 when both were running without lights, was announced today by the Naval Ministry.

It was the second loss to the Canadian fleet since the beginning of the war. In June the Fraser went to the bottom off Bordeaux when it collided with another vessel during evacuation operations.

Only 31 of the Margaree's crew were known saved. and but meagre details of the sinking were available. —United Press.



Theatre of New War Operations

Disregarding frantic last minute efforts by Premier General John Metaxas to avoid open conflict, Italy enforced brief armistice, demanding the right of occupation of a number of strategic points, by invading Greece without further warning yesterday. Greek forces were outnumbered but resisted the invasion at a number of points, while Italian planes bombed a Greek aerodrome, killing four and wounding forty. Greece appealed to Britain to fulfil her guarantees and late last night it was believed authoritatively in London that Britain would go to Greece's aid. Although without confirmation, it was reported from two sources that Turkish troops were being rushed to the north-west Turkish border.

Greeks Ready For Air Raiders

A unit of the Greek army shown in anti-aircraft exercises during recent manœuvres at Salonika. The Greek army has been modernized and made really efficient since the return of King George to the throne.

Berlin Life Disrupted by Heavy Bombing Damage

German Capital's Vital Industries Declared In Charred Ruins as Result of R.A.F. Raids

London, Oct. 28.

LIFE in Berlin has been disrupted and portions of the city's vital industries lie in charred ruins as result of blasting counter-attacks by the Royal Air Force, according to a communique issued by the Air Ministry today.

The British authorities declared that the Germans had concealed the full extent of the damage the Nazi capital had suffered and that a rigid censorship prevented the world from receiving accurate reports of the results of the R.A.F. raids.

A new assault on Berlin, the twenty-eighth, was launched early on Sunday, the communique stated, adding that during the night R.A.F. planes operated successfully over a wide area, ranging from France to the Norwegian coast and the Baltic.

90 Minutes Attack

R. A. F. bombers bombarded Berlin in relays for 90 minutes, spreading destruction among the city's utility plants and railway centres, the communique said.

Reliable neutral sources have provided proof that Berlin has suffered severely from many R.A.F. visits since the beginning of September, the communique stated, adding that widespread damage had been done.

Fourteen Nazi aerodromes in Germany, Holland, Belgium and France, the whole chain of invasion ports along the Channel and two German naval bases also were attacked. the Ministry announced.

Docks Attacked

Air Ministry officials said the attack on Berlin yesterday was carried out under conditions which forced the R.A.F. planes down to an altitude of only 2,000 feet. Layers of low-hanging clouds made the British flyers' work more difficult and hazardous but did not prevent the successful completion of their mission.

A 1,300-mile round-trip carried R.A.F. attackers yesterday across Germany to the shores of the Baltic Sea, where "tons of high explosives" were heaped on oil refineries and a hydraulic power plant at Politz and Stettin. Great fires were started, the pilots reported.

A German supply ship of 2,500 tons was reported to have been sunk by R.A.F. planes off the coast of Norway.

The Air Ministry announced also that docks at Hamburg, Cuxhaven and Bremen had been attacked, as well as railroad objectives at Bremen, Dortmund and Brussels and the ports of Flushing and Antwerp. It was also stated that an electric power station at the French port of Brest had been "successfully attacked."

At Spandau, ten miles north-west of Berlin, R.A.F. bombs started a large fire" in the Brandenburg Aero Works. Power plants in Berlin were bombed effectively from a low level, the communique concluded.—United Press.

Ten Nazi Planes Brought Down

London Escapes Almost Unscathed in Night of Widespread Raids

London, Oct. 28.

Ten German planes were shot down over Britain last night as the Royal Air Force clashed with raiders in furious aerial battles, the Air Ministry announced today.

Ten British fighters were missing, but six pilots were safe, the Air Ministry added.

Shortly after the all-clear had sounded, there was an early morning alarm at 7 o'clock today. Nothing was seen or heard during the early morning.

Several German night raiders were reported to have been shot down over the north-east coast where the Nazi bombers met with intense anti-aircraft fire and strong forces of British fighters which chased them toward the sea.

Last night's raids were carried out over widespread areas in north-east and north-west England, the Midlands, home counties and the London area, but comparatively light damage and few casualties were reported.

Business As Usual

During most of the night there was little to indicate that a raid was in progress over London, where business was carried on and traffic circulated normally.

Gun-flashes and searchlights were seen in the distance as raiders occasionally penetrated the outer defence. They flew at a great altitude. Only a few scattered districts were bombed.

The raid on the Midlands lasted longer but was less intense than on the previous night.

A number of fires was started in one town where hundreds of incendiary and high explosive bombs were dropped in two attacks in the business area. Office buildings and two large furniture stores were damaged.

School Set Afire

In another town incendiary bombs started three fires, one at a school.

Three voluntary firemen were killed when a bomb demolished an emergency fire brigade post in the Liverpool area, and it was feared that other firemen were injured.

High explosives demolished a row of houses in the same district where two fires were started, but both were quickly placed under control.

New Attacks Repulsed

London, Oct. 28.

Titanic air battles raging all day over southern England and up to the outskirts of London shattered stubborn German drives against the capital on Sunday. Last night, the inky darkness was broken only by the distant flashes of guns defending the city.

R.A.F. Spitfires and Hurricanes were in the air from dawn until dusk, intercepting repeated waves of Nazi craft which struck across the coast at great height. Officials said last night that not a single enemy plane had succeeded in reaching central London, although a few bombs fell in outlying metropolitan districts.

Repeatedly during the day, the *Luftwaffe* surged over the Kent coast to fan out in broad attacks on south-eastern England. R.A.F. patrols invariably engaged them before they were able to reach London, although on two occasions the aerial combats took place so near the capital that residents of the suburbs were able to watch the spectacular manoeuvres.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 6 *)

London Confirms Loss Of Empress of Britain

London, Oct. 28.

The tenth largest liner in the world, Empress of Britain, has been sunk by "enemy action," the Admiralty announced today.

The Admiralty said that 598 passengers out of 643 had been rescued thus far.—United Press.

Tenth Largest

Berlin, Oct. 28.

A U-boat this morning sank the derelict ss. Empress of Britain, world's tenth largest liner, with two torpedoes, according to informed sources. according to informed sources.—United Press.

Lifeboats Catch Fire

London, Oct. 28.

A number of people were killed when bombs exploded and some lifeboats caught fire and could not be lowered, but as there was little danger of the ship sinking immediately there was plenty of time for the passengers to take to the boats before the liner was completely ablaze from stem to stern. The last survivors were taken off some six hours after the attack. In the meantime there was no panic, a number of women and children calmly obeying instructions to remain below until time to leave. The youngest passenger was a baby boy aged 11 months who was strapped to a sailor's back to go down the ladder to a boat.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Attacks German Areas

London, Oct. 28.

Three different areas of Germany were extensively bombed by the Royal Air Force last night, the Air Ministry said today.

"Last night R.A.F. bombers carried out attacks on communications in western Germany, oil targets in central and northern Germany and two invasion ports," the communique said.—United Press.

Anti-Nazi Riots Sweep Bergen

Two Killed, Many Injured In Demonstration Outside Quisling Premises

Stockholm, Oct. 28.

Anti-Quisling demonstrations and sabotage at Bergen have resulted in introduction of a limited state of siege with "dusk-to-dawn" curfew according to reports from Oslo.

Two people were killed and many injured in one demonstration outside premises commandeered by the Quisling national assembly movement. Despite police reinforcements, the reports declare, German troops have been frequently compelled to intervene. Local leaders of this movement, it is stated, have now taken over the municipal administration.

There has been much sabotage, for example the spoiling of a consignment of fish intended for Germany. Many persons, it is added, have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment at trials *in camera* for alleged offences ranging from tearing down posters to giving information to a foreign Power on internal conditions in Norway.—Reuter.

Australian Reconstructed Cabinet Announced

Melbourne, Oct. 28.

Australia's reconstructed Federal Cabinet, announced yesterday, includes Mr. R. G. Menzies (Prime Minister and Minister for Coordination of Defence and Information), the veteran ex-Prime Minister, Mr. W. M. Hughes (Attorney-General and Minister of the Navy), Mr. P. C. Spender (Army), Mr. J. McEwen (Air), Sir Earle Page (Commerce), Mr. A. W. Fedden (Treasurer). Sir Frederick Stewart (External Affairs, Social Services and Health), Senator P. A. McBride (Supply and Development and Munitions) and Mr. H. E. Holt (Labour and National Service).—Reuter.

Japanese Troops Reported Evacuating Nanning

Statement Made by General Uchiroku; Forces Said To Be Moving Out "On Their Own Initiative"

Canton, Oct. 28.

LIEUT.-GEN. Jun Uchiroku, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in South China, in a statement issued today, announced that the Japanese forces were evacuating Nanning, former capital of Kwangsi Province which was occupied by the Japanese on November 24, 1939. The statement said that the forces were evacuating "on their own initiative," as further occupation of the city was meaningless following the entry of Japanese troops into French Indo-China.—Domei.

Chungking, Oct. 28.

Chinese military authorities here have no information on the alleged Franco-Chinese clash on the Indo-China border. Chinese circles are generally inclined to doubt the accuracy of the report, since there is no point in Chinese forces crossing the Indo-China border at present.

It is understood that since the arrival of the French Ambassador M. Henri Cosmé, here from Indo-China, the French authorities have been urging the Chinese to refrain from sending Chinese forces into Indo-China for fear of complicating further the already difficult situation there.

While the Chinese authorities have not given any assurance that Chinese forces will not enter Indo-China, at the same time the Chinese Government has so far made no announcement that Chinese forces would do so. Judging from the fact the Chinese Government announced the blowing up of bridges and tearing up of rails on the Indo-China railway in Chinese territory before resorting to such action, it seems reasonable to believe the Chinese Government would certainly make some statement or explanation before launching such a serious move as sending Chinese forces into Indo-China.

Some quarters here even suggest the report may have been deliberately circulated for the purpose of covering up an impending Japanese drive into China from Indo-China.

Szechuen Raided

Thirty-six Japanese aircraft in two groups of 21 and 15 respectively raided Szechuen yesterday at noon.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 5 *)

War Gov't Formed By General de Gaulle

Repudiation of Vichy Agreement with Nazis Announced in Broadcast from Belgian Congo; Free French Troops Surround Garrison

London, Oct. 28.

GEN. Charles de Gaulle, commander-in-chief of the French forces, yesterday proclaimed the creation of a French "War Government" to carry on the war against Germany. The proclamation repudiated the Petain government's latest "surrender" to Chancellor Hitler's demands.

In an address which was broadcast by radio from Leopoldville, in the Belgian Congo, General de Gaulle announced the formation of an Empire Council of Defence to lead the French overseas possessions in joining his "Free French" cause.

The creation of the new council, "having all the duties of a war government," was announced after the Free French headquarters at London had issued a statement repudiating Premier Marshal Petain's new "collaboration agreement with Germany as "sacrilege."

General de Gaulle in his broadcast speech at Leopoldville announced he would assist the Defence Council to exercise in French overseas possessions "the powers formerly performed by the Chief of State and the Council of Ministers." Thus it was made clear that General de Gaulle's organization intends to take over in the French colonies all the power claimed by Marshal Petain and the Vichy Government.—United Press.

Troops Cornered

Vichy, Oct. 28.

French troops who have rallied to General Charles de Gaulle, head of the French National Committee in London, have surrounded Vichy forces in Africa, it was learned here yesterday.

Advancing through forests from the Congo valley, the dissident troops have virtually surrounded Lambarene village and fortress deep in the brush hinterland of Gabon, said reports.

Libreville, Colonial capital and port, on the coast, also was besieged, said reports.

The Free French land forces had to cross 300 miles of forest and brush to surround the Vichy garrison and natives in the village. The encirclement coincided with an alleged aerial bombardment of Lambarene by French planes operating under orders of Colonel de Larminat, who is loyal to Gen. de Gaulle, said reports.

Native Reports Raid

The French Ministry of Colonies here announced there has been no further news of the attacks since a report of the air raid was brought out of the bush by a native runner.

The bombing caused casualties among both natives and whites, according to the report. Evacuation of either the black or white population was impossible, the report said, because of the encirclement.

General Maxime Weygand, the Commander-in-Chief of Vichy forces in Africa, was said to be organizing a powerful mobile force to be sent by air to relief of the besieged points. Such aid was difficult, however, because Lambarene was at least 1000 miles from the nearest Loyalist air base.—United Press.

Madagascar Command Changed

Vichy, Oct. 28.

Brigadier General Guillemin yesterday was named supreme commander of French African forces in Malagascar.

The appointment was another step in a move to reinforce military positions throughout France's colonial empire.

Brigadier-General Guillemin will establish headquarters at Tinnanarive. He replaces General Maurice Martin as commander of the island's defences.—United Press.

N.E.I. Pilots Going to England to Fight

Batavia, Oct. 28.

Pilots of the Netherlands air force will leave here in the near future for England. Military fliers in the Netherlands East Indies are highly enthusiastic.—Reuter.

French Cabinet, Council Meet

Laval and Petain Preside Over Examination on Line Of Future Action

Vichy, Oct. 28.

The entire French Cabinet and the Council of Ministers met today to examine the general lines of anticipated forthcoming conversations with German officials regarding French economic and political relations with Germany.

The Cabinet, presided over by its president, M. Pierre Laval, Vice-Premier and new Foreign Minister, met at 9 a.m. and the Council, presided over by Marshal Philippe Petain, Premier, met immediately thereafter.

The gist of discussion by the two bodies was not immediately revealed.

Marshal Petain previously had called the Cabinet meeting for Sunday, but postponed it until Monday in order to give more time to preparation of reports on political conversations held with Chancellor Adolf Hitler last week.

Laval Speeds Plans

Armed with the Government's unanimous approval of the principle of Franco-German collaboration, M. Laval prepared for early resumption of negotiations to elaborate detailed political and economic co-operation.

The Vice-Premier conferred with M. Georges Bonnet, who was French Foreign Minister when war was declared, in the Hotel Du Parc yesterday morning.

M. Bonnet, when Foreign Minister, did his utmost to obtain British approval of Premier Mussolini's offer to attempt last minute intervention with Chancellor Hitler to preserve peace by a Danzig compromise.

Marshal Petain and M. Laval also conferred with Charles Magny, former Chief of the National Secret Police and War-Time Minister to Finland, and later Minister to Dublin. M. Magny now is Prefect of the Seine Department.—United Press.

Cairo Has First Air Raid by Daylight

Two Italian Planes Hit In Battle Over Malta

Cairo, Oct. 28.

Cairo had its first daylight air raid alarm yesterday afternoon.

A communique issued by the Egyptian Ministry of National Defence states: "Small enemy aircraft dropped several bombs on the eastern desert, all of which fell in the sand."—Reuter.

Battle Over Malta

Malta, Oct. 28.

Two enemy planes are reported to have been damaged when British fighters engaged an enemy formation which flew over Malta at a great height yesterday.

No bombs were dropped, according to an official announcement.—Reuter.

Abyssinian Border Clash

Nairobi, Oct. 28.

"One of our patrols was attacked by superior enemy forces near the Ethiopian border, 70 miles east of Lake Rudolf," says a communique issued here last night.

"The patrol withdrew successfully without loss from their post, inflicting casualties on the enemy."—Reuter.

Indo-China Bothered by Pro-Allied Elements

Anti-Petain Groups Cause Concern to Authorities

Hanoi, Oct. 28.

Strong measures were being taken by Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General of French Indo-China, against anti-Petain and Jewish elements as well as pro-Anglo-American influences in French Indo-China, in keeping with the Vichy Government's policy to improve its relations with the Axis Powers, it was reported here today.

About 30 per cent. of the Frenchmen and part of the French army in French Indo-China were said to be against Marshal Henri Petain.

Vice-Admiral Decoux was determined to eliminate these elements, reports said. The French Indo-China Governor ordered on Wednesday the dissolution of Jewish secret societies in Hanoi and other cities. He also ordered a strict examination of the French freighter Sikiang and another French vessel now held in the Haiphong harbour for transporting war supplies for General Chiang Kai-shek and severe punishment of those connected with the case, reports added. —Domei.

Frantic Efforts Made by Greeks to Avert War

Peace Mission Despatched to Albanian Frontier In Desperate Attempt to Settle Differences

Athens, Oct. 28.

M. JOHN Metaxas, the Premier, yesterday despatched a "peace mission" to the Greek-Albanian frontier in a desperate attempt to avoid warfare between Greece and Italy.

Greek and Italian officers met yesterday at 4 p.m. on the frontier, according to an official communique, but no immediate settlement of differences arising from the alleged border clash on Friday was achieved.

Greek officers are said to have asked for another conference. The request was made because the Italians were represented only by a Second Lieutenant instead of the Italian Commander at the border trouble spot, it was said.

The Greek peace mission, headed by a high military official, left Athens after an official government communique flatly denied alleged attacks by Greek troops on Italian forces.

Fighting which did occur was between Italian forces and rebellious Albanians, the communique implied.

Race with Time

The Athens government was working against time in seeking a peaceful settlement of border differences, reports here yesterday said.

Italian troops were said to be massed on the border and reports were prevalent here to an impending Fascist "reprisal" for the alleged border clash.

Premier Metaxas was said to have received an urgent telephone call from Rome early yesterday. All telephone communications between Rome and Athens were interrupted for seven hours, following the call to the Premier.

The interruption was due to communications being "out of order," said an official announcement.

The communique describing the border meeting between Greek and Italian army officers was issued following a long session of Government ministers, which began at midnight.—United Press.

How Relations Worsened

London, Oct. 28.

The Greek Government's appeal to Great Britain for assistance recalls the days immediately after the Italian invasion of Albania.

Then, on April 17, 1939, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Prime Minister, in a speech in the House of Commons, reviewed the Balkans situation.

He said that the British Government attached the greatest importance to the avoidance of disturbance by force or threats of force to the status quo in the Mediterranean and Balkan Peninsula.

Consequently, he added, the British Government had come to the conclusion that in the event of any such action being taken which clearly threatened the independence of Greece or Rumania, the British Government would feel bound at once to lend the Greek or Rumanian Government all the support in their power.

Relations between Italy and Greece became tense last August. Early in that month the Italians alleged that Albanians in Ciamura, annexed by Greece in 1913, were being oppressed and persecuted, and that Hoggia, described by the Italians as an "Albanian patriot" and by the Greeks as "a much-wanted murderer," had been decapitated in Albanian territory by Greeks. The story was denied by the Greeks, who retorted that Hoggia had been assassinated by two Albanians.

From that time onwards the Italian press carried on an intensive campaign against Greece and the massing of Italian troops in the vicinity of Greek frontiers has frequently been reported.—Reuter.

Yugoslavia Surprised

Belgrade, Oct. 28

News that Greece and Italy are now at war came as great surprise here, for it have been hoped that the situation was improving.

Confirming that the Italian ultimatum had been rejected the Greek Minister announced a proclamation had been issued to the Greek people calling on them to defend their homeland.—Reuter.

Bulgaria Claims Independence

Sofia, Oct. 28.

It is confirmed here that there has been fighting along the Greek-Albanian frontier.

There is at present no indication of the movement of any Germans into Albanian frontier.

News of the Italian ultimatum to Greece, which came as a great surprise, arrived on the eve of the King's speech to the National Assembly which, it is understood, will strongly reaffirm Bulgarian independence and neutrality.—Reuter.

War Peril Brought Close to Balkans

Albania Incident Thought Diversionist, But Fears of Outbreak Spread

Budapest, Oct. 28.

The question of whether the week-end's Italo-Greek incidents in Albania should be considered merely an Italian diversion intended to draw units of the British fleet from the West, or whether they were only part of a war of nerves for keeping both the Balkans and the West in a state of tension while the Axis prepared to move elsewhere was the subject of lively speculation in diplomatic circles here last night.

Whatever the correct interpretation of these latest developments may be, it seems obvious that at least they have had the effect of shocking the people of the Balkan states into a realization of the danger of their being drawn into war.

A fact which may have much significance or little was noted today in the dispatches Hungarian newspapers received from their Rome correspondents, who re-emphasized the necessity of clearing the British fleet out of Greece before Italy could feel secure in the East.

Some Hungarian correspondents, writing from Rome, suggested a relationship between the Albanian incidents and Italy's announcement of a renewed offensive against Egypt. They profess to believe, however, that an Italian drive against Greece which could be counted on to yield a comparatively easy victory, would be undertaken only in the event of the utter failure of the second Italian drive against Egypt. Its purpose then would be to give the Italian public a quick success to celebrate.

It is pointed out here that this would be along the same lines as previous Italian tactics, as when she combined a war of nerves in the press with thrusts at France's Alpine outposts last summer and thus hindered the complete concentration of French forces against the Germans.

Similar strategy would be more difficult to execute against Great Britain, due to the fleet's greater mobility, but it is considered nevertheless that a series of diplomatic and strategic surprises, alternating between the Western and Eastern Mediterranean, might serve the purpose of the Axis by screening momentarily the real point at which it was intended to attack.—United Press.

Great Importance of Delhi Conference

"The Times" Praises War Effort of Dominions

London, Oct. 28.

Commenting on the opening of the Delhi conference, "The Times" states that the countries represented, from India and Australia with their great resources in men and material and organization to the smaller and less developed territories in East Africa and the Far East, already have contributed to the common effort on a scale exceeding even their achievements of 1914 to 1918. Their contributions are constantly growing in volume and extending into fresh fields, the paper adds.

"This integration of effort in the eastern group is characteristic of the vitality of the British Commonwealth, a vitality not centred exclusively in any metropolis but spontaneous in every one of its units from the greatest dominion to the smallest dependency," the daily continues.

"A living organic growth, its cells respond instinctively to every change in conditions, forming ever new combinations and developing ever new activities to adapt themselves to new circumstances. The formation of this eastern group is a response to the demands of war but it is safe to say that the machinery created by the conference will long outlast the emergency which has called it into being and will be of the greatest utility in meeting the economic difficulties which will arise after the war is won.

"Direct co-operation between British countries in the eastern hemisphere including nations differing widely in origin, history, tradition, language and in the stages of their economic and political development introduces a new, valuable factor into the political organization of the British Commonwealth—a factor, however, that itself derives from the principle of free collaboration which has guided all its growth."—Reuter.

Ray Milland and Patricia Morison both proved adept canoeists during the shooting of "Untamed," Paramount's technicolour drama of the north woods, at Big Bear Lake, today. Oddly, both learned the tricky art in England, Milland at a Boy Scout camp and Patricia in a girls' camp.

New French Labour Regulations

Relief Rates Established; State Employees Forbidden To Have Other Jobs

Vichy, Oct. 28.

Numerous changes in labour regulations were promulgated today in the official journal.

The decrees affect reorganization of employment exchanges, prohibit state employees from holding other jobs, and fix new dole rates.

The relief rates are fixed on a scale according to localities. Thus, the head of a family living in Paris or its environs would receive twelve francs daily plus six francs for his wife and each dependent.

Communities of more than 15,000 inhabitants have lower rates, the family head receiving 10 francs plus five for each dependent. In communities of more than 5,000 population, the family head would receive eight and four francs respectively, in other communities the rate is seven francs and three and one half francs, respectively.

Former departmental and municipal labour exchanges were abolished.

The new system provides for creation of regional and state controlled labour offices which have the right to nominate correspondents and draw up reports on the situation in their locality.

Labour offices will be directly under control of the Minister of Labour and Industrial Production. Refusal by a worker to accept a job procured for him by the office would cancel his right to demand a dole.

The law forbids state employees to accept payment for a private job performed in parallel to official duties, in order to assure equitable distribution of work.

"Nobody may work in the industrial, commercial or artisans occupations unless he is inscribed on the commercial register," one article of the law also provides.

Hiring of married women for state services either in France or her colonies or mandated territories, also is prohibited. Exceptions are granted for those whose husbands do not earn sufficient salaries to keep the household running or those who passed examinations for state employ prior to publication of the law.—United Press.

★British Fleet Races For Greece

(Continued from page 1)

"I am sure all Greeks will do their duty to the end as it is written in the glorious history of our country. The whole nation is ready to fight as one man until victory."

Italy's demands on Greece were for military occupation of strategic points "for the duration of the War against Britain."—Reuter.

Greeks Resist

Athens, Oct. 28.

Italian troops met with resistance as they began the invasion of Greece at daybreak today after Greece had rejected the Italian ultimatum for an unconditional surrender.

As Italian forces attacked Greek territory along the Greece-Albanian frontier, Italian planes dropped bombs on the Tatoi airport, killing four and wounding forty. Tatoi was formerly a military air port but was converted into a civil airfield.

The Greek Government technically has not declared war against Italy. The Government has only declared a state of war, which is the same as martial law.

After the Government had rejected the Italian ultimatum, which gave Greece only three hours in which to reply, the Government ordered immediate general mobilization of all forces and issued a proclamation emphasizing its determination to defend Greek territory.

King George of Greece

An air raid alarm was sounded here at 7 a.m. It could not be determined immediately whether an actual air attack was expected or whether the warning was merely a test alarm.

The alarm sounded an hour after the expiration of the ultimatum.

The Italian blow fell with lightning rapidity despite all Greek efforts to repair the alleged frontier incidents on the Albanian border.

Lightning Blow

The Italian Minister to Athens handed the ultimatum to General John Metaxas, Premier, at 3 a.m. and demanded an official reply not later than 6 a.m.

The Greek Cabinet, in an extraordinary session, at 5 a.m. rejected the Italian demands and ordered the general mobilization of Greek forces.

Proclamation Issued

Gen. Metaxas issued a proclamation which stated that the Government had replied to the Italian demands as follows:

"I consider the demands and manner in which they were made as a declaration of war against Greece."

The Premier revealed that the Italian Minister had demanded the surrender of all Greek territories, or Italian troops would march into Greece at daybreak.

Greece has virtually no army. Without powerful aid the country would be over-run by Italy within a few days, since Italy is reported to have concentrated more than 200,000 troops on the Greek-Albanian frontier, according to military experts.

Britain has a powerful fleet in the eastern Mediterranean and has pledged herself to protect Greek independence and territorial integrity.

The big Greek port of Salonika, often called the key to the Balkans, undoubtedly will be the first Italian objective in an effort to fortify it before it is occupied by the British, it is expected.

Thus it appeared here that Greece, whether the Italians or British reached Salonika first, would most likely become a battleground on which Italian and British forces would clash.

Call to Arms

Gen. Metaxas and King George II signed the proclamation issued by the Premier.

The proclamation said, "Let the nation stand up and fight for the country's women, children and holy traditions.

"We must show if we are worthy of our ancestry, freedom and the heritage of our forefathers and fight to the death.

"The time has come to fight for our independence and life.

"Italy does not recognize our right to live as a free nation despite Greek neutrality.

"The Italian minister handed me demands that we surrender Greek territories at her own discretion or her troops will march at daybreak.

"I answered that I consider the demands and manner in which they were made as a declaration of war against Greece."—United Press.

To Die for Honour

Athens, Oct. 28.

The resolution of the Greek people to "die like men for their honour, independence and integrity" is asserted in an authoritive statement issued here detailing events of the last few hours.

The statement says: "At three o'clock this morning (Greek time) the Italian minister, Signor Grazzi, called on General Metaxas (the Greek Premier) and handed him a long note of inacceptable conditions. All that is known is that Italian troops were to march against Greece at six o'clock.

"The Greek people as one man, trusting in God and closely united around the King and General Metaxas, are determined to defend their honour, integrity and independence.

"The Greeks are resolved to die if necessary, but to die like men."

Incidents Denied

A denial of Italian reports of alleged incidents on the Greek-Albanian frontier was issued by the semi-official Greek news agency. Reports from Tirana transmitted by Stefani Agency that a Greek armed band is stated to have entered Albanian territory and attacked Albanian posts near Koritza, are false, the Greek agency asserts.

"No Greek band has passed the Albanian frontier at any point. No band has been formed or could be formed in Greek territory in view of the fact that the Greek military and civil authorities have assured absolute order."

The denial also characterizes the report that bombs exploded in the office of an Italian lieutenant at Santi Quaranta, and that the Greek authorities are responsible, as "purely infantile invention."—Reuter.

Minister Notified

London, Oct. 28.

Reuter understands that the Greek Minister in London has been in close touch today with the Turkish Ambassador.

The Greek Minister in London received the following telegram from Athens: "At 3 o'clock this morning the Italian Minister remitted personally a note by which the Italian Government accused the Greek Government of having allowed its territorial waters and its coasts and ports to be utilized by the British fleet during war operations, further that they have favoured supplies to be sent to British forces, that they have allowed organization of a service of military information in the Greek Archipelago against Italy."

"The Italian Government must remind the Greek Government," the note stated, "of provocative action against the Albanian nation by a terroristic policy that they adopted towards the population of Tasmouria and through the consistent tendencies to create disorder on the Albanian side of the frontier.

"All this cannot possibly be tolerated any more on the part of Italy. The neutrality of Greece has become more and more a pure and simple appearance. The Italian Government consequently reached the decision to ask the Greek Government as a guarantee of its neutrality and as a guarantee of Italian security the facility of occupying by its armed forces for the duration of the present conflict against England certain strategic points in Greek territory.

"Will Be Met By Arms"

"The Italian Government asks the Greek Government not to oppose the occupation and not to obstruct the free passage of troops destined to execute the occupation. The Italian Government also asks the Greek Government to give immediately necessary orders to the military authorities so that this occupation may be completed in a specific way. If Italian troops encountered resistance such resistance will be met by arms and the Greek Government would assume responsibility for the consequences."

"General Mextaxas replied that he considered the contents of the communication and its character of an ultimatum as a declaration of war against Greece. The Italian Minister replied that movement of Italian troops would begin at 6 o'clock this morning," the telegram from Athens concluded.

In an interview with Reuter's diplomatic correspondent the Greek Minister said he had so far had no news that a state of war existed between Greece and Italy. "If the news is true it can only be regarded as wanton aggression by Italy against Greece," he said. "There is no truth whatever in allegations put out by the Stefani Agency dealing with action taken by Greek troops, nor is there any truth in news spread from Tirana as there has been no incident at all on the Greco-Albanian frontier."—Reuter.

Japan More Interested in U.S. Policy Than Politics

Anti-Japanese Sentiments Attributed to Election Campaign Fervour; Third Term Foreseen

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

JAPAN was more interested in a "reorientation of the United States foreign policy" than she was in a change of administration, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Foreign Office Spokesman, told pressmen today when asked to comment on the American election outlook. Mr. Suma said that he believed that a great difference existed between Democratic and Republican policies, but these corcerned more largely internal than external affairs.

The Gaimusho spokesman asserted that he believed Roosevelt would succeed in being re-elected to the White House."

"One year ago I personally got the impression that Roosevelt would successfully seek a third term. This impression still stands, declared the spokesman who was Counsellor for the Japanese Embassy in Washington before assuming the post of Director of the Information Bureau of the Foreign Office.

"We are interested not so much in a change of administration as we are in a reorientation of the foreign policy of the United States Government, especially toward the Far East," he remarked.

"Astounding Remarks"

The spokesman attributed the "astounding remarks" being made at present by American statesmen to the fervour of election campaigning and bade Japanese people therefore to act with dicretion and to remain calm.

"It is to be hoped that irrespective of any change of administration in Washington, American statesmen will realize the factual situation in the Far East and be courageous enough to face the facts as they are," Mr. Suma declared.

The spokesman replied that the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, contributed nothing new in his address before the National Press Club Saturday. Mr. Hull had expressed the same opinions before and merely reiterated his previous stand in the address, Mr. Suma declared.—Domei.

◆

Former Consul-General In Shanghai Resigns

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

The resignation of Mr. Suemasa Okamoto, former Japanese Consul-General in Shanghai, and lately Councillor of the London Embassy, from the diplomatic service has been accepted together with the resignations of Ambassador Masaaki Hotta and Shigeru Kuriyama, the latter having been assigned to Belgium and Luxembourg.—Domei.

Knox Commended On Fleet Progress

Navy Secretary Urges More Speed in Construction; "If Prepared, We Live"

Washington, Oct. 28.

Additions to the United States Asiatic and Atlantic fleets will strike at any dictatorial designs on the Western Hemisphere, President Roosevelt said yesterday. The President's words were contained in a letter to Col. Frank Knox, the Secretary of the Navy, on the occasion of Navy Day. The Navy's progress in constructing additions to the fleet will be a "deterrent to those nations who would plant the heel of dictatorship across this Hemisphere," wrote President Roosevelt.

"I take this opportunity to congratulate you and your great organization on these efforts. I have the greatest confidence in the Navy," said the President.

"Its (Navy's) thoughts are directed towards successful prosecution of war, should war unfortunately come. It constantly strives to be the guardian of our statesmanship," the letter said.

The U.S. Navy at present is constructing 125 war vessels for the Asiatic and Atlantic fleets.

To Speed Re-armament

Washington, Oct. 28.

Col. Frank Knox, the Secretary of the Navy, yesterday urged the United States to speed its defence armament programme.

Col. Knox' words were broadcast over a nation-wide radio network as part of the national Navy Day observance.

"The sanctity of treaties has been made a hollow mockery by many nations," Col. Knox said, "but our determination to demand and receive respect upon the high seas is the cardinal principle of our safety.

"We are living in a world at arms from which altruism has fled," Col. Knox said. "If we are prepared, we live. If we are not, we die—or live as a subject people.

"Today one needs but glance toward Europe or the Far East to catch the full significance of a world in flames," Col. Knox said.

"Those flames were set by power-hungry dictators. We must not ignore that old but well remembered warning, it's later than you think."—United Press.

Attack in Both Oceans

Washington, Oct. 28.

The United States has been brought into a position where it must consider the possibility of a simultaneous attack in both oceans, said Admiral Harold Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, in a Navy Day broadcast yesterday.—Reuter.

★Japanese Reported Evacuating Nanning

(Continued from page 1)

An official statement on the raid declares: "Due to heavy rains the Japanese aircraft were unable to locate their objectives. Therefore they dropped bombs in open fields near certain towns."—Reuter.

Transport Crashes

At a Naval Base in Central China, Oct. 28.

A large Douglas plane, which had just taken off from the Kunming aerodrome, crashed Saturday as a squadron of Japanese sea planes bombed the transport during a raid conducted on the airport.

Japanese military observers surmised that an important Chungking Government official might have been a passenger in the plane, as several cars, presumedly containing people bidding farewell to the departing passenger, were seen on the ground.

Confirmation had not yet been secured that the plane was a regular transport on the Kunming-Chungking flight.—Domei.

Japanese Admiral Congratulated

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

Vice-Admiral Nobutake Kondo, Vice-Chief of the Naval General Staff, and Vice-Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, Vice-Minister of the Navy, despatched a joint congratulatory message today to Vice-Admiral Shigetaro Shimada, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, commending him for successfully destroying an aircraft factory at Mengyin on the Yunnan-Burma border and shooting down Chungking planes over the Sintsin aerodrome in Szechwan on Saturday according to a communique issued by the Navy Section of the Imperial General Headquarters today.—Domei.

Action Against U.S. Exports from Hanoi

Hanoi, Oct. 28.

French police Sunday night arrested three Chinese executives of the American-owned United States Far Eastern Trading Company and North American Syndicate.

No charges were filed against the trio, but the arrests were believed to have been made in connection with the re-exportation of American goods from Haiphong to Manila and Hongkong.

The French asked other Chinese officers of American companies not to leave Haiphong.

A complete ban on the re-exportation of American goods and the presence of more than 10,000 Japanese troops in Haiphong were causing uneasiness over the safety of American goods in nearby warehouses.—United Press.

★Ten Nazi Planes Brought Down

(Continued from page 1)

German Bales Out

During the second of five daylight alarms which were sounded in the London area on Sunday, hundreds of persons watched the R.A.F. and *Luftwaffe* wheeling and darting in combat over a suburban district. One of the raiders crashed near a group of houses on London's outer fringe. The pilot jettisoned his bombs in an open space in order to improve his chance of landing safely. When one wing of his plane broke off, he successfully baled out and a minute later came tumbling to the ground.

Later in the day, several enemy planes were seen against the western sky, with R.A.F. pursuits diving furiously to attack. The raiders thereupon broke their formation and scattered in search of cover in the broken cloud banks above.

Despite the efficiency of the R.A.F. fighters, London did not escape unscathed yesterday. A time bomb exploded outside a large shop in the London area, damaging a number of neighbouring shops and a cinema in which one man and one woman were killed. Incendiary bombs razed a children's hospital in one of the home counties, near London, officials said last night, but none of the little patients was hurt. Other bombs fell near the nurses' quarters.

Fires Swiftly Put Out

The Nazi's night raid started slowly and somewhat later than usual. Several high explosive bombs crashed near working class homes in an outer district of London. Incendiary bombs followed, starting several fires, but all were extinguished quickly.

Single Nazi planes, breaking through the defences in the darkness, came over the city at regular intervals during the evening. They appeared to have flown due west from the sea. Early in the evening, a number of enemy planes crossed the east coast at great height, descended behind the cover of low-lying clouds and dumped huge loads of high explosive and incendiary bombs before fleeing back over the sea. A terrific barrage from anti-aircraft batteries sent a shower of bursting shells into their midst as they departed.

Raiders were reported during the evening over Liverpool and another town in north-west England. A lone raider dropped several bombs on a north-east coast town after nightfall, damaging many houses. The raid ended abruptly, however, the German streaking across the town with machine-gunning British fighters in hot pursuit.

Battle Above Clouds

Defence planes intercepted a strong German force over an East Anglia town, precipitating a tremendous fight above the clouds. One of the raiders, apparently hit, jettisoned seven bombs which fell on open country. Three twin-engined planes swooped so low over the town that one had to swerve from its course in order to avoid striking the flag staff of a church.

A policeman was killed and several persons were injured when a time bomb exploded following a raid on the town earlier in the evening. The raiders had strafed buses on the highway and one low-flying plane attacked a group of houses. The occupants of the houses, including a woman 82 years old, had remarkable escapes as bullets spattered around them. Another East Anglian town also was strafed but suffered no casualties.

The raid on London in the hours before midnight was unaccountably light, considering the conditions, which were favourable for aerial operations. A couple of dozen bombings of scattered localities in the home counties of the London area were reported, but from 10 p.m. until midnight the capital was generally quiet. Gunfire was heard only occasionally and no fires were to be seen.—United Press.

Italians Participate

Rome, Oct. 28.

Italian aircraft are continuing daily participation in raids on England, the "Popolo di Roma," authoritative Rome newspaper, said yesterday.

"Since the first flight, Italian aircraft have taken a valorous part in day and night attacks on objectives in England and Scotland," said the newspaper.—United Press.

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Pressure on Japanese in Philippines Alleged

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

Japanese residents in the Philippines, particularly businessmen, are faced with growing official pressure Mr. Hanshiro Minematsu, a hemp dealer in Davao, told the press upon his arrival yesterday at Yokohama. The Philippine Government, Mr. Minematsu charged, "confiscated" the fishing rights of Japanese and further forbade them to renew business agreements with the Philippines. This, he said was creating a "critical situation for Japanese engaged in fishing."—Reuter.

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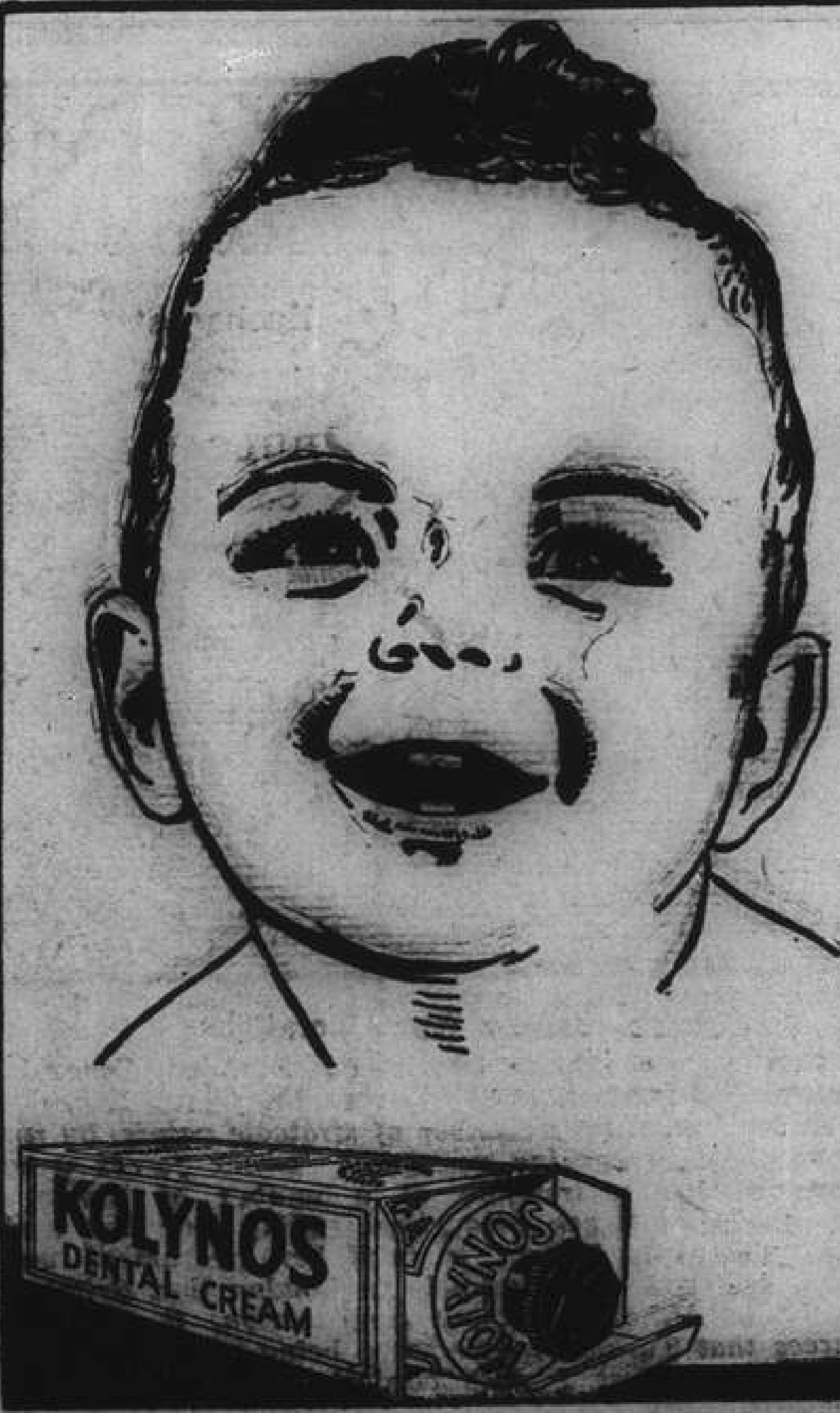

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the economical
DENTAL CREAM

Counsel Indicates Defence in Case

Mr. Reeks Reserves Cross-Examination of Witness to Save Time

The intimation that he might submit that there is no case for him to answer before the defence opens was made before the Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, in H.M. Police Court yesterday by Mr. H. A. Reeks, counsel for P. J. MacKellar, former travel department manager of the American Express Company alleged to have embezzled funds belonging to the company.

Only one witness was called at the adjourned preliminary examination of MacKellar yesterday. The witness, Mrs. J. E. Zentner, secretary to the treasurer of the Baptist Mission of the Associated Mission Treasurers, gave evidence regarding the booking of passage and method of payment. After her examination-in-chief by Mr. P. Watkin Williams prosecuting for the Municipal police, Mr. Reeks reserved cross-examination for the higher court if MacKellar should be committed for trial, observing that he might follow the same procedure with other witnesses to expedite the examination. Mr. Reeks indicated that at a later stage he would deal with the alleged confession of MacKellar, adding that if the court upheld his submission that evidence to this effect is inadmissible, that he would submit that there is no case for him to answer.

Secretary's Evidence

Mrs. Zentner told the court that she has occupied her present position for the past two years and at one time was unofficially in charge. Her duties, she explained, included the typing of letters which were almost invariably addressed to MacKellar regarding passages. Cheques were generally sent to MacKellar, she continued, adding that she had not got a number of receipts although she had asked MacKellar by phone for receipted debit notes and received various replies. On one occasion, she said, he stated that the accountant was ill, on another that he was very busy and will have them ready in a day or two. On a third occasion, she added, he told her that they were on his desk for signature.

Witness went on to say that she made repeated requests to MacKellar for the receipts relating to debit notes covering a two to three months' period. The case will be resumed tomorrow.

Chinese Told to Leave Yu Yuen Road Lane

"Murder" Alleyway to Be Widened Into Street

Although the Japanese have relaxed blockade restrictions in Yu Yuen and Jessfield Roads, which were enforced following the recent assassination of a Japanese gendarmerie corporal, residents in Chien Chia Hong, a lane in Yu Yuen Road where the corporal was shot dead, have now been ordered to make preparations for total evacuation so as to enable the military to tear down houses to make way for a widened street. The blockade has never been lifted in the lane area although barricades in other lanes and streets have been removed.

It is reported by the "National Herald" that on Sunday the Japanese posted orders in the lane requiring the residents in the area to form a "civilian police force" to prevent anti-Japanese elements from entering. An alarm bell should be provided in every residence and when "undesirables" are discovered a report should be at once made to the gendarmierie, the order is quoted as saying. The third point mentioned in the order is the total evacuation clause.

It is stated that in order to widen the street in Chien Chia Hong, residents there should prepare to evacuate, but it is made clear that the arrangement does not in any way aim a harassing the residents. It will be done to exterminate all anti-Japanese elements. Having been blockaded for several days, residents in the lane are making household removal preparations, it is stated.

Meanwhile, search and "citizen certificate" regulations are still being strictly carried out in Nantao.

Czechoslovak Concert In Aid of Charity

St. Tichon's Benefits as Result of Musical Evening

The charity concert given for the benefit of St. Tichon's Orphanage by the Czechoslovakian Association of Residents in China took place on the eve of the Anniversary of Independence on Saturday night.

The Hall of the Alliance Française was nicely decorated with green plants and flowers for the occasion and among those attending the concert were delegates of Embassies, Consulate Generals and delegates of different national associations.

A philharmonic orchestra of amateurs, under the direction of Mr. Terzi, gave a programme of music, including the overture "Fidelio" (Beethoven) which was executed perfectly.

Mr. Czako was admired for his great artistic qualities in the Prelude of Chopin. But the masterpiece of the evening was la "Marche Slave" of Tchaikovsky, directed with a firm hand and which was greatly applauded.

The duos of four hand piano pieces, played by the well known artists Messrs Sclépianoff and Declety once again delighted the audiense.

Madame Labunska, prima donna from Moscow, charmed the public with Russian songs, in particular when she appeared dressed up in the magnificient costume worn by "boiards."

This musical evening was a success and the Committee is considering another musical concert in December for the benefit of an orphanage.

Judgment Summons Adjourned

Adjournment till November 14, was ordered by Judge Sir Allen G. Mossop in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday to a judgment summons brought by Sarton Singh against Kehan Singh, Sikh watchman.

SAVE FOR VICTORY

The work of the Shanghai War Savings Association is going on steadily, but as previously pointed out more contributors are required, and there is no reason why these should not be obtained. The number at date is very far short of what it should be, and the Association feels sure that there must be many more who, while not being able to give, may be able to lend. If you have not yet joined, do so today, and thereby help towards victory.

All monies received by the Association are remitted at the end of each month to London to be invested in 2½ per cent. National War Bonds. The following sums have been remitted since the Association commenced to function at the end of June:

	Amount	*Contributors*
July 27	£7,900	456
Aug. 28	4,350	703
Sept. 27	3,400	815
Oct. 28	7,000	874
	£22,650	

As victory comes nearer, more and more funds are required by the British Government to back up its fighting forces, so it is up to us to help towards victory by lending to the Government as much as we possibly can.

JOIN TO-DAY!

IT ALL DEPENDS ON US!

Rice Shortage in Upcountry Area

Some Producing Districts Forced to Import Cereal From Saigon

Difficult circumstances surrounding the negotiations being conducted by officials of the Shanghai Municipal Council and Japanese authorities here for transporting more native rice to this city may be gauged by the fact that new Chinese officials in the occupied rice-producing districts themselves are tackling the high price problem and co-operating with the Japanese in trying to lay an embargo on the grain to the advantage of their own districts. At least one district in Anhwei has been and is buying Saigon rice froom Shanghai.

This is revealed by the Pengpu correspondent of the "Central China Daily News," organ of the new régime, who makes a detailed report about a recent meeting of the Anhwei Foodstuff Readjustment Committee at which officials of the "special section" were also present. The chairman of the meeting is quoted as saying that high prices of foodstuffs in his province are causing anxiety among the populace and officials and that he hopes that "guests" from a "friendly country" attending the meeting will co-operate with him in settling the problem.

It is also revealed in his speech that official inspectors have recently been sent out to investigate the wheat situation, as the grain has been sold at the record price of more than $70 per picul in Pengpu. Hoarding is alleged and it is important to note also that it is complained that merchants from North China have bought "too much" wheat, causing a shortage in the district although wheat supply has not been diminishing. Wheat in Anhwei has been sent to Tsinan, Tsingtao and Tientsin, but it is explained that merchants in those cases try to make a profit by the favourable exchange rate between the Chinese dollar and the "Federal Notes."

Comparison With Shanghai

It is interesting to note also that the chairman is said to have compared the rice situation in Pengpu with that existing in Shanghai, explaining that the ever-increasing prices of foodstuffs in the province are affecting the financial market also. A house-to-house search of hoarders is suggested and the "special section" is asked to forbid rice to be sent to outports.

The most startling revelation is in the second paragraph of the long report in which it is said that the price of even second grade native rice has surpassed the $100 mark. A dollar can buy only one catty and a few ounces of flour. It is disclosed that Anhwei authorities have recently ordered 3,000 bags of Saigon rice from Shanghai and that only 724 bags have arrived. Negotiations are continuing for the transport of the remaining bags of rice badly needed in Shanghai itself to Pengpu. The negotiator has been asked to approach officials of the "special section" for help in this respect.

Chinese Court Clerk's Disappearance

No Report Made to French Municipal Police

The reported disappearance of Dung Kuh-yu, Chief Clerk of the Third Branch of the Kiangsu High Court in Route Stanislas Chevalier, deepened in mystery yesterday as an official of the French Municipal Police stated that, contrary to reports published in the local Chinese newspapers, the police were not informed either of the disappearance or of the presence in his house of four men, suspected to have been there with the sole purpose of carrying Dung off.

"Chinese-American Daily News" stated yesterday morning that Dung had been missing since October 24, leaving his home when he learned that a certain party was out to abduct him.

The Chinese daily went on to say that at 2 p.m. on October 24, four persons visited his home at 103/4 Route Stanislas Chevalier, stating that they wanted to see Dung on some important affairs. The Chinese Court clerk, however, was out and two of the visitors left immediately, while the other two remained there till 8 p.m. It was also reported that the family reported the occurrence to the French Central Station in Route Stanislas Chevalier.

Questioned on the case, a French Police official stated that no reports had been given them by the family of the missing man.

Torpedoed Children Remain Quite Cheerful

A mercy ship carrying 321 British children to Canada was torpedoed by the Nazis, but not one of the children was hurt. The pictures show some of them as they landed at a West Coast port after their ordeal.

Dvorak's Concerto At Sunday Concert

Winkler's Instrument and Artistry Meet All Demand; Orchestral Excellence

It was a courageous act on the part of Eugen Winkler to give us the Dvorak Cello Concerto at Sunday's Municipal Orchestra concert. It is a work seldom performed mainly on account of the virtuosity demanded of the solo instrument, but a word that amply repays, in that it is very "easy to listen to." Dvorak is a master of melody and bending rhythms. Mr. Winkler is well able to make his 'cello sing in the lovely melodies that are an important part of the materia of this concerto. The technical passages, however, did not carry nearly so well, especially in the higher register where the soloist, either because of weak tone, or bad acoustics in the Lyceum Theatre—or both—was not always audible.

There was, however, much to enjoy in this performance—the vigorous opening in the long orchestral introduction, the lovely development, bringing in most of the material on which the Allegro is based and finally the cellist's most sympathetic treatment of the various themes; the song-melody in the last movement with its tranquil ending being very typically Dvorak. Except for a slight feeling of hurrying the soloist in the finale, Professor Foa, who conducted the orchestra, accompanied finely.

Incongruous as Symphony

The rest of the programme gave proof of this conductor's increased vigour and mastery, which was fully brought out in Tchaikowsky's 4th Symphony. From the composer's letter to Mme von Meck, part of which was included in the analytical notes, it would seem that Tchaikowsky intended this work to be a serious programme piece and as such it is somewhat incongruous in symphonic form, particularly the Scherzo which is really without any musical form.

This is borne out by the fact that I seem to remember having heard it given here as an isolated item in past concert programmes. The first movement has the strangest contrasts, while the "Fate" theme is strong and menacing, the clarinet solo and "dream" suggestion which follow are weak and unconvincing.

The orchestra played very well—the first movement seemed a shade faster than is usual: the canzona produced some of the best playing and the strings were rather lovely. (Can there not always be five cellos? One hopes so, since that has been the number in two out of three concerts). Though not always perfectly in hand, the orchestra gave the final "folk holiday" movement all the necessary movement and vigour, which was maintained up to the last beat of the baton.—K.

French Embassy to Move Back to Peiping

The offices and staff of the French Embassy will shortly be transferred to Peiping, where they will resume their work. The Embassy is at present in Shanghai, at 2 Rue du Consulat, where it was moved in 1935 from the Peiping Legation quarter. Officials of the Embassy could give no definite date for the removal, but it is understood that it will be made as soon as arrangements are completed.

Chungking Officials Said Off to U.S.

Hongkong, Oct. 28.

Mr. T. L. Soong, brother of Mr. T. V. Soong, financial expert, and Mr. Yih Chur-tong, director-general of the Bureau of Central Trust of China, left Hongkong for Manila Saturday on their way to the United States, according to information received from well-informed quarters here today. Mr. Mao Pang-shih, Vice-Director of the Aviation Bureau of the Chungking regime, will also leave Hongkong for the United States soon, it was believed.—Domei.

Proposed Evacuee Directory

To Help Trace American Evacuees from Far East: Public Co-operation Asked

With the object of facilitating the location of American evacuees from the Far East and to leave nothing to chance, arrangements are being made by several prominent Americans to compile a directory containing a register of names of all Americans residing in the Far East and also all former residents.

According to an advertisement which appears elsewhere the sponsors of the directory styling themselves the "China Residents (U.S.A.) Register" whose address is given as P.O. Box 250, Shanghai, a permanent address will be arranged for this service in America who will send individual notices to all persons who have registered in the Far East.

A feature of the service which will be maintained by the register is the free consultation department where at no cost whatever, one may enquire about relatives in America or Americans resident in the Far East. It was pointed out that thousands of Americans would be leaving this country before long whose future residential addresses in America might be vital to friends and relatives here. The co-operation of all Americans is sought in order that the project might be a success.

The announcement is accompanied by a form for the applicant to fill in his or her name and address—either permanent or temporary.

Meanwhile evacuation plans for Americans in this country are proceeding apace. The American Consulate-general has advised all American women and children here and non-essential Americans to leave China at the first possible opportunity. Following this advice approximately 4,000 Americans in China have registered their names with local steamship companies for passage. Three American vessels, the ss. Monterey, ss. Mariposa and ss. Washington are being sent out to the Far East to repatriate American nationals.

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Mingsang Searched by Japanese Destroyer

Examination of Chinese Passengers Refused

The ss. Mingsang, which arrived in Shanghai on Sunday, was delayed and searched by a Japanese destroyer when on her way here from Hongkong. This is one of a series of searchings conducted by Japanese war vessels, and seems to be a routine procedure. The ship was delayed for about two hours while a party of Japanese seamen came on board with drawn pistols and disabled the ship's wireless.

The officer in charge of the boarding party demanded that he be allowed to question all the Chinese passengers, but the Mingsang's captain refused this, and asked that only routine procedure be followed. One or two cabins were searched by the Japanese, apparently aimlessly, and there was a dispute between the ship's officers and the Japanese on some other points. The party finally left the ship after about two hours.

Inquest Opened by H. M. Coroner

An inquest on the body of Indar Singh, Sikh constable 191 of the Municipal Police, who died on Sunday, was opened by Mr. C. H. Haines, H.M. Coroner, at the Police Hospital in Ward Road.

Evidence of identification was furnished by Surain Singh, Sikh Havildar 478 of the Municipal Police and father of deceased, who he said was 21 years of age when he died. The proceedings were adjourned till 2.15 on Tuesday next in H.M. Police Court.

Special Committee Denied to Jews

Permission to Separate From Russian Emigrants' Committee Refused

It was learned yesterday that local Russian Jews had applied to the temporary head of the Chinese municipality for permission to establish a separate committee under the City Government of Greater Shanghai, but that the application was turned down by the Japanese military authorities.

The move was undertaken by several Russian Jews several days ago, but received a rebuff when Mr. M. Bloch, a member of the Jewish community, called at the Civic Centre four days ago.

The Russian Jews, of whom there are about 6,000 in this city, have been under the Russian Emigrants' Committee since the Russian Revolution and for many years were assisted in their affairs by the late Mr. Charles E. Metzler, who was foully murdered in August. In 1937, the Jewish Communal Association was granted registration charter by the Nanking Government, although they still had to obtain their passports and other documents through the Russian Emigrants' Committee. The same procedure remained in force after the late Mayor Fu Siao-en's advent.

Majority Ignorant of Application

Although large in number, the local Jews made no move to separate from the Russian Emigrants' Committee, and the present application to the Chinese auhorities was not known to the majority of the Jewish Community.

Mr. N. A. Ivanow, head of the Russian Community here, stated that he knew of the application, but failed to see the reason for it, it was reported yesterday. Different opinions were expressed by local Russian Jews on learning of the move, some saying that it had been ill-timed, adding that the application should have been handed before, when everything was better.

Others opined that, although the application for a separate committee would be welcomed by all the local Russian Jews, the "leaders" who took upon themselves to bring about its materialization, should have made sure of their ground before putting their idea to life.

3rd Anniversary Marked By "Lone Battalion"

Marking the third anniversary of its withdrawal into the Settlement, the Lone Battalion celebrated the occasion by holding a sports meeting at the Kiaochow Road Internment Camp when more than 100 persons, mostly representatives of educational and athletic organizations, witnessed the impressive show.

The cereminy was held at 10 a.m. on Saturday, starting with a flag-raising. Members of the Battalion then sang a patriotic song. In the evening, a film, entitled "Brave Soul on the Battlefield" was shown to the internees.

According to a report appearing in the "Sin Wan Pao" General Hsieh delivered a short speech at the beginning of the ceremony in which he praised physical culture, stating that it was one of the best stimulants of moral. He ended by saying that he cherished hope to see his country rejuvenated by men strong both morally and physically.

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Small-pox Passes to Be Shown in Hongkew

Scores Forced Off Buses To Be Vaccinated

Hundreds of people, both foreign and native, were forced out of the buses yesterday to be vaccinated against small-pox by the Japanese authorities in a vast campaign conducted by them in the north of the Soochow Creek area since yesterday.

Several vaccination posts have been established in the Hongkew district, with all the bridges leading over the Soochow Creek having special sheds erected for the purpose.

Many foreigners were unfortunate to be without a vaccination certificate when buses were stopped at the Fearon Road bridge in East Broadway and were promptly ordered off the bus and directed to the vaccination post at the corner of East Broadway and Dixwell Road, where scores of people were awaiting their turn. A certificate was issued after the vaccination had been done.

Many paid up to the Astor House only to be forced out and made to walk the rest of the way unless they chose to pay their fare again. The vaccinators, however, were very polite and did their work efficiently and fast.

Four Alleged Thieves in $15,000 Crime

Four suspected thieves were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on writs of detention in connection with the theft of about $15,000 worth of piece goods from a godown in Yaochow Road. After questioning the accused briefly Judge Fu adjourned the case for one week.

The cloth was stolen early last Saturday morning by armed bandits. The loot was part of 24 big bags of piece goods stored in a Chinese abattoir at 52 Yaochow Road which was recently transformed into a godown by the owner of the cargo, Tang Ka-su, manager of a transportation firm located in Room 104 Cheng Hwa Hotel, Foochow Road. Most of the accused were formerly connected with the abattoir. They were arrested by the Kashing Road police.

Rear-Admiral Seiji Takeda, Commander of the Japanese Special Naval Landing Party, inspected more than 500 Japanese youths who had passed conscription examinations here on Sunday. The inspection took place in the grounds of the Central China Liaison Office of the East Asia Development Board, on Kiangwan Road.

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Japan Sacrificing Canaries for Gold

Yokohama, Oct. 28.

Newest item to be "mobilized" in the campaign to acquire foreign exchange are 1,500 canaries which will sail for San Francisco Tuesday on the Tatsuta Maru. Japanese bird-dealers have collected the songsters from Europe and particularly from Germany, it was learned here. The canaries, sailing via Transpacific liner, were expected to be tagged at an average price of U.S. $1 apiece, and were being sent now with a view to the approaching Christmas trade.—Domei.

Pork Prices Expected To Decline

Shanghai residents who have suffered from the high price of pork during the past few days may be relieved to learn that the price will drop soon as a consignment of 2,000 live pigs has just arrived in the city. The pigs have been unloaded at the Wayside Wharf and transported to the "Shanghai Live Stock Market" in Hongkew.

For the past few days, house wives have been complaining against the high price of pork. Prices have been quoted between $2 and $3 per catty. These record prices cannot be paid by the average resident. The "Shun Pao" attributes the high price to the control of the business by the new market operating in Hongkew. The price has been increased this time because of a sudden and temporary shortage forcing many pork dealers to suspend business.

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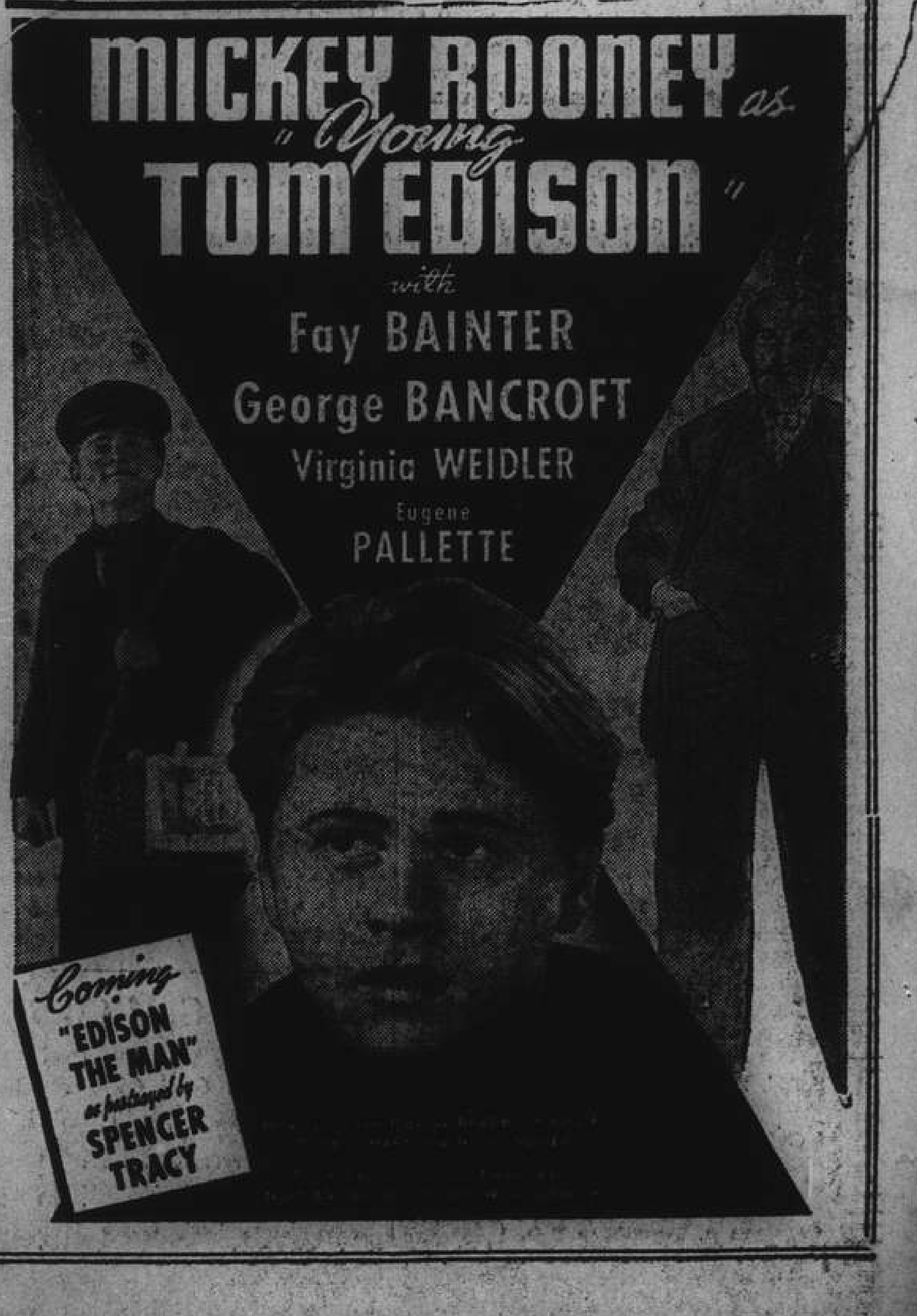

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Ladies' Duck Pin Leagues

First Halves Completed Yesterday as "Y" Women And American Club Defeat Columbia Club Teams

THE first halves of the Ladies' Duck Pin Leagues, "A" and "B" divisions, were completed yesterday when the "Y" Women's Sporting Section and the American Club defeated the Columbia Country Club teams by the odd game in each instance. The "B" division players, however, took high honours on the day's performances.

In swamping the American Club Deuces on their own alleys the Columbian Whites almost touched the 1,600-mark set by the Marines last week in the Men's Senior League. The upset of the day was the smirching of the "Y" Boots hitherto unsullied record by their closest rivals, the Race Club, on the odd game, thus levelling the standings between the two.

In the "A" Division the "Y" W.S.S. had to thank their anchor, Mrs. Collaco, who skittled the pins for singles of 104 and 113 in the opening games to seal the issue.

By keeping an average of close to 91 the American Club Aces managed to stave off defeat in the final game with the C.C.C. Reds, who were only able to return a mediocre 85. By packing a couple of century singles in the opening game the visitors were able to nose out their hosts by three points.

Keen tussles are on the "tap" in both leagues. The "Y" W.S.S. have had the advantage of playing on their own alleys in the first half of the league with the "Aces" on the visiting end and only a game separating the two leaders.

In the Junior league the final result is a toss-up with the American Club Deuces holding down the cellar berth without a single game to their credit.

"A" Division

C.C.C. Reds (1): A.C. Aces (2)

C.C.C. Reds				
Mrs. Kops	92	90	88	270
Mrs. F. Nance	85	87	90	262
Mrs. Huebner	87	91	96	274
Mrs. Dalton	102	93	81	276
Mrs. Gray	90	93	72	255
	456	454	427	1,337

A.C. Aces				
Mrs. Evans	102	91	98	291
Mrs. McClellan	78	90	99	267
Mrs. Kwok	97	84	81	262
Mrs. Jensen	103	85	78	266
Mrs. D. Nance	79	92	98	269
	459	442	454	1,355

"Y" W.S.S. (2): C.C.C. Blues (1)

"Y" W.S.S.				
Mrs. Zee	95	87	83	265
Mrs. Rice	89	92	83	264
Mrs. Swan	74	76	80	230
Mrs. Uhlinger	88	90	89	267
Mrs. Collaco	104	113	95	312
	450	458	335	1,243

C.C.C. Blues				
Mrs. Hale	80	80	73	233
Mrs. Bourne	84	94	92	270
Mrs. Frondorf	76	82	88	246
Mrs. Geibell	102	84	99	285
Mrs. McDonnell	101	96	97	294
	443	436	352	1,231

"B" Division Games

The C.C.C. Whites were in wonderful form in their league encounter with the American Club Deuces. Miss Jackson started the ball rolling in the first game with a single of 104 which together with Miss Ball's 117 chalked up the first win. In the second, Miss Ball set a high mark of 122, tipping the scales for their second game. Miss Ohinberger brought about the shutout victory with a single of 112.

Playing at home the Race Club nosed out the "Y" Boots to force a tie in the standings. What proved the downfall of the visitors was the bunching of the singles in the clinches when they were sorely needed.

The scores follow:—

Results of Play

A.C. Deuces (0): C.C.C. Whites (3)

A.C. Deuces				
Miss Donaldson	77	87	66	230
Mrs. Quinn	75	98	67	240
Miss Jenszen	89	74	96	259
Mrs. Perry	91	103	80	274
Mrs. Shean	75	91	76	242
	407	453	385	1,245

C.C.C. Whites				
Miss Jackson	104	91	76	271
Miss Ohinberger	81	76	112	269
Miss Brewer	85	95	86	266
Miss Ball	117	122	78	317
Miss Picozzi	85	78	90	253
	472	462	442	1,376

Race Club (2); "Y" Boots (1)

Race Club				
Miss Prince	83	91	109	283
Mrs. Mills	77	73	94	244
Miss Wilson	102	100	88	290
Mrs. Prince	90	85	89	264
Mrs. Pote-Hunt	93	102	83	278
	445	451	463	1,359

"Y" Boots				
Miss Baptista	81	83	100	264
Mrs. Richardson	70	78	74	222
Mrs. Bojesen	83	85	92	260
Miss Bugaseff	85	81	95	261
Miss Brewer	85	95	86	266
	408	441	464	1,305

Full Programme of Soccer Games

Divisions About Equally Represented at Week-end; Four Senior Fixtures

The S.F.A. have arranged another full programme of soccer for the coming week-end with all Divisions about equally represented. There are four senior fixtures in the leading class with the meeting between the S.F.X. and Lusitano taking the spotlight at the Racecourse on Sunday; the other game in this division for this day will see the P.T.H. tangling with Tung-Hwa at the Canidrome.

On Saturday the A.S.F. will meet the Jewish and it is on the cards that they may manage to walk off with the spoils for the first time this season for the other argument people will see the surprise makers, the Police, clashing with the Recs.

On Saturday the game that was to have been played between the British Navy and the 4th "B" two weeks ago will be played; it will be interesting to watch this as it is understood that the 4th "B" have a few men that seem to know something of the game.

With the fighting spirit that the Police have shown this year it would not be surprising to see them take the Recs for a ride. In any case it will be an interesting tilt to watch as these teams are old rivals and during an argument that was heard on the Racecourse last week-end it appears as though it will be an interesting game.

There will without doubt be another large crowd at the Canidrome on Sunday morning as both teams have quite a large following of keen fans but there is not much doubt about who will take the measure of the other, at least on paper it appears that Tung-Hwa is a certainty but at soccer nothing is sure, so who knows? The School may surprise.

Now that Lusitano is getting into their stride it will be hard at present to say what the outcome of their tilt with S.F.X. might be. Both teams are playing almost the same brand of football and both almost as fast as each other, one can be sure of a good fast match.

As regards the other encounter between the Legion and the Jewish—neither team have yet won a game this season so both will be fighting to keep away from the cellar, and on the display of the Jewish last week-end, it appears that the A.S.F. have the better chance.

Draw for Competitions

Some more interesting information that the Association have released this week is the draw for various competitions. In the International there will be three good games with France being the lucky team with a bye. The Skottowe cup has four teams that drew the lucky numbers and received byes, the J.R.C., P.T.H., 3 Cultures and S.F.X.

In the Reserve Cup there are none but there does seem to be the making of some fine games with all the talent pretty well evenly matched. For the Tszling Cup one finds three lucky ones, the Russ. A. A. the Russ. Regt and Union. In the Junior cup there are only three games in the first round, all other teams getting byes.

Going back to the International it would appear that The World would have as good a chance as any. If one looks around there are quite a few players that would be able to turn out quite a strong aggregation, and on paper it would appear that they will probably reach the final in company with the Chinese.

With the departure of the British Troops from Shanghai the English team will find a hard nut to crack in the Chinese eleven—still it can be done for the bigger they come the harder they fall.

Palestine has a large number to pick from and there is no doubt that they should be able to put out a formidable squad, and it is quite likely that they will take the measure of Russia.

According to the little blue book the International is not due to get underway until December 14 and 15 and a lot can happen before then. On the other hand the Skottowe Cup starts off next month, November 23 and 24, and the different clubs will no doubt be putting their thinking caps on.

Week-end Fixtures

The following is a complete week-end programme:—

Saturday

1st Division

A.S.F. v. J.R.C. Canidrome 2-30 p.m.
S.M.P. v. S.R.C. R.G. 2

Reserve Division

J.R.C. v. Lusitano R.G. 1
Tung-Hwa v. A.S.F. Kiaochow

2nd Division

British Navy v. 4th "A" R.G. 5

3rd Division

Aurora v. 4th "B" Aurora 3 p.m.
Xaverians v. Hotspurs S.R.C.

Sunday

1st Division

P.T.H. v. Tung-Hwa Canidrome 10-30 a.m.
S.F.X. v. Lusitano R.G. 2

2nd Division

3 Cultures v. [illegible] Kiaochow 10 a.m.

3rd Division

[illegible] v. C.L. R.G. 3
[illegible] v. Y.T.T. Kiaochow 3 p.m.
Oarsmen v. Tung-Wen R.G. 1
J.A.C. v. Wha Lien Kiaochow 3.20 p.m.

Rowing Course Inaugurated

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

"Orphan" of the cancelled Twelfth Olympiad which was scheduled to have been held here this year, the world's most elaborate rowing course was inaugurated yesterday.

Costing Y.3,000,000, the course is 2,400 metres long, 70 metres wide, and 2.50 metres deep. Ideal rowing conditions were obtained as the course was completely isolated from the flow of the Arakawa river.

Half the work of building the course was done by convicts from the Saitama penitentiary.—Domei.

Table Tennis League

The sports section of Brit Trumpeldor, (Betar) is holding an invitation Table Tennis league, which is open to all foreign teams. Conditions in participation in the league is as follows:

The teams are to include four men.

The competition will be run on an all round robin basis, each team having to play every other team.

Applications can be obtained from the president, Mr. B. Feller 2483 King Albert Apts. (by post), or from Brit 39. Moulmein Road (during evening hours in person).

The applications must be sent in before November 11, 1940.

Entrance fee will be $5 per team.

Trophies will be presented to the first three teams.

Shanghai Golf Club

The October Monthly Cup 1940 of the Shanghai Golf Club results follows:—

"A" Class

S. S. Duff	86	9—77
F. Cowherd	87	9—78
A. J. Clark	89	10—79

"B" Class

D. A. MacFarlane	97	19—78

Cincinnati Scores First Hit of Series

M. McCormick, speedy centre-fielder for the World Champion Cincinnati Reds, scored the first hit in the first inning of the first game of the crucial series, a double over York's head. He is pictured sliding into second base, preferring to do this than to stop short while upright. Detroit won the game, but the Reds won the seventh and last encounter.

Season's Last Yacht Race

Won by Valerie, Sailed by H. M. Mann; Viking Runs Ashore; Summary of Performances

"A" CLASS yachtsmen forgathered at Woosung on Saturday evening, preparatory to sailing the last race of the season on Sunday morning which was the 6th ordinary race. The race from the Slipway on Saturday afternoon was owing to a variety of reasons cancelled, but there were five starters for the race on Sunday, which was up the Yangtze round the Southeast Spit Buoy to port and back again to the Pipe Line.

A fresh breeze was blowing from the southeast which allowed yachts to get out of the Whangpoo against the flood without difficulty. It was a gybe round the breakwater and Valerie nipped round it first and was away like a streak of lightning and chose the inside berth, whereas Ingomar favoured the middle of the river to get the benefit of the tide.

Mignon which had a bad start owing to the 5-minute flag beating the stop watch soon overhauled the fleet in the reach out of the Whangpoo and was lying third shortly after getting into the Yangtze where she followed in Ingomar's wake. It was a run up to the Buoy which took about two hours. Whoopee crammed on all the canvas she could carry topsails, spinnakers and Genoas and what have you and looked a grand sight, but could not overtake Mignon.

Valerie maintained her lead through out the race and with her beautifully set parachute spinnaker ran up to the mark in record time, while Viking who had bent on her old mainsail lagged behind a bit. Once round the buoy, it was a dead beat for home. The two "untouchables." Valerie and Ingomar, kept close together and followed each others every movement like a couple of ducks.

At one time it looked as if Whoopee was going to overhaul Mignon as she was pointing much better in the beat back. Then the wind freshened and Whoopee had to send a hand aloft to take off her topsail and Mignon drew ahead again, later she grounded on the Paoshan shore and had a little trouble with her centre board but soon got off.

Viking Ashore for 30 Minutes

Viking was not so fortunate, being a keel boat she ran ashore almost at exactly the same spot and got stuck there for over half on hour until the wind freshened considerably and drew her off with her sheets sheeted hard in. The tide had now begun to ebb strongly and with the wind dead against it a nasty lop was set up specially off Paoshan Point. The wind was by this time really strong enough for a reef, but there was no chance to take one in without jeopardizing ones chances in the race. Heavy seas were encountered off the breakwater and all yachts were glad to run for shelter in the Whangpoo, where competitors forgathered on the hospitable decks of Dr. Parsons houseboat E. Loong.

The following are the details:

	h'cap	time	place
Valerie (H. M. Mann)		3.46.00	11¼
Ingomar (J. Hart)	0.01.56	3.51.13	10
Mignon (J. Dalton)	0.12.53	4.04.09	9
Whoopee (W. R. McBain)	0.11.31	4.24.59	8
*Viking (W. D. Neil)	0.15.06	4.46.54	7

*Viking ran ashore for half an hour.

Summary of Season

As this is the end of the racing season it will be interesting to give a summary of each yachts performance.

Mr. J. Hart's Ingomar has the distinction of sailing and completing every race of the season. Out of 24 races she has been placed 21 times. Winning 9 races and being second in 8 and third in 4. She wins the championship with 147¾ points against Valeries 144¾ points. She also wins the Challenge Cup with 31½ points to Mignons 29¼. She has won 3 Astrea Series with a possible score in each and is runner-up for the ordinary races.

Sir Victor Sassoon's Valere sailed by her owner during the first half of the season and by Dr. Parsons and the Commodore latterly has also been a consistent competitor and has done very well this year. She wins The Vice-Commodore's Cup. The Harder Trophy. 2 Astrea Series and is leading yacht in the ordinary races having won 4 out of 6 and is runner-up for the championship.

Mr. J. Dalton's Mignon started the season very well by winning the commodore's Cup, The Fair Cup, the 1st leg of the Challenge Cup an Astrea Series and one ordinary race. Then the sailing committee got busy on her handicap and a collision with a Japanese vessel in which she was dismasted completed the job and she has not been the same since. In consequence the "untouchables" have had it all their own way in the second half of the season.

Seagull, sailed by Mr. R. L. Evans, proved a good sea boat in heavy weather, but it wanted half a gale to drive her ponderous bulk through the water. Her appearances have been somewhat spasmodic and now that her sailing master has left Shanghai she is laid up.

Mr. W. D. Neil's Viking, sailed by N. J. Stabb, was not sailing well at the beginning of the season owing to a twisted keel. She was then given a thorough overhaul and was laid up for some weeks. She has been sailing much better since but is still no match for Mignon her nearest rival.

Occasionally in Competition

Dr. Blakelock's Ella broke her mast quite early in the season she was then rerigged with reduced sail area and has not done any serious racing since being used more as a family boat.

Valkyra and Rover have been sailed by a combine, have only raced occasionally preferring bathing and picknicking parties.

Mr. Woodfield's Goo Goo has only been seen out once this season when she sailed in sheltered waters in the Vice-Commodore's Cup.

Mr. W. R. McBain's Whoopee. Great things were expected of this fine yacht when she was taken over by her new owner and given a thorough overhaul after being laid up since 1937. She has, however, only completed one race—this at the last of the season, when she was well sailed. She only wants to be trimmed properly and a few minor adjustments to be a serious competitor to Mignon her nearest counterpart.

The Carl Seitz Trophy has gone out of "A" Class to be won by the Commodores cruiser Undine in a very handsome manner.

The closing cruise will be held on Sunday November 17, when the prizes will be distributed on board the Admiral Jellicoe.

A.D.C. presents
"TONY DRAWS A HORSE"
A Light Comedy in Three Acts
By LESLEY STORM
Oct. 30 & 31 Nov. 1 & 2 at 9.15 p.m.
LYCEUM THEATRE
50% of proceeds to the Central British War Fund
Booking at Moutrie's and at the Theatre.

U.S. Marine Basketball League Play

"H" Company Leading, But Possible Change Tonight

Another week of play in the Colonel Cates Basketball League at the Navy Y.M.C.A. gymnasium, sees the "H" Company in undisputed control of first place. The past week, meanwhile, proved disastrous to the strong "E" Company line-up, who lost two straight games and were thus ousted from the two-way tie for leadership. They have been pushed down into third place, into a three-way deadlock with the Motor Transport Company and "A" Company.

Two Headquarters teams, the 4th and 2nd, are deadlocked for second place. Despite their unbeaten record, the "H" Company, is seriously threatened by these teams. Due to the narrow margins separating the teams in the standings it is possible that radical changes will result from tonight's three-game session of play.

At 5.30 p.m., Service Company meets "F" Company in an unimportant encounter, while at 6.15 p.m., "H" Company will defend its leadership from Headquarters 4th. A decision on the final outcome of the League, incidentally, may be reached on basis of the issue of this game. In the final game Headquarters 2nd meets "A" Company at 7.30 p.m.

Company Standings

The protest standings follow:

"H" Company	4	4	0	1.000
Headquarters 4th	4	3	1	.750
Headquarters 2nd	4	3	1	.750
"E" Company	5	3	2	.600
Motor Transport	5	3	2	.600
"A" Company	5	3	2	.600
"B" Company	4	2	2	.500
Headquarters 1st	4	1	3	.250
Service Company	4	0	4	.000
"D" Company	5	0	5	.000

Men's Duck Pins Today's Schedule

"A" Division

Y.M.C.A. Woodchoppers v. C.C.C.
American Club v. "Y" Lumberjacks

"B" Division (Maple)

C.C.C. v. Y. Luckies
*U.S.M.C. Whites v. S.R.C. Strikes
U.S.M.C. Reds v. American Club

"B" Division (Pine)

Y. Flukes v. Marine Officers.
S.R.C. Spares v. U.S.M.C. Greens
American Club v. U.S.M.C. Blues

*Game starts at 6 p.m., all the other games will start at 9 p.m.

Thai Accuses French of Violating Treaty

Trenches, Barbed Wire in "Demilitarized" Zone

Bangkok, Oct. 28.

Mr. Nai Phirot Japanao, assistant director of the Publicity Bureau, told foreign newspapermen today that on a recent trip along the Mekong River he saw French trenches and barbed wire entanglements within the demilitarized zone on the French Indo-China side of the Mekong.

He said that this violated a Franco-Thailand treaty establishing a 25-kilometre demilitarized zone on both sides of the Mekong River.

Thailand Awaits Answer

The next move in relations between Thailand and French Indo-China is up to the French, the Thailand Government said yesterday.

There have been no communications between the governments of Thailand and French Indo-China since the last rejection of Thailand's territorial demands by Indo-China, the Government announced in a communique.

There has been no communication sent to French Indo-China "because the Government considers it the duty of the French themselves to examine Thailand's request in a sympathetic spirit and to give justice to Thailand in this respect," said the communique.—United Press.

Japanese Armed Robber Shot

Thought to Be Korean at First; Wounded by C. P. Constable on Sunday

A Japanese, alleged to be one of the two participants in Sunday's armed robbery in a restaurant in 76 Bubbling Well Road when $500 in cash was stolen, was under police surveillance yesterday following his admission to a Japanese hospital in North Hongkew where he is being treated for gunshot wounds inflicted by the police.

The man who was at first thought to be a Korean and his accomplice were followed by an employee of the restaurant which they had robbed who pointed them out to a Chinese constable. The latter challenged them to stop which order went unheeded. The constable then fired several times at them and the Japanese sustained three gunshot wounds on the face and body. After his confederate had been lost sight of he escaped in a rickshaw after dropping his pistol which was picked up by the police later.

According to a Chinese report the Japanese who was in foreign attire and was wearing a grey coat proceeded to a Chinese hospital in North Honan Road to have his wounds attended to. He was on the verge of collapse when he was admitted owing to his bleeding.

The hospital management it was stated, was prevented by the patient at first from informing the police but subsequently reported the matter to a police station in the vicinity. The local Japanese Consular authorities it was stated, also were notified, and the patient subsequently was transferred to a Japanese hospital near the Hongkew Park.

Czechoslovakian Day Observed Here

Club Scene of Gaiety; Speeches and Songs

For nineteen months the little, but thriving country in Europe, Czechoslovakia was over-run by the Nazi hordes. The Munich Agreement was abrogated and the prosperous Slav republic came to an untimely end. The fate of the country however, failed to dim to any degree the patriotic fervour of Shanghai's scores of Czechs who freely gave vent to their feelings yesterday by celebrating the 22nd anniversary of the independence of their country in the traditional Czech way.

More than 300 local Czechs attended an informal party at the Czechoslovak Circle, 372 Rue Bourgeat, yesterday evening when speeches and songs of Czechoslovakia marked observances of the Czech national day. Major J. Stepan, hon. secretary of the Circle, was principal speaker of the evening. The songs rendered with the usual Slavonic intensity were to the accompaniment of music furnished by Czech musicians of which Shanghai boasts not a few.

Shaoshing Entered by Japanese Troops

Chinese Press Reports Fierce Street-fighting

Yesterday's Chinese evening papers admitted that a small number of Japanese troops had broken into Shaoshing, the wine district in Chekiang upon which Shanghai depends for the supply of many native goods but, that with Chinese reinforcements rushing up, the Japanese might be driven out soon.

The famous district was said to be enveloped in flames since Sunday night when Japanese troops fought their way into the district from the southeast. Chinese soldiers were reported to be counter-attacking fiercely. Street fighting was taking place but all Chungking organizations had been moved away.

The exact number of Japanese troops was not disclosed, but the evening edition of the "Sin Wan Pao" reported that more than 100 Japanese soldiers had actually entered the city. It was also admitted that Ouchiao, a district about ten miles from Shaoshing had also been occupied.

Shaoshing residents in Shanghai were shocked to learn the news yesterday and tried to obtain information regarding the fate of their district. On Sunday, they had been much concerned since several Shanghai banks refused to handle remittances destined for that area.

Ningpo suffered three air attacks on Sunday but the extent of damage could not be ascertained in Shanghai last night. Informed Chinese circles reported that besides bombs, leaflets and printed cartoons were dropped by Japanese planes. It was feared that other neighbouring districts might also have been bombed since the planes circled over them before reaching Ningpo.

Soviet Envoy to China Dined at Chungking

Chungking, Oct. 27.

Dr. Wang Chung-hui, the Foreign Minister, will offer a dinner here tonight in honour of the Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Alexander Panioushkine, and other high Soviet officials. Dr. Sun Fo, Chairman of the Legislative Yuan, is also to attend the function.—Havas.

Mexican Embargo On Japan Lifted

Pres. Cardenas Reported To Have Acted Following Japanese Protest

Mexico, City, Oct. 28.

President Lazaro Cardenas decided to lift the unofficial embargo on Japan yesterday because it "had threatened to upset state economy," government and diplomatic quarters reported here.

It was disclosed that President Cardenas had lifted the ban on the export of mercury destined for Japan which had been held up at Manzanillo since October 22 by a court order. Other contracts for additional mercury will be filled and the mineral will be sent to Japan soon, reliable sources reported.—Domei.

Embargo Unconfirmed

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

There is no official information confirming the reported Mexican oil embargo against Japan, the Foreign Office spokesman told foreign correspondents at a press conference today.

Asked whether the Japanese Government had protested to the Mexican Government over the latter's embargo of quicksilver and other commodities against Japan, the spokesman replied that the Japanese diplomatic representative at Mexico City must have taken action at once, but no report had reached Tokyo yet.—Reuter.

Mexico City, Oct. 28.

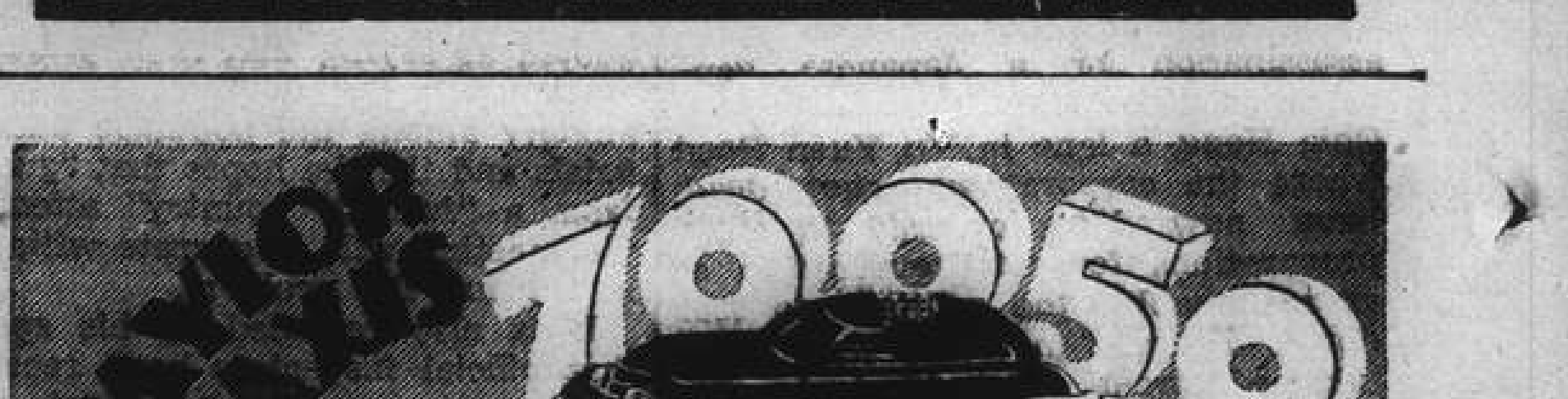
That the ban upon Mexican exports to Japan would be lifted soon was assured Tuesday by Mexican Government authorities when the Japanese Chargé d'Affaires lodged a strong protest with the Mexican Government over the prohibition measure.—Domei.

Wang, Abe Agreement Still "Draft Treaty"

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

The agreement negotiated between Mr. Wang Ching-wei, Acting President of the National Government of China, and General Nobuyuki Abe, Special Japanese Envoy, was still a "draft treaty." Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Gaimusho spokesman, told foreign correspondents today in declaring that the pact had not yet been signed formally.—Domei.

PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM) Today at
HAI-ALAI 7.30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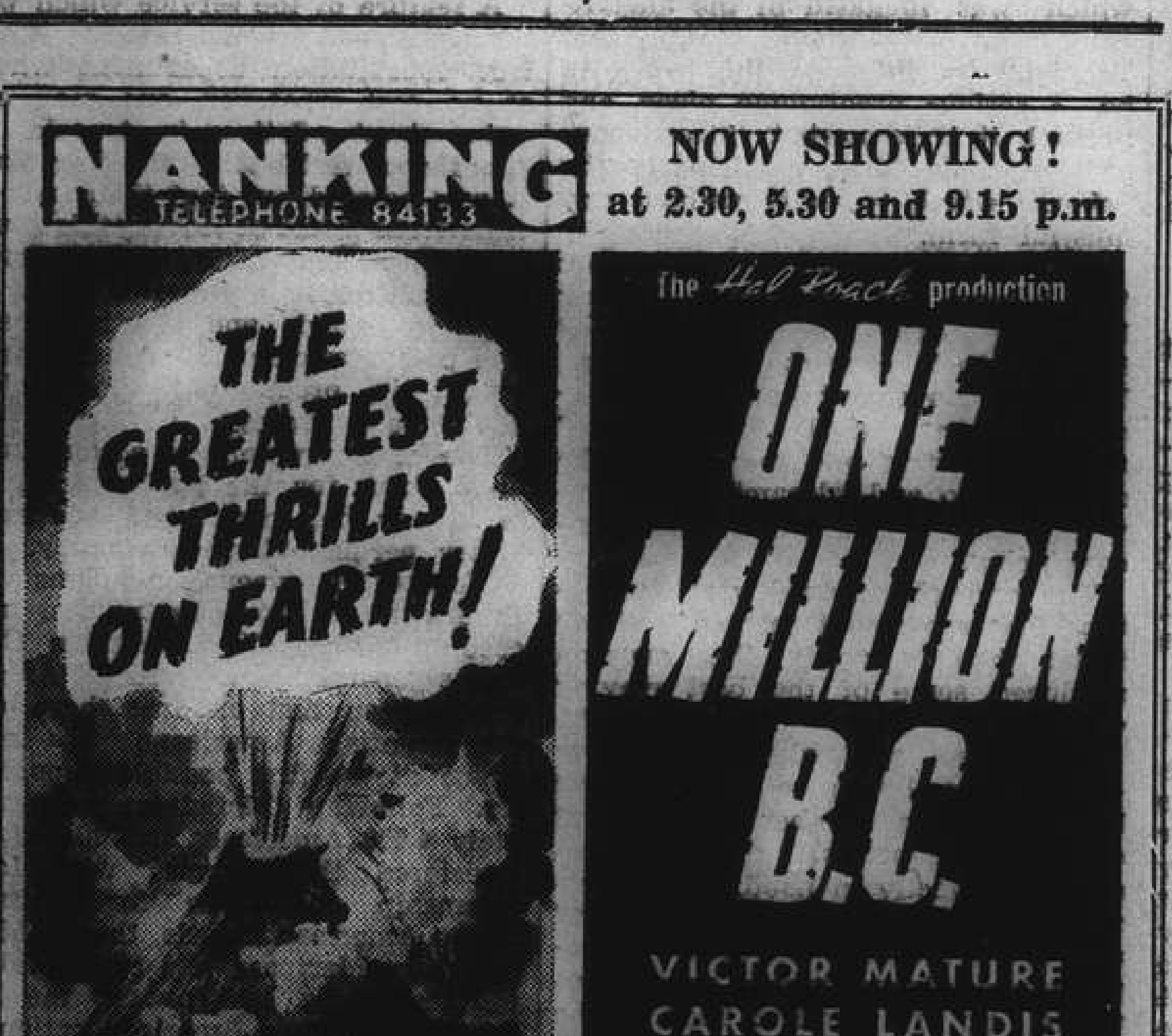
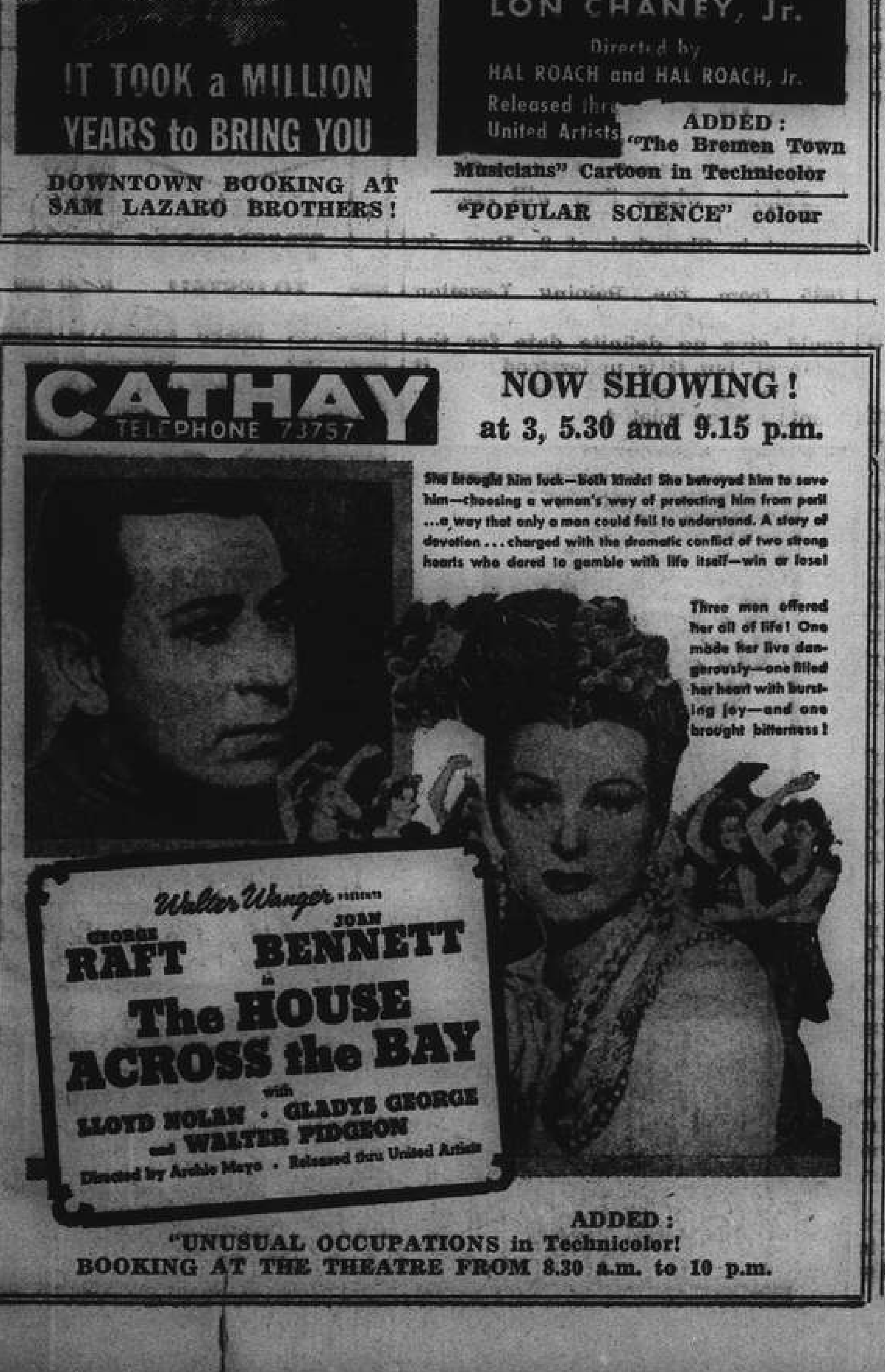

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE GREATEST THRILLS ON EARTH!
IT TOOK a MILLION YEARS to BRING YOU
The Hal Roach production ONE MILLION B.C.
VICTOR MATURE CAROLE LANDIS LON CHANEY, Jr.
Directed by HAL ROACH and HAL ROACH, Jr.
Released thru United Artists
ADDED: "The Bremen Town Musicians" Cartoon in Technicolor
"POPULAR SCIENCE" colour
DOWNTOWN BOOKING AT SAM LAZARO BROTHERS!

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road
Telephone 17100
2.30, 5.30, 9.15
60cts., 85cts., $1.10
TO-DAY! "ONE NIGHT OF LOVE" Starring GRACE MOORE
Wed. and Thursday PAROLE FIXER

GOLDEN GATE
745 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74456
2.30, 5.30, 9.15
60cts., 85cts., $1.10
TO-DAY! "HERE I AM A STRANGER" Richard GREENE Richard DIX Brenda JOYCE
Wed. and Thursday Gambling on the High Seas


CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
She brought him luck—both kinds! She betrayed him to save him—choosing a woman's way of protecting him from peril ... a way that only a man could fail to understand. A story of devotion ... charged with the dramatic conflict of two strong hearts who dared to gamble with life itself—win or lose!
Three men offered her all of life! One made her live dangerously—one filled her heart with bursting joy—and one brought bitterness!
Walter Wanger presents GEORGE RAFT JOAN BENNETT in The HOUSE ACROSS the BAY with LLOYD NOLAN · GLADYS GEORGE and WALTER PIDGEON
Directed by Archie Mayo · Released thru United Artists
ADDED: "UNUSUAL OCCUPATIONS in Technicolor!
BOOKING AT THE THEATRE FROM 8.30 a.m. to 10 p.m.

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
A Lifetime Of Adventure ... Between Dusk And Dawn!
THE LONE WOLF meets a Lady with WARREN WILLIAM JEAN MUIR
A COLUMBIA PICTURE Based on a story by Louis Joseph Vance
HE'D DO ANYTHING TO OBLIGE A LADY
ADDED: "SCREEN SNAPSHOTS" "WEE WEE MONSIEUR" 3 Stooges Comedy
FIRST RUN in SHANGHAI!
90 cts., $1.20, $1.60
$1., $1.30, $1.60, $2.00

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Greater than its players, more than entertainment ... THE BLUE BIRD is one of the most beautiful pictures ever made, a human drama of ageless appeal.
Maurice MAETERLINCK'S THE BLUE BIRD in TECHNICOLOR with Shirley Temple · Spring Byington Nigel Bruce · Gale Sondergaard Eddie Collins · Sybil Jason and a brilliant cast
Directed by Walter Lang
Associate Producer Gene Markey · Screen Play by Ernest Pascal · Additional Dialogue by Walter Bullock
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
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Also: COLOR CARTOONS & MOVIETONE NEWS
$1.20, $1.70, $2.30
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Woman's Page

A LONDON LETTER

By Olive Dun

London, Sept. 18.

Perhaps the most marked change that the war has wrought is in the censors' attitude to the doings of the King and Queen. Last autumn an editor who had had the temerity to publish that their Majesties had been seen driving in London would have been sent to the Tower at once and probably had his head cut off the same evening. No one except the censors knew why, any more than they know now why papers are not merely allowed, but are actually encouraged to chronicle the Royal doings. It is whispered that the King and Queen kicked strongly against the secrecy in which their doings were shrouded. But of course this cannot be stated for certain or the censors would lose face and that would never do.

At any rate now we see their Majesties visiting poor districts where bombs have dropped and sympathizing with the residents; or at a shipyard driving rivets with the automatic machine; or entertaining 300 wounded soldiers, sailors and airmen at the palace, when there was an air raid warning just as the guests were assembled in the garden and the King and Queen had them all fetched into the Palace and showed them some of its splendours, at which the men's delight may be imagined.

* * *

Unnecessary Efforts

The indiscriminate bomb-dropping at night by the Germans has suggested to the Royal Institute of British Architects the idea of a competition in designs for bomb-proof houses. The designs are now on show at the R. I. B. A. headquarters in Portland Place. One of the winners is a woman, Miss Ledeboer. But even that cannot prevent me from devoutly hoping that I may never have to live in one of these houses.

Naval V. C. Goes to the Palace

Lieut. R. B. Stannard, who was awarded the Victoria Cross for his gallant work in the trawler "Arab" at Namsos, leaving his home accompanied by his wife for Buckingham Palace to receive his award from the King. His daughters Jean and Diana are waving goodbye.

The ideal house according to the judges, is two houses in one. Miss Ledeboer's begins as a one-story house of two semi-detached parts. There is a communicating door which in peace-time is a chimney. Lounges, kitchen and living rooms are at the ends of the building and there is one huge bedroom in the middle, which, although it has two outside walls, has no windows and is warranted bomb-proof. In peace time another story can be added, though whether this is to be detachable when war starts I am not quite clear.

Some of the designers have planned houses with tiny windows 6 feet above the floor, so that the occupants may not be hit by flying glass, which has generally proved the worst danger when an explosion takes place near by. Much ingenuity has been shown in camouflage both as regards the houses and the lay-out of housing settlements. But some of the visitors to the exhibition may have felt that less camouflage and more bombs would be the best thing that could happen to houses of the sort we are invited by the R. I. B. A. to build.

One weak point in the exhibition seems at once obvious. While war is on no houses can be built because no one has any money; and, if they had, you cannot get building materials. And after the war we are going to beat our swords into ploughshares, our tanks into mangles, and Spitfires and Hurricanes will be taught to perch on every tree and come to hand when called like sucking-doves or taxis. So why encourage people to design houses even more hideous than they have been doing for 10 years past? May we not rather hope that the war will have swept away the follies and hideousnesses of the so-called art of recent years and that, in recoil from the frightfulness of war, we may have a revival of the cult of beauty?

* * *

As Good As Men

Among the countless deeds of heroism born of our present anxious days, two stories of girl workers who stayed at their posts in Midland factories, during heavy, though fortunately fairly ineffective, bombing deserve to be remembered.

In one instance an unexploded bomb had fallen 50 yards from the office of an arms factory. Four girls, Maisie Batchelor, Joan Blackwell, Joan Burns and Gertrude Sanders, had important work in the office. For three days they did it steadily and cheerfully until the bomb had been sandbagged and made harmless though at any moment it might have exploded.

In another factory the whole building had been temporarily evacuated as several heavy delayed-action bombs had been dropped around it. But it was vital that the telephone exchange in the building should be kept working, or the business of the factory would have been seriously hampered. A call was made for volunteers. Six girls at once came forward and asked to be allowed to stay at the switchboards, the Misses E. M. Legge, D. Ager, W. Bibby, D. Russell, J. M. Arrowsmith and B. J. Wyatt. Four only were wanted and it would be unfair to say which they were, except that they were chosen by seniority, when all were ready and knew well the imminent peril in which they would work. There was one bomb almost directly under the exchange-room.

And for five horrible hours they went on calmly connecting up calls as if they had never heard of German frightfulness. One confessed afterwards that she kept asking herself "When will it go off?" But their work was unimpaired.

I don't know whether these girls have been recommended for a high distinction. But they deserve it even more than the girl who captured a German pilot single-handed. One does not underrate her courage, far from it. But to be keyed up to one desperate encounter is less of a trial than to go on steadily doing one's work with every possibility of being blown into the next world in the next moment.

One is tempted to moralize on the jeremiads of the gloomy curmudgeons who have been mourning for years past the supposed degeneracy of modern youth. Every day now the dazzling bravery of a few thousands of airmen stands between this country and hideous defeat. There was never a time, as the Prime Minister said recently, when so much was owed by so many to so few. And surely these girls, whose story could be matched in varying degree from every factory in which work goes on cheerfully no matter how the aeroplanes are roaring overhead, are a worthy counterpart of our airmen, sailors and soldiers and, all together, the very salt of the earth. The Jeremiahs ought to put their heads in bags and get some one to sit heavily on them.

* * *

Up the Prices

The Board of Trade, reporting on shopping conditions, tells us that the money spent in shops in July was a little more than one-twentieth in excess of what was spent in last July. That is over the whole country. In Mayfair the injunction to spend less has hit the shops badly their sales being 26 per cent, down on last July's returns. As might be supposed, it is in the manufacturing districts where the working class are making unheard of money that the shops are thriving, the rise in sales, as between the two months quoted, varying from 13 to 15 per cent.

Meanwhile we are warned that the rise in cost of artificial silk is going to mean dearer stockings and undies. It will not be very large yet, about 2d. per pair of stockings it is said. But to vary the words of the old song, every little bit taken from what you've got means just a little bit less. And in everything prices tend to rise steadily.

To compensate for dearer stockings they are to be made in gayer colours—cardinal red, and Chinese green etc. The same fashions prevailed in the last war. It is, perhaps, an instance of unconscious atavisms, harking back to the days when warriors dressed themselves in their gayest array to go into battle, instead of, as now, making themselves as inconspicuous as possible. So let the girls make themselves as gay-looking as they can to redress the balance.

* * *

Africa Ho!

In a camp "somewhere in England" 100 women, 70 recruits and 30 officers, have been doing special training for service in Africa as ambulance drivers. One of the officers is Lady Bailey, widow of Sir Abe Bailey. Another is Mrs Keith Newall who in peacetime is an expert on house-decoration.

The conditions of life in the camp have been made as near as is practicable to what the girls may expect to meet in Africa. The training includes such severe tests as dragging an ambulance out of a ditch, for which task half-a-dozen girls catch hold of a rope as in the tug-of-war and haul for dear life. Only about half of those in training will be taken for actual service and the medical test is as rigid as it could well be.

The difficulty, however, will be to choose the 50 or 55 required. Life in these camps tends to produce veritable Amazons. I think I mentioned recently a friend who is a land girl, at the outset of the war rather a sylphlike creature, now ruefully wondering however she will be able after the war to replace the entire wardrobe out of which she has grown by two or three sizes.

For the Cause of the Gallant Free French

$6,000 for Croix de Lorraine Fund; American Ladies' Successful Function

A good cause is more than half the battle when it comes to extracting dollars from people's pockets and the Committee of the Croix de Lorraine Fund certainly had a painless extractor in the dinner dance held on October 19 at the Chase Bank Club to raise money for the Fund. The promoter was Mrs. Wirt Leonard, whose name guaranteed an original and snappy evening. A "Labour Corps" was composed of Mrs. R. Schilling, Mrs. J. Fullam, Mrs. H. Arnold and Mrs. A. Peterson. The concrete result was $6,000 net, the whole of which is going straight into wool which adept fingers will turn into "woollies" to be dispatched to General de Gaulle for the comfort of the Free French Forces. 100,000 cigarettes will also reach London in time to make Christmas brighter for gallant Frenchmen.

A "Magic Night" was the title given to the evening at the Chase Bank Club, and certainly bright ideas marked the programme. A huge flood-lighted replica of the Croix de Lorraine with its motto "France Quand Même" was the high spot of the decorations; wittily designed signs (the artist was Miss Mary Clifton) marked where hot dogs could be consumed and Maxwell House coffee drunk; ten lovely debutantes became taxi-dancers in a good cause; you were introduced to Hitler's secret weapon; you could be photographed in the garb of the gay nineties; you could throw three darts for $1 at Hitler's face (most popular, this item) and get your money back if you hit him in the eye, though really people would have paid treble for the satisfaction.

Music was excellent—and Mr. McKay was a great draw with his accordeon and songs. Disguised *en bohémienne*, Zaza (Mrs. E. A. Nelson) was uncanny in a fortune-telling booth.

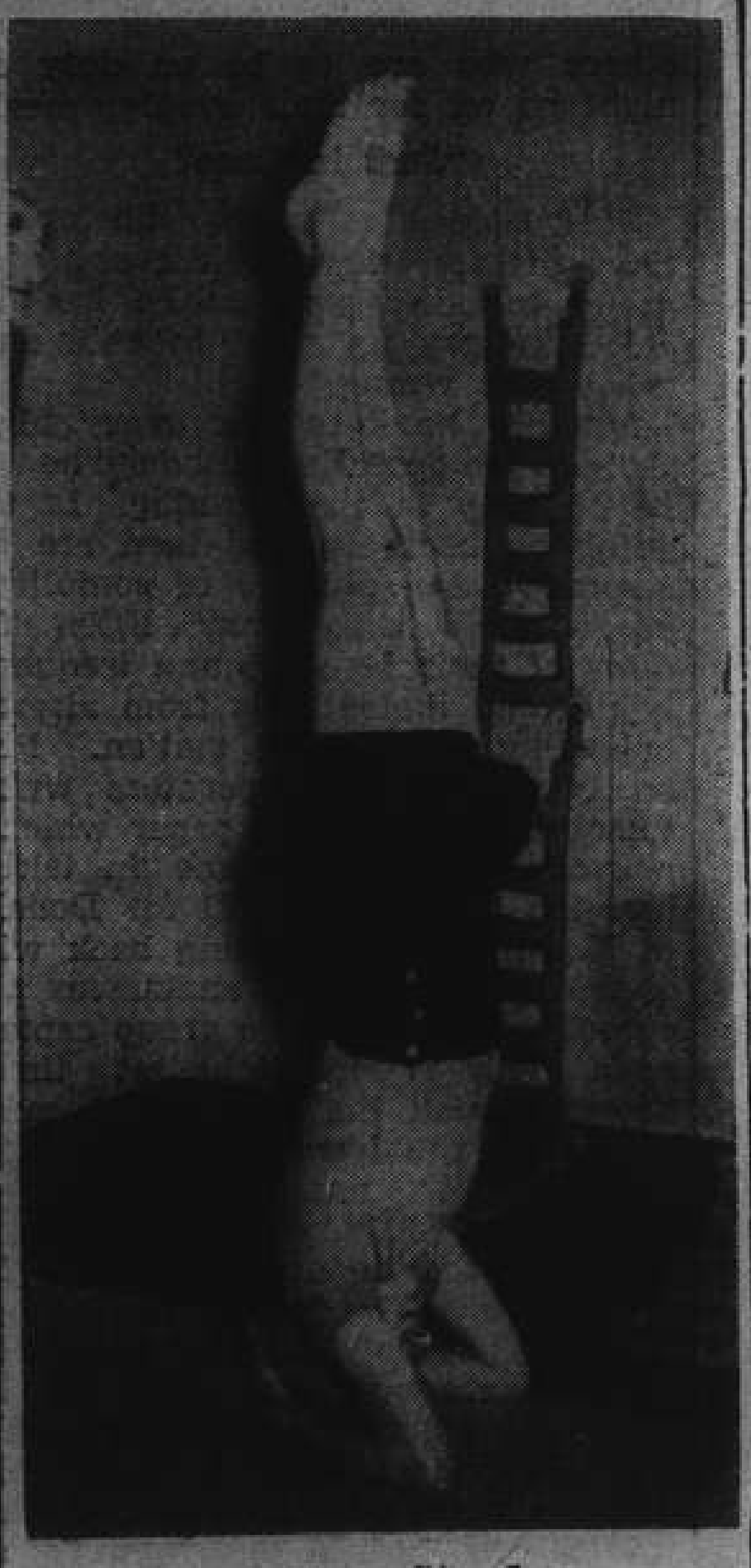
Guests and Kind Givers

Among the guests were: Judge and Mrs. Milton J. Helmick, Mr. J. A. V. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Pharis, Dr. and Mrs. A. Grossmann, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Arnold, Capt. and Mrs. J. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fistere, Mr. and Mrs. L. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. S. Coote, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Mokrejs, Mr. R. Hubert, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Pond, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Henningsen, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Schmid, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. P. Bordwell, Mr. and Mrs. John Young, Mr. and Mrs. E. Petersen, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Crowe, Dr. and Mrs. W. Rector Smith.

Grateful thanks were due to the generosity of the Bakerite Co. for hot dogs and rolls; Ewo Brewery and Union Brewery for beer; Messrs. Gande, Price for liquors, Messrs. Muller & Phipps for cigarettes and Maxwell House coffee; Messrs. Elizalde for cigars; the A. D. C. and Mr. C. S. Speyer for kind help with scenery etc.; and last but far from least, Bills Motors for their splendid loan of a truck for transportation purposes.

Remember the "Limbless Fund"

On November 7 at the Union Church Hall the Shanghai supporters of the Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund are holding one of their periodical rummage sales to raise dollars for the cause which can never ask in vain. One or two recent sales of this kind for other charitable objects have rather derouted the usual generous flow of discarded clothes and other articles. But the ladies of the Fund's Committee in Shanghai are certain that supplies are plentiful and send out herewith a "Yoo-hoo!" to all those who happen to be overhauling their wardrobes or homes. As always, anything and everything will be thankfully received and may be left at the Union Church Hall or will be called for by any of the following ladies on giving them a ring: Mesdames O. G. R. Beynon (90166), J. W. Rankin (70410), K. Harrop (22596), W. Train (22090), J. B. Monkman (23429), J. J. Brooks (21071), A. Sharp (76150), Arch Sinclair (19008).



A Yoga Stand

Shirshasana ("Head Stand") is considered to be one of the best Yoga exercises. It has a powerful effect on the hypophysis and pineal gland, cures headaches and nervous troubles and regulates the blood circulation. It looks difficult, but is practised with pleasure and ease by young and old.

B. W. A.

Wednesday, Oct. 30.—Red Cross Work 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

Thursday, Oct. 31.—Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon. Badminton.

Friday, Nov. 1.—Home and Garden Section at Mr. A. P. Nazer's garden, Hungjao Road 10 a.m. Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon. Red Cross Work at Headquarters 5 to 8 p.m.

Saturday, Nov. 2.—Badminton. War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

The Social Service Board are getting ready for another jumble sale on December 3, and would be very glad if members and friends will send in material. Parcels can be left at the office.

A bridge and mahjongg tea has been planned for November 28, in aid of Headquarters Funds. Tickets are $8 and can be booked with the Secretary.

Members of the Home and Garden Section are advised that the meeting on Friday, November 1, at 10 a.m. will held at Mr. A. P. Nazer's garden, Hungjao Road (next to No. 514), and not as previously arranged. Mr. W. J. Kerr has kindly promised to give an interesting talk on "Vegetables for a small garden." There will be cars at the Bubbling Well at 9.30 a.m. for members requiring lifts.

Advantages of Electric Refrigeration

Problem of Winter Health; "Greatest Danger Least Appreciated"

Electric refrigeration removes all the disadvantages of the older forms of refrigeration and it provides a constant protective value which is impossible of achievement with ice refrigeration.

Ice-box temperatures fluctuate constantly and are seldom cold enough. The ice-box rots from dampness. It must be cleaned often to remove odours cause by partly spoiled foods. Ice does not always arrive when needed. If it melts completely, the odour of the box is offensive. Certain foods like butter and milk are spoiled by absorbing the flavours of many kinds of vegetables and cheese. The warm air and dampness found often in an ice-box cause rapid multiplication of bacteria. The drain pan must be emptied. It often stops up, causing waer to run back into the ice-box. The cleaning of the drains is a disagreeable task. If ice is desired for drinks it must be chipped without ever getting a neat and right size. The ice-coolie dirties the pantry floor and arrives at inconvenient moments.

Little-considered Risk

But the main hazard to family health in ice refrigeration is that of food spoilage caused by the inability of the ice-box to hold its storage within a temperature of 32 degree to 50 degrees. This can only be constantly accomplished by electric refrigeration.

Electric refrigeration, contrary to most people's notions, is very essential in winter time. Years of habit in discontinuing ice during the winter months makes people erroneously think that an electric refrigerator is likewise not necessary.

The temperature in even the northernmost of climes has a big variation on a single winter's day. It is established that illnesses increase greatly during winter months, and many of them are caused undoubtedly by excessive food contamination due to highly variable temperatures and the tendency of the public not to provide constant protective refrigeration during the winter season. That danger is greatest which is least appreciated.

It might almost be said that of all seasons of the year, electric refrigeration is most necessary in winter. It is indeed a daily necessity, paying great dividends in savings from food spoilage, utilization of left-overs, quantity marketing, as well as in providing constant and important protective values to family health.

Yoga Is No Mystery

Indian Philosophy Which May Be Studied In Shanghai

Yoga has become decidedly popular in America—all the physical culture magazines and publications are full of Yoga poses and exercises, everybody is standing on their heads and even Elizabeth Arden prescribes Yoga in her beauty parlours. Bernard Macfadden's "Physical Culture" magazine for May, 1940, contains a big and well illustrated article on the advantages of Yoga exercises.

All this is nothing new to Shanghai—at least not for the American community—since the majority of people knew all about it from Miss Petersen, who started her Yoga classes about a year and a half ago when she came to China from India. Then nobody here knew anything about it and most people had a notion that the practice of Yoga exercises meant lying on broken glass, walking on burning coals, sitting on nails, etc. But Miss Petersen began her pioneer work to make Shanghai's public Yoga-minded. She succeeded excellently in her task and soon became known not only as a Yoga exponent but also as a talented interpreter of Indian dances under the name of Indira Devi.

She also gave a number of interesting talks on India and Yoga and demonstrated some of the exercises. She says that the Yogis maintain that the human body is a temple of the Living Spirit and hence must be brought to perfection. That is why a whole branch of Yoga philosophy known as Hatha Yoga devotes its attention to the care of the physical body and is concerned with its permanent health and youth, which can be attained through correct deep breathing, certain postures, Asanas and exercises. These have a powerful effect on mind and body and can cure all sorts of nervous diseases, chronic headaches, weak lungs, hearts and so on.

Those Who Have Profited

Miss Petersen's album contains some extremely interesting statements from her pupils: one of them was completely cured of severe headaches from which she had suffered for about 16 years, trying in vain all sorts of treatments and remedies: another lady had a similar complaint for 12 years, and two months after she joined the classes her headaches disappeared completely. Every page speaks of how people have improved their health, nerves and general condition.

The final statement, however, beats all records: it it is written by a gentleman who had suffered for 40 years from some sort of unknown disease which was giving him unbearable headaches. After he had long given up hope of ever getting relief, he met by chance one of Miss Petersen's pupils who persuaded him to try the Yoga exercises. He underwent a special treatment under Miss Petersen's control and direction and in two months time felt a new man, according to his own testimony. That is something worthy of consideration.

Now Miss Petersen has decided to start a men's class after office hours since she has secured the assistance of Mr. Volodchenko, a well known Shanghai sportsman and athlete who has undergone a special instructor's training. Classes are being held temporarily at 1826 Avenue Joffre, from 6-7 p.m. in addition to the morning classes.

◆

A little dissolved Epsom salts added to starch with the hot water will enhance the stiffening.

YOGA

HEALTH EXERCISES

In addition to the morning classes

MISS EUGENIE PETERSEN

is opening a special class for gentlemen, which will be held from 6-7 p.m., at 1826 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 72266.

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WORRY, OVERWORK, FATIGUE Bring on

NERVOUS ACIDITY

Nervousness is far more often the cause of Acid Indigestion than improper food. A tired body, overworked brain, or nerve tension can easily upset your stomach.

Doctors point out that fatigue, especially nervous fatigue, usually upsets the normal functions of your stomach. The gastric glands pour out far more acid than you can use for digestion. Your stomach valves don't operate when they should. The result is well known—as acid indigestion. And fortunately the relief for this is just as well known.

Drop one or two tablets of Alka-Seltzer in a glass of water. Watch it fizz into a sparkling, refreshing solution! Drink it. Quickly it relieves pain and neutralizes excess acidity.

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25,000,000 sufferers from acid indigestion, headaches, rheumatism, colds, and other common aches and pains have tried and proved Alka-Seltzer. *Not a laxative*, you can take Alka-Seltzer at any time for the many symptoms caused by excess acid.

GET ① the Quick relief you want PLUS ② the Alkalizer you need BOTH IN ALKA SELTZER

For years doctors have prescribed separately the different medicines contained in Alka-Seltzer. Now you get them combined and standardized to give you swift, sure relief. Besides, it's economical because it is good for so many common ailments. Keep a bottle always handy!

LIPS THAT MEN LOVE TO KISS

Women the world over have learned that MICHEL LIPSTICK keeps their lips kiss-inviting. That's because MICHEL is a balanced lipstick that intensifies the natural lip color, blends perfectly with delicate skin tones, protects and keeps your mouth soft as a baby's.

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ODO-RO-NO

L 6

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Since Using Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream"

A snow-white cream that cleanses thoroughly and gives a rose-petal softness and freshness to your skin—that describes Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream.

Perfect Cold Cream works deeply into the pores where every bit of clogging dirt and grime is dissolved and floated to the surface. Blackheads disappear—wrinkles are smoothed away—and sagging skin tissues are revitalized.

As a finishing touch, use Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Skin Tonic. It cleanses the pores, counteracts excessive oiliness, and stimulates circulation. Perfect Skin Tonic will give your skin that fresh and youthful appearance everyone admires.

Start using Perfect Cold Cream and Perfect Skin Tonic to-day, and be convinced you can look years younger. You will never again experiment with other face creams and lotions.

Write to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 611, Shanghai, for the Daggett & Ramsdell booklet on Complexion Beauty.

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Perfect Cleansing Oil—Perfect Face Powder—Perfect Rouge—Perfect Hand Lotion
Perfect Lipstick—Perfect Eyebrow Pencil—Perfect Eye Shadow

You will always look your best with
DAGGETT & RAMSDELL

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Refugees:

A Plea to Evacuees

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I take this opportunity to appeal once again to all Shanghai residents and especially to those who are already packing their belongings, who are closing all accounts they have to settle, to remember that there are many who cannot leave, because they have nowhere to go to.

Thousands of refugees from Europe are facing a winter without having sufficient clothing to protect them from the cold, many of their children cannot receive adequate nourishment. Many months ago, the International Committee for the Organization of European Immigrants in China founded, with the help of you, Shanghailanders, the Milk-Fund, and at the same time, a Clothing-Fund and a Coal-Fund came to life, which has so far been a life of struggling along on skeleton balances, because the demands were too great. Both, the Milk Fund and the Clothing—and Coal Fund, are in a state where the expression "Fund" is merely a word, as there is nearly no "fund" any more. During the last weeks, about 65 babies received fresh milk, about 70 children of the ages from one to three years, 10 more babies and 40 men and women over the age of 70 were supplied with milk powder, and a score of other children received "Glycine" Milk powder. Of course, there have been donations coming in during the past weeks and months, from all sides and sources, but the demands were greater despite the fact that literally hundreds of applicants for milk-allowances have been turned down.

I am sure that everybody understands and believes me, if I say that the Milk Fund needs about Ch.$3,500 per month, and I may add, that this amount constitutes the utmost in limitations, cutting down expenditure, etc. It is the same with the Clothing—and Coal Fund which needs hard cash and clothing, shoes, baby-dresses, warm underwear, etc.

You, who are leaving, and you, who are staying, think if there is nothing that you could spare or that you do not want to take with you, clothes, warm dresses, suits which you cannot wear any longer for some reason or other; there are so many who would be most grateful for every small gift of clothing. And perhaps, you can manage to send your contribution in the form of a cheque to the Milk Fund or any of our charity funds.

If you have not time enough to bring your donation yourself, telephone or write to the "I C." Organization for Immigrants, Sassoon House, Telephone 18637. We are prepared to come to you or to any address you may give us, at any given time, to fetch your contribution.

I thank all those who have assisted us in the past by contributing in money or kind to our work, and I hope that this appeal will not pass unheard and unnoticed.

Paul Komor,
Hon. Secretary.

Shanghai, Oct. 28.

These Apologists:

Italy's Role in the Air

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—The obvious reluctance of Mussolini to risk the destruction of his navy in the Mediterranean and to provide cannon fodder for Hitler has necessitated a number of uneasy explanations by Italian apologists, whose chorus has more recently been jointed by their temporary partners of expediency, the Germans. One of the latter has unburdened himself of the following:

> It is safe to presume that Italy's role in the aerial attack of England will become greater with the passing of time.
>
> At present it is necessary for Italian pilots to accustom themselves to the peculiar conditions prevalent in the air over the British Isles; and for the time being Italian activity in the aerial offensive against Britain must of necessity be somewhat limited.

The "peculiar conditions" to which Italian airmen are stated to be trying to accustom themselves are no doubt caused by the presence in the atmosphere of clouds of Spitfires, Hurricanes and Defiants which grow daily larger with the approach of winter, and it is a safe bet that Italian airmen will take a very long time indeed before they feel at all acclimatized when flying over the British Isles.

Axis apologists will have to "think up" something more convincing if they wish to impress the world.

Latex.

Shanghai, Oct. 28.

Christmas Day:

And Hitler's Promises

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Is H. S. C. so other-worldly [illegible] he has not yet sized up Hitler? [illegible] he gave his word to the Pope [illegible] in consideration for the children [illegible] would undertake, if others would [illegible] same, not to bomb on Christ[illegible] Day—could any civilized nation [illegible] it? Ask the children of the [illegible] Empire what they think. Toys [illegible] more likely to produce a happy [illegible]—and Great Britain can manage quite a few, even now.

Scrooge.

Shanghai, Oct. 28.

Football:

Goals and Offside

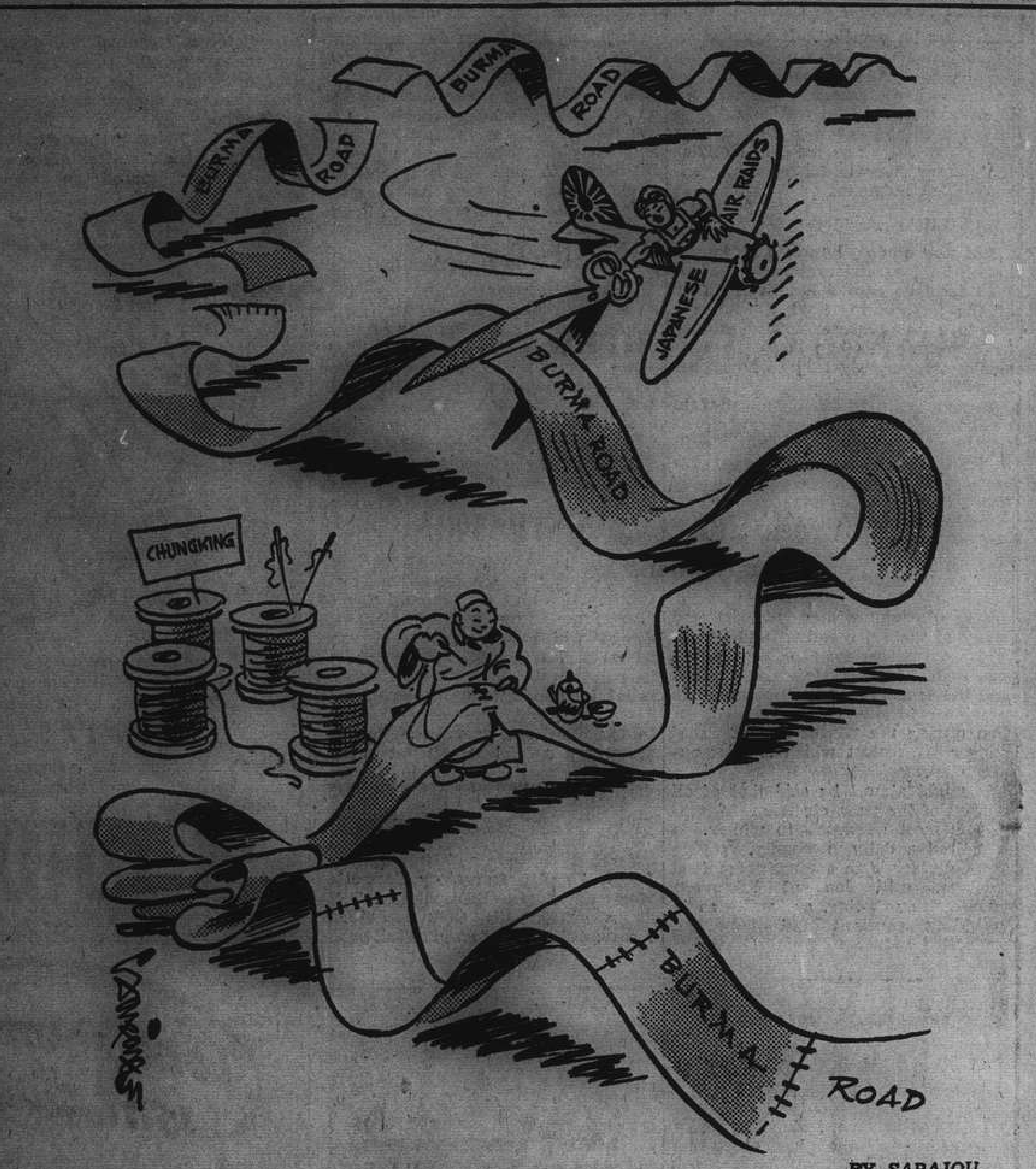
To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Whilst our football season is yet young, perhaps the Football Association can enlighten "soccer fans" on the following:—The first goal scored by the Recs against the P.T.H. was after the linesman had waved for a foul against Cochran of the P.T.H. by a Recs player, in the P.T.H. penalty area. In yesterday's match at the Canidrome, the linesman waved for offside, yet Tung Wah were allowed to continue and score and this, their first goal was allowed to stand.

Now, why did both linesmen agree to the decision of goal, why have linesmen at all, if they are not prepared to back up their own decisions?

Ignorant.

Shanghai, Oct. 28.



BY SAPAJOU

Who Is Faster?

With the British Bombers

Intensive Preparations Made for the Destruction of Distant Targets

NEUTRALS who, with the competing claims of the belligerents before them, may be inclined to doubt whether our bombing raids on Germany and Italy are always quite as effective as the Air Ministry reports would doubt no more if they could see for themselves the skill and care with which every raid is planned and carried out, writes the Aeronautical Correspondent of the "Times." The public sees only the somewhat bald official announcement that aircraft of the Bomber Command have successfully attacked a military objective in one of the enemy countries, but behind it lies a history of scrupulous preparation, of dogged determination in highly trained crews to carry out the difficult and dangerous tasks allotted to them, and of the use of every known scientific means to help the aircraft get safely to and from the targets.

There is nothing haphazard about these raids. Each is planned with the utmost care some time in advance. For days before the bombers start, experts are busy getting together all the available data about the objective. Large-scale maps are studied, photographs and plans are brought out, and each navigator is equipped with a special chart showing even the smallest details of the factory, aerodrome, power-station, railway, or canal to which he must find his way. On the day of the raid the giant bombers are serviced and overhauled, rather like horses being prepared for an important race. Every part is examined, from the electrically operated machinery, the engines and fabric, to the internal telephones, bomb releases, and guns. Then the bombs are loaded into the racks, petrol tanks filled, guns armed, and the aircraft are dispersed on the aerodrome, under armed guard, to await the time of departure.

Importance of "Briefing"

Meteorological experts having supplied the reports which tell the crews what sort of weather they are likely to experience, everything is ready for the "briefing," which forms an indispensable part of every bombing raid. Towards tea-time the pilots, navigators, wireless operators, and air gunners, fresh from a good sleep, begin to file into a large room fitted out very much like the lecture hall of a technical institute. Usually there is a white screen and a projector, and always a blackboard. Each navigator as he enters is handed an accurate chart showing him the contours of the country in the area of the target, together with a detailed plan of the objejctive itself. What follows is a very informal affair. Officers and men sit around in easy chairs, smoking pipes or cigarettes, while the station commander and the intelligence officer give them a great deal of useful information about reaching their target and about the site they are to attack.

Risks to be Avoided

The crews listen intently and make notes. It is difficult to realize that these calm young men are being "briefed" for a dangerous task. There is no trace of doubt that they will have bombed this aerodrome or power-station and be back again before dawn. Photographs and plans of the target are shown on the screen while the intelligence officer points out the vulnerable spots to be bombed. He tells the crews what most of them know already—the dangerous, well-defended areas to be avoided on the outward flight over Germany or enemy-occupied territory. Then come details of the known defences in the target area. No attempt is made to minimize the dangers; if there are strong anti-aircraft batteries or balloon barrages the men are told so plainly, but they are also shown the best way through them.

"The Flak (anti-aircraft) and searchlights are pretty heavy to the north," says the intelligence officer "Attack from the south-east to north-west. There are 13 high chimneys on this factory, so you can't miss it. Here are the vulnerable spots (indicating the points on the screen) Make sure you are over your bit of the target and then let 'em have it." Or, "The hangars are on the east of the aerodrome over here" (again indicating the spot). Once more he points to the photograph. "Look out for aircraft on this part of the aerodrome. No need to tell you about the defences; you know 'em pretty well already." The crews grin. They have visited this spot more than once.

Sometimes questions are asked and the photographs or charts are flashed on the screen two or three times to clear up some difficult point. Then the station commander gives the final instructions, tells them the take-off time and the precise minute by which they must be away from the target if they are to get home before dawn. The crews listen, as unconcerned as though they were being advised on a peaceful practice flight. They note the alternatives which may be attacked if they fail to locate the primary one. Then they troop out and make for the crews' rooms. Here each crew works on its own. Once off the ground they will fly alone and may not see the other aircraft until they are back on the aerodrome again. Pilots and navigators discuss and plot their course so as to make the best use of distinctive or well-known landmarks such as railways, Autobahnen, canals, rivers, and lakes. The navigator gets busy with dividends, parallels, and scales, and soon they have decided which route they will follow.

Taking Off

Preparations complete, the crews go off for a meal. Soon they are back in the "robing rooms" and they emerge in flying kit to find lorries to take them to their aircraft standing out on some distant part of the aerodrome. Most of the men have flasks of tea sticking out of their pockets. Night flying is a cold business, even in summer. All carry little bundles of food and their parachutes. Soon one hears the roar of the engines being warmed up, and then, in the gathering darkness, the great bombers taxi across the landing field and take off. One obligatory circuit of the aerodrome and they are away. Inside the operations room someone chalks the departure times on a blackboard. Nothing much more is to be done for two or three hours, and only a skeleton staff of wireless operators remains while the others who are to be on duty all night go off for their evening meal.

"Just in Case"

Just before midnight the operations officers come back and the group captain says that he has decided to stay up "just in case anything goes wrong."

Actually he does this every night his men are operating, although he will be on duty in the morning. In the adjoining room trained men are interpreting the splutters of complicated wireless sets. They listen for news of their bombers and frequently pick up morse calls from aircraft belonging to another station. Presently one of the operators writes something on a slip of paper which a messenger loses no time in taking into the "ops" room. "D for Donald, of X squadron, is turning back with engine trouble, sir," announces the operations officer. The group captain nods. This is inevitable at times, however good the engines. A mark is put on the blackboard beside "D for Donald's" name. A couple of hours later "D's" engines can be heard in the distance; he asks for permission to land, and having got it, he comes down. After a time he enters the room, reports to the intelligence officer on the engine trouble, and disappears again. Meanwhile news is coming through of the other raiders. "J," of Y squadron, flashes the message "Off target at 01.21." He can be identified by his call-sign. One of the ground staff records the time on the blackboard.

News from the Bombers

All through the night the receivers keep up their whining. At intervals news comes through, until something has been heard from most of the bombers. The station commander glances at the clock. "No news of 'F' of 'X' squadron yet?" he asks. His voice betrays a slight anxiety. As though to reassure himself he adds, "He never wants to leave it." Sometimes the message tells of failure to locate the objejctive; more often it announces briefly, "Target bombed," and gives the time. If the primary objective cannot be found the bomber will try to locate the alternative. Sometimes a morse message brings news of tragedy. "S O S from 'G.' sir," says the operations officer quietly, "been hit by Flak." The damaged aircraft continues to report its progress for some time, and then there is silence. Its position is worked out on a large-scale map of Europe spread on the table and a flag is stuck into the appropriate spot. The men discuss in undertones the possibility of "G" having baled out and got down safely. "Last heard 02.37" is chalked on the blackboard besides his name.

Speeding Home

Time drags badly. Somewhere in the expanse of darkness outside the operations room 20 or 30 bombers are speeding home. By now they are over the sea. Requests for a "fir" (a location point) come through from the aircraft, and surely and methodically they are guided home. "P" reports that he has been hit and his undercarriage may be damaged. Telephone calls are put through to the casualty crews to stand by, and the control tower men are told that "P" is to be given preference when he comes in to land. One by one the bombers approach their aerodrome, get permission to land, and come floating down like giant gulls. The station commander goes out to see "P" alight. His undercarriage comes down after all and he makes a perfect landing.

One after another the crews troop into the operations room to make their reports. They look tired but contented; most of them have had a successful night. They answer carefully the questions of the intelligence officer. It is a friendly but thorough "third degree." The men describe how they found the target and where they saw their bombs explode. The intelligence officer knows everything about the target from a long and careful study of all the data. This enables him to assess the accuracy of the crews' reports. They report things which they saw on the way out and on the journey back—ships, signals, lights, and guides to future targets. Then the crews go off to breakfast, and the intelligence officer sifts the information, assesses the damage, builds up a complete picture of the raid, and prepares his report for the Air Ministry.

Tomorrow the world will read that the R.A.F. has bombed such and such a target. The crews will read this modest statement of their activities with quiet satisfaction. The task which they had been allotted has been successfully carried out, and next day their colleagues will be doing a similar job with equal success.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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To-day's Programme

11.30 Broadcast in Hindustani
12.00 Dance Music
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 Light Music
1.30 News Bulletin in German
2.00 Czechoslovak News Bulletin
2.30 Dance Music
3.00 Woman and Home. Notes on "This Week in the Garden" by W. J. Kerr, Esq.
4.00 Light Music
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6.00 Dance Music
6.30 Netherlands Programme
7.00 French Programme
7.45 News Bulletin in English
8.00 Symphony Concert:—
Carnival Overture ....Dvorak
Symphony No. 4 in F Minor, Op. 36 ....Tchaikowsky
Walk to Paradise Garden ..Delius
9.00 Tunes of Hawaii
9.30 Topical Talk
10.00 Dance Music
10.30 Russian Programme
11.00 German Programme
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1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect)
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Chinese (Mandarin)
6.50-7.20 Light music
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:
Tshcaikovsky
Trio in A minor; Eugene Onegin (Selections) Francesca de Rimini; Pique Dame (Selections).
[illegible].00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière:
Life in Clermont-Ferrand and its "places of refuge" according to the Illustration.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

395m. XMHD 760kc.

The news of the day is broadcast from the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association by the "North-China Daily News" at the following times:—

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10.00 to 0.30	31 m. band	9.51 mc.	GSB

7 p.m. on GSV—News Bulletin
9 p.m. on GSV—News Bulletin
Midnight on GSD and GSB—News Bulletin

German Military Mission Said in Africa

Italian Newspaper Shows Picture

Rome, Oct. 28.

The "Messaggero" published a photograph of German officers walking along a road. The picture bore a caption explaining it was a photograph of a German military mission in Africa.

"German military mission visiting Marmarica (in the vicinity of Sidi Barrani) for the past few days," the caption said.

It was the first announcement here of any German military mission in Africa.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News"
of October 29, 1870

The ss. Chihli proceeding down the harbour yesterday at 4.30 a.m. when abreast of the Custom House ran foul of a country boat containing about 150 piculs of rice, knocking a hole in her stern and doing other damages. The boat filled with water, but was able to reach the Pootung shore, which prevented more serious loss.

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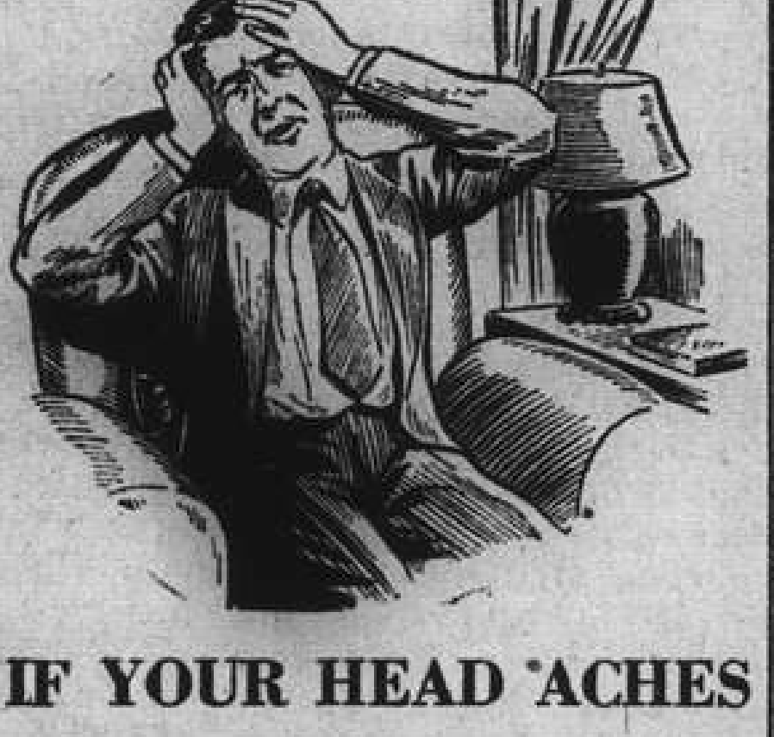

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In Main Salesroom—Now On View
On Wednesday, October 30, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, studio couch, modern style dining room and bedroom furniture, ceiling and table fans, "Hartmann" wardrobe and steamer trunks, ceiling and table fans, radio sets, golf clubs, bathroom scales, organ, accordian, pictures, oil paintings, clocks, mirrors, cut glass and E.P. ware, perambulators, rocking horse, velvet curtains, cushions, books, bookcases, desks, desk chairs, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, cocktail cabinet, canteen case, hall stands, wardrobes, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, mattresses, cupboards, ice chests, etc., also

1 "Telefunken" 4-tube radio 220 volts complete with accessories
1 "Peter Pan" 5-tube radio, 220 volts, 1 "Revere" 6-tube radio 220V.
1 Imported gilt bronze mounted centre table, Singer treadle sewing Machine
1 "Western" Electric sewing machine 220V., 1 "Elliott-Fisher" Bookkeeping machine
1 Tapestry upholstered double spring couch and 2 arm chairs Made by Arts and Crafts
1 Solid teakwood writing desk, desk chair, library table Made by Arts and Crafts

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

BATTLE OF BRITAIN

The very fact that Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India, made his speech reviewing the international diplomatic, and military situation at such a place as Gosport, quite close to Portsmouth one of the principal military objectives on the southern coast of England, is in itself significant, for an unlikelier spot for holding a political meeting it would be hard to find in times such as these. Consequently, when he says that though the Battle of Britain may not yet be over, its issue has already been decided there is something in it more than mere words. The initial German attempts to blast Britain in mass air-raids proved a costly failure. British airmen showed their superiority in an unmistakable manner, something which is proved by the change in German methods which have been designed to, and have succeeded in, reducing the heavy casualties which their first formations invited. Forced to use more escorting fighters for each bomber, driven up higher by the effectiveness of the British barrage from the ground, continually scattered by the excellence of the British fighters, the German air force, having commenced indiscriminate bombing from choice in the first case, cannot now do anything else.

There is a vast difference between the execution which the R.A.F. is performing over Germany, where military objectives have now been subjected to raids running into thousands and damage done in a manner which has struck heavy blows at German war industrial potential, and the hit and run methods of the enemy who drops his bombs hoping for luck to help them find their targets. Thus the resistance of the R.A.F. has greatly reduced the effectiveness of the German air attack justifying Mr. Amery in saying that though the battle may not be over, the issue has been decided. From Hell's Corner in Kent to Land's End the German airmen have failed to establish anything in the nature of a bridgehead of which the enemy could avail himself in the fondly-dreamt-of invasion. They have even been unable to put aerodromes south of London out of business for more than a few hours on end, and Goering's air force has been unable to acquit itself in the manner which its commander hoped it would.

Mr. Amery's views are shared by Mr. Oliver Stewart, B.B.C. commentator, who emphasized the diminution of German air-raids over Britain during the past week, while the R.A.F. have unrelentingly and continuously pushed home their attacks on enemy and enemy-occupied territories. The speaker did not attempt to gloze over the possibility that this present lull may be but the prelude to more and stronger attacks, but it must be remembered that, unless the German airmen can devise some means of defeating the ground and air defences of Britain, and succeed in importing a greater degree of accuracy into their bombing, the destruction to be anticipated will still depend to a very great extent upon mere luck. From the British point of view the nature of the raids over Germany have their own significance. When there was an outcry that Berlin should be bombed in retaliation for the raids on London, it was officially announced that the British would continue to devote their attention to military objectives on the Continent. Those immediately involved were in the northwest of Germany, but in recent weeks the world has seen the R.A.F. go further and further afield until now not even the eastern areas of Germany can consider themselves safe.

That has permitted the inclusion of Berlin in the list of military objectives, and already that city has been subjected to approximately thirty raids, which are growing in frequency. The deduction to be drawn is that allegations that the R.A.F. is rapidly growing in strength are completely justified, for, were this not the case, the long-distance flights which these attacks necessitate could not be repeated so often as they now are. It also means that British bomber strength has been considerably enhanced for these machines have to proceed over Germany unattended by fighters because of the great mileage to be covered. Thus by actual fact the claims of the British statesmen are being proved not only to the world at large but to the enemy in a manner which they cannot but fully realize. So, after almost three months of fierce air attack on Britain, the enemy has failed, first, to break down British resistance, and, second, to prevent that accretion of air strength which must ultimately give Britain numerical superiority in the air.

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YEAR IN POLAND

If there were any doubt of the dreadful thing which Hitler seeks to impose upon the conquered peoples of Europe, what has been happening in Poland, during the past year of occupation, should serve to dispel any illusions. The facts are taken, in the first place, from a glowing account published by the German headquarters in Cracow, and, in the second, from reports which have filtered out from Poland. In reading what is to follow it needs to be remembered that in an address to Hitler Youth on the anniversary of the commencement of the attack on Poland, Greiser, one of the four Nazi Regional governors in Poland declared: "The Pole is the servant of the German and will remain so for ever." A clearer statement of reduction to slavery could not possibly be made. The Jewish problem in Poland has been solved by the reinstitution of the Ghetto system, that barbarous return to the conditions of the Dark Ages, the idea of a Jewish reservation having apparently been abandoned. All Jews are required to wear a distinguishing mark consisting of a white sleeve band bearing a blue Jewish star. All male Jews are obliged to do two years obligatory labour service. Business is conducted on three levels;—German, Polish and Jewish, Germans receiving priority in shops, hotels and streets. Pestilence according to the Germans has been brought under by means of segregation. Three times as many farm tractors were in operation as before the invasion, while the conquerors seek to emphasize the moderateness of their methods by declaring that Warsaw was governed by but 70 Germans, under whom 24,000 Poles were working.

The Polish version of the past year is radically different. Disease, hunger, and the Gestapo, it is declared, have reduced Poland's population by five millions since last September twelvemonth. The common Nazi practice of segregating communities in which epidemics broke out, and leaving the inhabitants to die, has resulted in entire villages being wiped out by typhoid fever. Factories, farms and forest lands have been confiscated outright. Poles and Jews are forbidden to marry. All universities and schools have been closed and teachers arrested or deported.

There is, of course, the possibility that the Polish claims are somewhat exaggerated. It is to be hoped that they are, but the fact that the Germans have persistently refused to permit observers from other nations to enter Poland, and see conditions for themselves is clear enough indication that the state of affairs is such that Germany is ashamed to let the world know what is going on. The chances are that the truth lies somewhere between the glowing account given of their stewardship by the Germans and the ghastly picture painted by the Poles, and that inclining somewhere more towards the Polish side than the German. The picture of the year merely brings into concise form the stories which percolated out of Poland in the early months after the brutal subjugation of that country, and clearly shows how the ultimate aim of *Lebensraum* is being served by the slow murder of defenceless people whose only misfortune apparently is that they did not happen to be born German.

It is necessary to remember all this when watching the manner in which Hitler is wooing Vichy. The gentleness of his proceedings arises from no inspiration of humanity, but rather from a desire to secure French assistance in his desperate struggle against Great Britain. This particular leopard has not changed his spots. He is merely seeking for the moment to dissemble the colour of his skin, and there cannot be the slightest doubt about it that, if he could possibly succeed in bringing the whole of Europe, including Britain under his domination, that same inhumanity which is being demonstrated in Poland would be applied just as ruthlessly in the other countries unfortunate enough to fall under Hitler's sway. But in Holland, Norway, Czechoslovakia and even Poland the seeds of vengeance are being sown and brutalized peoples are passively resisting their conqueror, waiting for the day when they will be able to rise and throw off the hideous toils in which they have been bound.

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Italy Wars on Greece

For some months past it has been clear that hostilities between Italy and Greece were inevitable, and while the cables on the subject which have been received up to the present have not been particularly illuminating, the immediate cause of the reported outbreak of war seems to have been border incidents which are unavoidable when armed men in a state of tension face each other across national boundaries. There is also some reference to Greece having refused to accept an Italian ultimatum, but at the time of writing the contents of that document had not come to hand. It is more than likely that the Greeks will be able to give a good account of themselves, for when King George returned to the throne in 1935 in response to an almost unanimous vote of his people, he entrusted his Prime Minister, General John Metaxas, with the task of reorganizing the Greek army of carrying out extensive plans of armament and fortification. An initial sum of £6,000,000 was spent on national defence, and it is claimed that the Greeks can now put a force of 1,000,000 well trained men into the field against any aggressor. General Metaxas has clearly a united nation behind him for even the Communist party has declared its willingness to support the government in the struggle which has been forced upon Greece by the nefarious policies of the dictator states. One of the most interesting reasons which have been given for this latest adventure of Italy is that the Egyptian campaign taking rather more time than Mussolini at first expected, Il Duce is in search of a success with which to bemuse his people, who are not so enthusiastically in favour of this war as he would have them. No one will for one moment seek to under-estimate the strength of the Italian army, though it has not yet been strikingly displayed against the British, but the gallantry of the Greeks fighting in defence of their homeland with assistance from the British may yet give the Italian food for serious reflection.

Europe Being Nazified

The different stages in the Nazification of Europe by the Germans after conquest are gradually becoming manifest. They may be roughly divided into three—the first the systematic looting of the country's effects which may prove of value to the German war effort against other countries; the second, the exploitation of the country on the lines laid down by the Nazi economists who consider that only Germany can be a producer of manufactured articles and all the rest of the Continent must be suppliers of materials therefor; and lastly, the political Nazification of the people. This last is just as important to the Nazis today as it was to the Trotsky's school of Communism, before that revolutionary was expelled by Stalin. The best example of the first process is that which has been adopted in Denmark, where the Germans have "bought" large quantities of farm products and foods and in return granted "credits," which have by now amounted to an enormous figure. A good example of the second stage is the German actions in Czechoslovakia, where all the principal industries have been taken over and made to operate for the benefit of the Reich. It is possible that an even better example will be forthcoming shortly in the case of France, where the Germans desire to take over all the iron and coal resources and turn them to the assistance of the same industries in the Reich, which are poorly supplied with the first grade ores. M. Laval is now in the process of selling these important French assets to the conquerors, in return for giving them an opening to get on with the third stage in their programme—the Nazification of France. This will take time, if it is ever successfully pushed through. Apologists for France—and their number testifies to the great sympathy felt with that hardly-used nation all over the world—have been recently insisting upon the fundamental political divisions which have persisted since the French revolution. It has been claimed that rifts existed in the French body politic which were incapable of healing, ever since the terror of the last decade of the eighteenth century. To a certain extent these claims may hold water. But they ignore the fact that the French revolution was protracted over scores of years thereafter, and only assumed its final form after the debacle of 1870. They ignore the fact that the same rifts must have existed during the war of 1914-1918; yet during that time of severe testing, they did not cause the national calamity which the monster German assault brought about in a few weeks in 1940. The existence of these political differences enabled, it is true, the Nazi experts in dissension to sow their evil seeds with greater ease. And they are now enabling the wiley Nazis to proceed with the third item on their programme—the Nazification of France. This means the introduction of the Gestapo and the end of France as a free nation. If the process is allowed to continue, Germany will be able to make peace with France on terms which will mean the total destruction of all the liberal principles which that country has made famous and desirable all over the world. It will mean the enslaving of a people who fought and bled in the last century for liberty, equality, and fraternity, by an autocracy which openly despises liberty, derides equality, and considers fraternity an outworn shibboleth.

"DEATH RAY" FOR PLANES

Effective at Distance of 250 Miles

Nikola Tesla, one of the truly great inventors who celebrated his birthday during the summer, says that he stands ready to divulge to the United States Government the secret of his "teleforce," with which, he said, aeroplane motors would be melted at a distance of 250 miles, so that an invisible Chinese Wall of Defence would be built round the country against any attempted attack by an enemy air force, no matter how large, reports the "New York Times."

This "teleforce," he said, is based on an entirely new principle of physics that "no one has ever dreamed about," different from the principle embodied in his inventions relating to the transmission of electrical power from a distance, for which he has received a number of basic patents. This new type of force, Mr. Tesla said, would operate through a beam one-100,000,000th of a square centimetre in diameter, and could be generated from a special plant that would cost no more than $2,000,000 and would take only about three months to construct.

A dozen such plants, located at strategic points along the coast, according to Mr. Tesla, would be enough to defend the country against all possible aerial attack. The beam would melt any engine, whether Diesel or gasoline-driven, and would also ignite the explosives aboard any bomber. No possible defence against it could be devised, he asserts, as the beam would be all-penetrating.

The beam, he states, involves four new inventions, two of which already have been tested. One of these is a method and apparatus for producing rays "and other manifestations of energy" in free air, eliminating the necessity for a high vacuum; a second is a method and process for producing "very great electrical force"; the third is a method for amplifying this force, and the fourth is a new method for producing "a tremendous electrical repelling force." This would be the projector, or gun, of the system. The voltage for propelling the beam to its objective, according to the inventor, will attain a potential of 50,000,000 volts.

Electrical Particles Catapulted

With this enormous voltage, he said, microscopic electrical particles of matter will be catapulted on their mission of defensive destruction. He has been working on this invention, he added, for many years and has recently made a number of improvements in it.

Mr. Tesla makes one important stipulation. Should the government decide to take up his offer he would go to work at once, but they would have to trust him. He would suffer "no interference from experts." In ordinary times such a condition would very likely interpose an insuperable obstacle. But times being what they are, and with the nation getting ready to spend milliards for national defence, at the same time taking in consideration the reputation of Mr. Tesla as an inventor who always was many years ahead of his time, the question arises whether it may not be advisable to take Mr. Tesla at his word and commission him to go ahead with the construction of his teleforce plant.

After all, $2,000,000 would be relatively a very small sum compared with what is at stake. If Mr. Tesla really fulfils his promise the result achieved would be truly staggering. Not only would it save huge sums now planned for air defence, by making the country absolutely impregnable against any air attack, but it would also save more in property that would otherwise be surely destroyed no matter how strong the defences are as witness current events in England.

Take, for example, the Panama Canal. No matter how strong the defences, a suicide squadron of dive bombers, according to some experts, might succeed in getting through and cause such damage that would make the Canal unusable, in which case the Navy might find itself bottled up.

Considering the probabilities in the case even if the chances were 100,000 to 1 against Mr. Tesla the odds would still be largely in favour of taking a chance on spending $2,000.000. In the opinion of the writer, who has known Mr. Tesla for many years and can testify that he still retains full intellectual vigour, the authorities in charge of building the national defence should at once look into the matter. The sum is insignificant compared with the magnitude of the stake.

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WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 116 days and there have been 3,217 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 122 days and there have been 874 contributors. The latest totals follow :—

Fund	Amount	Contributed
Central British War Fund	349.00	£44,847. 8. 4*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	5,316.30	76,061. 3. 4§
War Savings Association	61,077.97	21,684.10. 4‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £

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IN PARENTHESIS

No Room

PRODUCER: I want you to dance in this costume and put everything you've got into it.

Chorine: How dare you insult me that way!

Producer: But this is a perfectly standard costume, isn't it?

Chorine: Sure, but everything I've got wouldn't even begin to go into it.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Oct. 27.—The peeling of thin layers of bark from the trunks of Plane trees on our highways gives the trees a characteristic appearance: many branches and trunks are almost creamy-white. This exfoliation is an annual affair and it has probably something to do with the healthy appearance of the Plane trees and their suitability for street avenue work. Insects cannot hibernate beneath the bark of these trees like they do on so many others for their nests are exposed to the cold winds of winter. Our plane tree (*Platanus acerifolia*) is the London Plane and it is said to be a hybrid between the oriental plane and the North American Button-wood (*Platanus occidentalis*). It is rather surprising how well the plane tree stands pollarding and hard pruning. They may be pollarded to mere stumps and instead of losing their vitality, they send forth new branches the following year sometimes ten feet in length. The star-like hairs on young leaves are detached by the wind in early Spring and float in the air in large quantities. We are afraid that many people suffer by the activities of these hairs: they cause inflammation of the mucous membranes of the eyes and nose; but it is not for long and we can stand a little inconvenience for the sake of enjoying the pleasant shade afforded by the large leaves during the Summer. We have a moan today; but we are afraid that the people who cause us this mental suffering never read these notes, so therefore what we say will have little effect. According to Cassells, an Airgun "is an instrument for firing projectiles by the force of compressed air." There is no mention of the instruments being used for firing at birds resting on branches of trees; but this is what we see in the country quite often. We would not mind so much if the birds were fired at while in flight, it would be more sportsmanlike and we doubt if the people we have seen using the guns could hit them: they seem to have great difficulty in hitting the birds while they are stationary. We have fired air guns often in their proper place—at a target—and enjoyed the sport, but we are positive that if we had any power to make regulations, the first we should enforce, would be one prohibiting the use of air guns along, or in close proximity to, a public highway.—W.J.K.

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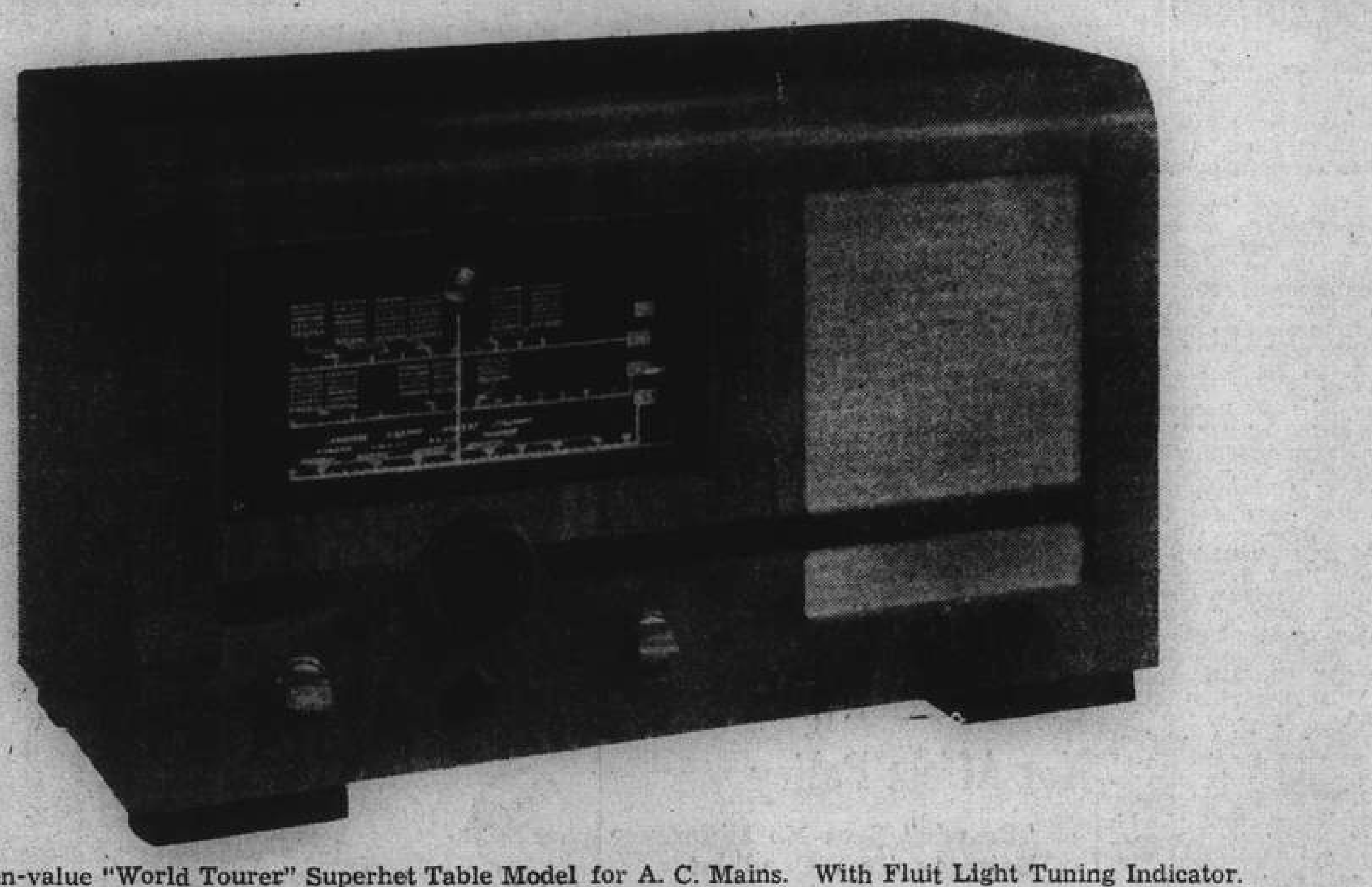

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"Hitler's Waterloo Coming More Swiftly Than Napoleon's"

Britain Has Fought and Won a Decisive Battle, Says Mr. L. S. Amery; Battle of Empire Next

London, Oct. 28.

"We have fought and won one of the decisive battles of history," said Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India and Burma, in a speech at Gosport last night. The speech was a comprehensive review of the international diplomatic and military situation. It pointed out that the next vital theatre of war would be the Near East, prophesied that Hitler's Waterloo would come more swiftly than did Napoleon's, and defined Great Britain's war aim as the establishment in Europe of co-operation in place of anarchy.

"The battle of Britain," declared Mr. Amery, "may not be over but its issue, I believe, is already decided. The battle of the Empire comes next. Frustrated in his attempt to destroy our Commonwealth by one blow at its heart, Hitler will try to do so by striking at the next most vital point, namely our hold on the Mediterranean, our lifeline to the east and particularly our position in Egypt and Palestine on both sides of the Suez Canal.

"If he could drive us out of there he could hope not only to secure the oil of Iraq and cotton of Turkey and Egypt but would be able to transport them by sea through ports of his allies or vassals. He would have broken through our blockade and be in a position to threaten India and British Africa at close quarters.

Hitler's Plots

"It is in the light of these aims that we must look at what has been happening in Rumania, what is being plotted against the independence of Bulgaria and what lies behind the conferences Hitler has been holding with Franco and Petain.

"Where and how the attempt is to be made we cannot yet judge, but it is up to us to beat it off as we have beaten off the attempt on this island. Then at last the time will come for turning the tables on our enemies and beginning our offensive.

"England is not alone in its struggle against the dictators. It is not to this country alone that Hitler will have to look for forces that will gather together to encompass his downfall. At this moment, a conference is assembled at Delhi of representatives of the Empire east and south of Suez to consider how the resources of all their territories can best be developed and mutually matched in order to produce the greatest volume of striking power in the future.

Britain's War Aims

"That is an immensely significant event in history. As Mr. Churchill said, it is the calling into being of a new world of armed strength to redress the balance of the old."

After pointing out that the British Air Force would continue to cripple Germany's resources at home, Mr. Amery stated: "In one sense, we settled the issue of the Napoleonic wars at Trafalgar, but it took another ten years before that victory was finally made good at Waterloo. We can hope, thanks to our growing air-power, that Hitler's Waterloo will come much more swiftly and no less conclusively."

Referring to war aims, he declared: "We wish to see established for others the principles which we believe fundamental to civilization. We wish to see established in Europe the elementary human rights of justice and freedom for individuals; the right of minorities to be respected by majorities and of small nations to live in peace side by side with greater ones—to see co-operation take the place of anarchy. Meanwhile our first task, in the words of Pitt, is to save ourselves by our exertions and Europe by our example."—Reuter.

Japan Considering Abe Suggestions

Recommendations Made for Policy in China; Warning To U.S. by "Kokumin"

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

The Tokyo "Nichi-Nichi," which usually is well informed, said today that Gen. Nobuyuki Abe, Japan's envoy at Nanking, had returned to Tokyo "to make important recommendations to the Government regarding synthetic efforts for settling the China affair."

The newspaper added that General Abe, who arrived here yesterday, will return to Nanking after his forthcoming conferences with high Government officials.

The envoy's recommendations, the paper said, will be based on the new international situation which has been created by Japan's inclusion in a tri-partite alliance with Germany and Italy.

The "Kokumin Shimbun" in an editorial today charged both the Democratic and Republican parties during the current American election campaign with "ruthlessly exploiting" the Far Eastern issue. This practice, the "Kokumin" warned, may drag the United States into hostilities.

In spite of the tactics being pursued in the United State, the paper continued Japan has been following "her just policy with fortitude and equanimity. However, the article conclude, in the event the United States should challenge Japan in defiance of the just opinion of sections of her own (America's) people, "Japan will not hesitate to accept the challenge".—United Press.

"Russia Eager to Come To Terms With Japan"

Retiring Japanese Envoy Gives His Impressions

Manchouli, Oct. 28.

Determination on the part of the Soviet Commissar, Viacheslav Molotov, to readjust Soviet-Japanese relations during his tenure of office, was told to pressmen here yesterday by Mr. Shigenori Togo, former Japanese ambassador to Soviet Russia.

Mr. Togo, who arrived here yesterday en route to Tokyo, has been replaced by Lieutenant-General Yoshitsugu Tatekawa who arrived in Moscow on October 24.

Looking back upon his term of office, the retiring Ambassador recalled, "When I arrived at my post two years ago, the sentiment towards Japan made it difficult to carry out diplomatic negotiations. At times, the relations between the two countries were much endangered, but I managed to settle most problems without loss of national prestige."

Mr. Togo declared that he was returning to Japan without concern over the future of Soviet-Japanese relations as "they now rest on a firm basis."—Domei.

S.V.C. Orders

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated October 25, 1940, are published for information. Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art. XI of Corps Regs.—Corps Headquarters Lt. M. C. Jensen September 16. Russian Detachment Capt. P. C. Poronnik September 14. Resignations:—Armoured Car Coy. 2nd Lt. B. C. Hancock resigns his commission—September 21. American M. G. Coy. Lt. W. T. Sullivan resigns his commission—October 9.

Promotions and Appointments:—Sergeant Tsao Sze Gin, is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed Company Sergeant Major of Interpreter Company with effect from October 25.

Transfers:—The undermentioned are transferred from Chinese Company to Interpreter Company with effect from October 24, 1940: Sergeant S. G. Tsao, Corporal T. H. Chang.

Mobilization Scheme, 1937—Return of:—Personnel in possession of S.V.C. Mobilization Scheme, (1937) resigning from the Corps, proceeding on leave, etc. are requested to return their copies of the above mobilization scheme to Corps Headquarters.

Long Service Medals—Awards:—The undermentioned have been awarded the medal for Long Service:—Captain D. M. P. Gutierres—Active 1928—1940. Captain C. P. Saveloff—Active 1928—1940. Lieutenant S. P. Balanovsky—Active 1928—1940. Sapper N. J. Koolesh—Active 1928—1940. Driver V. D. Stoopin—Active 1924—1932, 1933—1940.

Strength: — Increase: — The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse Tpr. V. H. W. Watton October 22. American Troop Tpr. J. M. Raleigh October 21. "A" Battalion:—Light Automatic (A.D.) Company Pte. E. Lewis October 18. "C" Battalion:—No. 3 (Vol) Company Pte. V. A. Kiriluk October 15. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Headquarters:—Sgt. E. J. Whitrob October 19. Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse Tpr. J. Mallett October 21. Tpr. J. D. V. D. Prandeler Oct. 22. American Troop Tpr. E. Sardeman October 18. Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Coy. Cpl. G. H. Blatchford October 21. L/Cpl. A. C. Moore October 21. Signals Company Sgt. V. Antronoff October 18. Sgm. N. N. Briansky October 18. Sgm. E. V. Agafonoff October 18. Interpreter Coy. Sgt. M. S. Liu October 22. Pte. Y. H. Dau October 23. "A" Battalion:—"B" Company Pte. H. E. Noble October 22. Scottish Company L/Cpl. E. J. Muir October 21. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company Sgt. N. J. Stabb October 23. Cpl. C. J. Gilnard October 23. Pte. R. Corbett October 23. Pte. L. E. Illingsworth October 23. "B" Battalion:—American Company Pte. R. A. Bell October 21. Pte. D. Kim October 21. Portuguese Coy. Pte. A. J. d'Almeida October 21.

Leave:—Light Horse 2nd Lieutenant W. B. Hughes from October 28 to November 18. Signals Company Lieutenant T. W. Chandler from October 19 to November 2. American M. G. Coy Lieutenant C. Melchers leave extended to April 30, 1941.

Kennedy Reports To President

Refuses to Comment on Situation in Britain Before Conference

New York, Oct. 28.

Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, the United States Ambassador to Great Britain, returned here yesterday aboard the Yankee Clipper.

Mr. Kennedy, who has been called America's "most bombed Ambassador," will report to President Roosevelt on the European War's effect on Britain.

The Ambassador declined to make any statement prior to his meeting with the President.

Mr. Kennedy looked fit but wearly as he stepped from the Pan-American Airways Clipper, carrying a bulging, shabby brief-case.

He refused to comment on a report that he might make a series of speeches in behalf of President Roosevelt's re-election.

Asked if he favoured a third term for the President he replied:

"You know what I said a year ago. Well, I still feel the same way."

Mr. Kennedy, a year ago, said he believed President Roosevelt should serve another term as President.

Mr. Kennedy was met at the airport by his wife and four daughters as well as his youngest son. Mr. Robert P. Stewart, the head of the British Empire division of the State Department, also was at the airport to meet Mr. Kennedy.—United Press.

U.S. Election Will Not Affect Policy

"Pravda" Sees No Difference Between Two Candidates

Moscow, Oct. 28.

Declaring that the outcome of the forthcoming elections in the United States would not affect the trend of the country's policy, the newspaper "Pravda" said here yesterday that only the pace of the policy's development would be affected.

Analyzing the impending presidential elections, the article asserted that the United States bourgeoisie were taking an active part in the programme to "divide the world." To attain this end, it was necessary for America to rearm and there was no difference between the two candidates for President except for the question of who was more able to fulfil the rearmament programme.

In this connection the "Pravda" quoted the "New York Times" in saying that the foreign policy of the two candidates showed little difference, but that Mr. Willkie was more able to realize the rearmament programme.—Domei.

"Asahi" Hints at U.S. Seizure of Antilles

Tokyo, Oct. 28.

"The seizure of the French-owned Lesser Antilles by the United States, as a countermeasure to a possible Franco-German agreement, may set a precedent for other non-belligerents to take steps which may react unfavourably upon Britain," comments the "Asahi Shimbun," in an editorial analyzing Washington's stand on the Vichy-Berlin rapprochement.—Reuter.

Electric Power in Japan Scarce

Factories Around Tokyo To Close One Day Each Week to Conserve Supply

Tokyo, Oct. 27.

Being the heaviest consumers of electricity, factories in and around Tokyo have decided to close their plants one day a week in order to avoid a repetition of last year's power shortage, the "Asahi" announced today.

Government authorities stress that this weekly holiday was a voluntary decision taken by the factories. Power consumption is expected to decline, as a result, by seven per cent.

The plan will apply only to those factories consuming more than 50 kilowatts of power daily.

Commenting on this decision, the "Kokumin Shimbun" states:

"Indications of the growing seriousness of the electricity supply situation have been apparent for some time. Recently, electric clocks in Tokyo have performed most erratically.

"The authorities concerned blamed the electricity shortage on a marked increase in consumption by householders. They are planning to launch a campaign to induce the residents of Tokyo to eliminate all waste of electricity and to avoid anything which will consume power, particularly electric irons which have been increasing in use during the past few years."—Havas.

Empress Dowager Grows Cotton in Japan

Successful Experiment Used To Stimulate Others

Tokyo, Oct. 27.

A trial growth of cotton has just been completed with great success in the grounds of the Omiya Detached Palace by Her Majesty the Empress Dowager, according to the "Japan Times."

Her Majesty, whose deep interest in rural labour has been shown by her cultivation of silkworms and rice plants, had several varieties of cotton seeds brought from the Aichi, Tochigi, and Tottori Prefectures. These seeds were grown in the palace grounds in four separate places. Some of the plants were placed in pots and brought inside the palace, so that the Empress Dowager could constantly watch their growth.

The cotton plants thus grown under Her Majesty's care since this spring number approximately 500, all of which produced bolls. The Empress Dowager, with the assistance of ladies-in-waiting, went out daily to pick the cotton until the harvest was completed.

The "Japan Times" added that the present Imperial harvest was made with the important aim of driving home to the average Japanese citizen the importance of cotton-growing, for the present condition of Japan's trade makes it impossible for her to obtain more cotton from abroad.—Havas.

OBITUARY

Professor Pollard-Urquhart

Kunming, Oct. 28.

A service in memory of the late Professor Pollard-Urquhart, of Tsinghua University, will be held under the auspices of that institution here today.

Professor Pollard-Urquhart died at Lotzu, near Kuming, on October 16 as a result of an unfortunate accident. When leaving Kunming during an air-raid alarm he was knocked down by a passing car and sustained a knee injury which proved fatal three days later. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. H. I. Prideaux-Brune, British Consul-General in Kunming.

He was born in Edinburgh on May 16, 1894, the second son of the late W. A. Pollard-Urquhart, of Castle Pollard, Westmeath, and was educated at Radley, then at Christ Church, Oxford. He served in the Great War and came to China 17 years ago and joined the staff of Tsinghua University in Peiping as Professor of the English language and literature. When the university was evacuated to Kunming in 1938 he accompanied it and up to the time of his death was the principal of an institute for the promotion of English studies, under the patronage of the Rockefeller Foundation.

Many expressions of sympathy have been received by Mr. Prideaux-Brune, particularly from many Chinese who knew Professor Pollard-Urquhart as a kindly sympathetic teacher and friend of the country in which he spent the last years of his life.—Reuter.

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sores, ringworm, itch, chapped lips and hands, piles and skin complaints generally are best treated with the delightfully fragrant ointment

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which also rapidly heals cuts, scratches, burns, scalds, bruises and other minor skin injuries. From all chemists.

Cooling—Soothing—Curative.

U.S. Rubber Independence Expected by 1941

Commerce Department Official Report on America's Rubber Problem Issued; Huge U.S. Requirements

Washington, Oct. 28.

UNITED States officials expect to obtain "freedom" from absolute dependence upon distant overseas supplies of rubber in the early part of 1941, according to an official report issued by the Commerce Department.

By such "freedom," officials mean that they expect the United States will no longer be totally dependent, even in emergency, upon rubber shipped from the distant Dutch East Indies and nearby sources of supply. The official statement regarding freedom prospects seemed to stress that it applied to "absolute dependence" upon Far Eastern rubber plantations. No mention was made of any intention to cease purchases entirely from that region.

The rubber freedom problem was linked in the report with the national defence problem and was said to be involved directly with naval power.

"About 97 per cent. of the total (rubber supply) is plantation-grown, coming to America from a distance of over 10,000 miles (from eastern regions), "the report said.

Rubber Routes

"In formal times, most of our rubber supply passes through the Suez Canal, and across the Atlantic Ocean, but when war involves the Mediterranean area, rubber goes the longer route around the Cape of Good Hope or comes across the Pacific direct to the Pacific ports or through the Panama Canal to Atlantic ports.

"It is the long ocean voyage of over 10,000 miles to the United States that makes supplies of this strategic material of the first consideration for the conduct of war. Without naval power, a country is deprived of supplies of rubber at the outset of war and is faced immediately with the necessity for substitution.

"Germany half succeeded in manufacturing commercially useful synthetic rubber during the World War and during the present European conflict it is reported that Germany has almost become independent of natural rubber requirements to substitution of synthetic rubber. In this respect it must be emphasized that the needs of Germany for rubber are about one-sixth those of the United States, which annually consumes approximately one-half of the world's output of natural rubber. The problem of the United States, therefore, is one of immense proportions."

Meeting the Problem

The report took up the various means of meeting this problem, including the possibility of supplies from current production in Latin-America. It said that only 65,000 tons of raw rubber was produced in the best years in this hemisphere and then only "at extremely high prices of well over US$1 a pound." The report added, "it is believed that a wartime need by the United States could not produce more—perhaps not half as much.

"Another consideration," it said, "is the need for rubber by the rubber-manufacturing industries in South America which would divert part of the production. Even 65,000 tons of natural rubber from the Western Hemisphere would be only 11 per cent. of the total requirements of the United States; current peacetime needs being 600,000 tons of natural rubber and 180,000 tons of reclaimed rubber a year, there would be the necessity of substituting other products for rubber in the manufacture of war materials.

Cultivation of Rubber

"Another long-term consideration would be the cultivation of rubber in the Western Hemisphere and possibly in the United States. Congress has appropriated US$500,000 to the Department of Agriculture to study and encourage rubber production in South and Central America. Several American experimental ventures to cultivate rubber in this territory have met with indifferent success owing to attacks of leaf disease and to the absence of an adequate and trained labour force.

These problems, however, are not believed to be impossible of solution, according to experts who have witnessed such experiments. Rubber trees mature in five years, and guayule shrubs mature in from three to five years. Guayule probably could be grown successfully in the United States. The shrub is native to certain areas in our South-west, and rubber has been produced from guayule in California. The time element, however, would make consideration of other possible sources of the utmost importance.

Reclaimed Rubber

"The use of reclaimed rubber (rubber, manufactured from discarded tyres and other rubber products) and the conservation of the small amount of natural rubber available at the outbreak of a war, would serve to keep our manufacturing industry in operation at a curtailed rate for the first year or perhaps the second year of the war. But then would come the acute need for natural rubber or a good substitute.

"The only immediate answer is synthetic rubber, and that this product would solve the problem of our wartime rubber supply is the belief of the National Defence Advisory Commission, according to a recent press release to the effect that, given a reasonable time, domestic manufacturers of synthetic rubber have the potential ability to free the United States of the need of importing natural rubber. About 2,000 tons of synthetic rubber were produced in this country during 1939, and less than 10,000 tons will be produced in 1940 even if the Defence Commission lends the influences of the Government to the financial technical problems of probuction now confronting the industry. With our peacetime annual needs for new natural rubber reaching almost 600,000-ton figure, it is apparent that great development must be made in the domestic manufacture of synthetic rubbers before this country can become entirely free of the need of importing crude rubber.—United Press.

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Life as a Recruit In Malaya

Shanghai Volunteer Describes His Early Experiences in Army

A number of the first group of Shanghai men to volunteer for service in H. M. Forces writes to Shanghai from Malaya describing some of his early impressions of army life. It was his intention to join the R. A. S. C. but he has now learned that three months training as a regular recruit is necessary before becoming a member of this important branch of the service. He realizes the hardships of life in the army, but is determined to buckle down to the job and make a success of it.

The letter follows:—

"Since I wrote my last letter to you I have again been shifted, this time to the 2nd Bn. The East Surrey Regiment. However, something has at last been done—I have signed on the dotted line and taken the oath of allegiance. When I went to be sworn in, I was told that it was not certain yet whether I would go to the R.A.S.C., and even if I were to go, I may have to serve three months in an infantry regiment. I said that that was quite agreeable, so now I am in the army. I have now given up all thought of going into the R.A.S.C. until my three months' recruit's training is up, when I shall give the matter further thought. One of the chaps who came down with me is going back to Shanghai—at least, he has been told that there is a good chance of that—as he apparently does not like army life and applied to be sent back. I find it rather difficult to get into, but if others can do it, so can I. After all, it is only a matter of becoming accustomed to it. I shall ask the chap going back to call on you, when he can tell you in detail all that has happened here.

No Reply to Letter

"Although my first letter was sent on September 15, nearly a month ago, I have not yet received a reply. I figured that a letter takes about ten days here to Shanghai, that means my letter would reach you on September 25. However, I expect the censor delays mail for a longer period than I realized. It certainly seems a long while since I left Shanghai—nearly seven weeks ago—sometimes I think it was nearly seven years!

"I have just found out, somewhat to my relief, that I was mistaken in thinking that the dollar had dropped to 1½d. According to the papers, Shanghai seems to be getting more than its share of troubles, with strikes, assassinations, etc., etc.

"Yesterday we had our first spell of rain in about eleven days, and it certainly made up for lost time. The rain came down in such torrents that we had to dig ditches around the tents to keep them from being flooded. It lasted for about three-quarters of an hour, after which the sun attempted to shine, and the weather became hot and sticky again. Whilst I am writing this a fresh breeze is blowing, and for a change I do not have to mop the perspiration off my face every five minutes.

Broadcasts Heard

"Since I have been here I have heard Alcott broadcast on two occasions. It is good to hear the old familiar "Good evening everybody". I have not heard his noon broadcasts yet, because the time clashes with dinner here, since the difference between the two places, i.e. Shanghai and Malaya—I should say "Somewhere in Malaya"—is exactly one hour. If it is 12 noon here, it is 1 p.m. in Shanghai.

"I expect my next letter will be about the kind of work or drills I have to do, as well as my impressions of army life in my capacity as a recruit."

Buenos Aires Police Raid Nazi Offices

Buenos Aires, Oct. 28.

Pursuant to an order issued by Judge Ramon Ocampo, police yesterday raided the headquarters of a number of German cultural and welcome organizations and the German trade union headquarters, located in the German Bank Building. Membership lists and other documents were seized. The Court also ordered an immediate investigation of a German boycott group.—United Press.

THE opium-suppression work in Shensi province is now nearly completed as the planting of poppies and the sale of opium has been wholly supressed, says a message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The provincial authorities yesterday ordered the various district authorities to strictly enforce the laws governing the punishment of opium smokers, traffickers and poppy planters and not to relax their disciplinary measures.

A popular Rendezvous!

CATHAY MANSIONS

TEA ROOM & BAR

ENTRANCE RUE CARDINAL MERCIER

OPEN EVERYDAY INCLUDING SUNDAY
FROM 10 A.M. UNTIL MIDNIGHT

PLAYER'S
CLIPPER
CIGARETTES
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Fresh Stocks Just Received!

CORK-TIPPED OR PLAIN

Your Favourite Cigarette

PLAYER'S

CLIPPER

IN PACKETS OF 10 OR TINS OF 50,
EITHER CORK-TIPPED OR PLAIN,
AS YOU PREFER.

Sold Everywhere... Smoked Everywhere!

FROM DAY TO DAY

This week's meeting of the Rotary Club of Shanghai, which will be held as usual, Thursday at 12.15 p.m., at the Metropole Hotel, 1st floor will be a closed meeting.

The Holy Family Convent is holding a bazaar on November 3, at 151 Route des Sœurs. Gifts of kittens, puppies, rabbits and guineapigs will be welcomed for sale in the animal stall. Those not sold will be returned to the donors.

It is interesting to note that in answer to an enquiry from Shanghai, Messrs. Crossley and McClellan have sent a cable in the following terms:—"Many thanks. All well, confident. London trading normally. No need anxiety."

The empty shell of a hand grenade was found at 2 p.m. on Sunday when a Chinese mason, walking in Rue Cassini noticed the missile and reported the discovery to a policeman on duty in the vicinity. The shell was removed to Police Headquarters.

Wong King-zeu, the licensee of a foreign food shop at 8 Chusan Road, was on October 25, fined $20 in the Special District Court for keeping milk which had been obtained from premises unlicensed by the Council contrary to Condition 26 of his licence.

As a result of a series of alleged rebellions among Chinese troops on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway areas many trains have been blown up in the Changchow-Nanking sector of the line during the past week, says a Tunki Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." The damaged trains can still be seen beside the tracks.

Mr. Tsunao Soejima, member of the board of directors of the Central China Development Company, returned to Shanghai in the N.Y.K. liner, Yawata Maru, from Tokyo on Saturday. During his visit to the Japanese Capital, Mr. Soejima consulted with the government on the next fiscal year budget, according to the "Shanghai Mainichi" yesterday.

Yu Ching-keng, said to be a leader of guerillas in the Minghong area met his death on Sunday afternoon in Lunghwa where he was shot three times by a gunman who escaped, according to the "Shun Pao." Yu was walking in Lukayen, a village in Lunghwa shortly after 3 p.m. when he was suddenly attacked and killed outright.

An S.M.C. Revenue Office Tax Collector was victimized yesterday morning when he became a spectator of an armed robbery at House 72 Lane 214 Yates Road at 10 a.m. Three armed men entered the house and robbed the occupants of $56 and a gold ring. Seeing the tax collector there, the robbers searched him taking away $312.86 which he collected on behalf of the S.M.C. No arrests were made.

The S.M.P., with the consent of the Japanese Naval Landing party, will shoot all stray and unmuzzled dogs in the "D" Division area which comprises Wayside, Yangtszepoo, and Yulin Road police districts, between the hours of 5.30 a.m. and 8 a.m. between October 28 and November 16. Due warning will be given to owners of licensed dogs in the district before the campaign against the strays commences, it is understood.

The health report of the French Municipality for the week ending October 26, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese 215. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, typhoid fever, pneumonia and tuberculosis one each, Chinese, tuberculosis 23; dysentery 10; typhoid and paratyphoid fevers 10; pneumonia 4; beri-beri 4; cerebrospinal meningitis 2 and cholera one.

The Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight October 26, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement was—Foreigners 15 and Chinese 747. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, tuberculosis one and Chinese, tuberculosis 36; typhoid fever 10 dysentery 13; beri-beri 7; diphtheria 3; influenza 3; cholera 2; malaria 2; choleraic diarrhoea 2 and cerebrospinal fever, measles one each.

The temporary shortage of pork in Shanghai markets was relieved on Sunday with the arrival of more than 2,000 hogs from Kiangpei, reports the "Sin Wan Pao." There are about 1,000 pork dealers in Shanghai the majority of whom were compelled to suspend business on Sunday as no fresh supplies were available, but a few managed to dispose of leftovers of the previous day. The shortage sent prices up to more than C$3.00 per catty, but prices were expected to return to C$1.20 per catty yesterday.

A sharp decrease of minor crimes was recorded in the Police report for the week ending October 26, with only 339 crimes being reported as compared to 417 during the previous week. The only increase was shown in the armed robbery cases where 37 were reported, including five attempts. The others were on the downward stride, specially the larceny cases where a decrease of 74 was shown. Less arrests, however, were also made during the week, the total number dropping by 21. Police identified 180 persons out of the 464 arrested, the biggest batch being for larceny where 149 were apprehended and 68 proved to be old offenders.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Gold Star	Cruise	—
[illegible] M.	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Anwui	Haiphong	Dah Hsing
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	F.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	It.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	It.	Gbt.	1-2 B

SHIPPING NEWS

The U.S.S. Gold Star supply ship of the American Asiatic Fleet, arrived in Shanghai early yesterday morning on a routine visit, it has no connection with the evacuation of Americans from Shanghai.

* * *

The ss. **Nagasaki Maru,** of the Toa Kaiun Kaisya, arrived in port yesterday afternoon at 3.30 from Nagasaki direct, tying up at the company's Wayside Wharf. She is due to sail again for Japan this morning at 8.30, carrying mail and passengers.

* * *

The Toa Kaiun Kaisya express liner ss. **Taiyo Maru** is due to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning from Kobe direct, docking alongside the company's Wayside Wharf. The liner will stay here for three days, sailing again for Japan at 7 a.m. on November 2.

* * *

The ss. **D'Artagnan,** mail liner of the Messageries Maritimes Line, is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon at about 1 o'clock, according to the latest local information. She comes here from Saigon and Manila, and will dock at Hunt's Wharf. The D'Artagnan will stay in port for two days, sailing on Friday morning for Kobe direct.

* * *

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru,** of the D.K.K. which arrived in Shanghai on Sunday afternoon from Dairen and Tsingtao, is due to sail on her return trip to these ports this morning at 9 o'clock, carrying mail and passengers. The Tsingtao Maru has been berthed alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf, and passengers should embark from there direct.

* * *

The ss. **Vasaholm,** fast freighter of the Maersk Line, is not expected to enter port until about November 2, several days behind schedule. She will bring about 950 tons of general cargo for discharge here from New York, tying up alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf. En route from New York the freighter made calls at Norfolk, Savannah, the Panama Canal and Los Angeles. After discharging her cargo the Vasaholm will sail for Manila direct.

* * *

The ss. **President Pierce,** of the American President Lines, is scheduled to arrive in Shanghai on Thursday morning, tying up at the lower buoys. The liner will continue her east-bound voyage to the U.S.A. on the day after arrival. The exact time of arrival and arrangements about tenders will be announced tomorrow. The Pierce comes here from Manila and Hongkong, and en route for Los Angeles will call at Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco. Visitors will not be allowed on board the liner during her stay in port, it was learned.

* * *

The ss. **Hoten Maru,** D.K.K. express liner operating on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run, is due to arrive in harbour this afternoon at about 4 o'clock from the north. The liner will tie up at the company's Whangpoo Wharf. The Hoten Maru will stay in port for two days, sailing again on her return trip to the northern ports at 9 o'clock on Thursday morning. Passengers are requested to be on board the steamer at least half an hour before sailing time. Registered and ordinary mail for the ship will be closed at the Post Office at 8 p.m. tomorrow and 7.15 Thursday morning, respectively.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From DAIREN: Hoten Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York	From Honolulu
Stl. M'ner —29/11	K'kura M 3/10 8/11
F'field C. 16/10 19/12	**From Manila**
From Los Angeles	P Pierce 25/10 31/10
K'kura M 26/9 8/11	P C'lidge 30/10 4/11
From Seattle	**From Kobe**
W Custa 30/9 5/11	Taiyo M 28/10 30/10
C'sworth 15/10 20/11	**From Nagasaki**
	N'saki 29/10 30/10

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	From Hongkong
D'ren M 30/10 1/11	P Pierce 29/10 31/10

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool	For Manila
Suwa M 7/12	West Cuseta 7/11
	Collingsworth 23/11
For Bombay	**For Hongkong**
Okitu M 7/11	Kamakura M 8/11
For New York	**For Kobe**
Yawata M 7/11	Taiyo M 2/11
Hokuroku M 12/11	Yawata M 7/11
Fairfield City 20/12	**For Nagasaki**
For San Francisco	Shanghai M 29/10
P Pierce 1/11	Nagasaki M 31/10
P Coolidge 6/11	**For Dairen**
Kamakura M 15/11	Tsingtao M 29/10
P Taft 21/11	Hoten M 31/10
For Seattle	Dairen M 3/11
West Cuseta 7/11	Tsingtao M 5/11
Collingsworth 23/11	Hoten M 8/11

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Husan M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Sado M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Tainan M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Asahi M.	Jap.	K.U.K.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-California Line
via Honolulu
YAWATA MARU 11 a.m. Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 18
*ASAMA MARU .... Nov. 27
*Sailing from Kobe
TATUTA MARU .... Dec. 13
NITTA MARU ...... Dec. 23

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU .... Nov. 12
HEIAN MARU ...... Dec. 3
HIKAWA MARU ..... Dec. 21

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKITO MARU ...... Nov. 5

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU .... Nov. 18

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
SUWA MARU .... Dec. 7
Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Karachi
OKITU MARU ...... Nov. 7
ANYO MARU .... Nov. 27

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
NARUTO MARU .... Nov. 11

Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 15

31 The Bund NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA Telephone 13840
General Passenger Agents, Cunard—White Star Line

BLUE FUNNEL LINE
Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

A-O. LINE LTD.
(AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE LTD.)
Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
(CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.)
Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
NORTH and SOUTH CHINA PORTS—HONGKONG—MANILA SIAM—INDO CHINA—STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA—SOLOMON ISLANDS

Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers,

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 32020

MAERSK LINE
Homeward:
Swedish ms. VASAHOLM
Loading November 20/21.

Via Japan for Los Angeles and via Panama to New York and Boston direct, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

OUTWARDS:
Arr. Shanghai.
ms. VASAHOLM .... Nov. 2
ms. BARDALAND .... Dec. 2

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.

MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE
Between Puget Sound—Shanghai—Hongkong—Philippine Islands.

Vessel	*Sails Seattle*	*Shanghai Arr./Sails*	*Hongkong arrives*	*Manila Arr./Sails*
ms. CROWN CITY*	Sailed	Omits	Oct. 29	Oct. 29/26
ms. WEST CUSSETA	Sailed	Nov. 5/7	Nov. 10	Nov. 15/23
ss. COLLINGSWORTH**	Oct. 15	Nov. 21/23	Nov. 16	Nov. 9/13

*Calls Taku Bar, Nov. 6
**Calls Taku Bar, Nov. 26

Subject to change without notice

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE
Joint Round-the-World Express Service

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers

Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space

For further particulars regarding.

PRINCE LINE
Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE
Apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N. V.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

"Like two trips in one"
via Canadian Pacific
BY SAIL AND RAIL

Steamer fun and train speed—enjoy both going Home. Take the popular EMPRESSES and experience the world-famous cuisine and friendly hospitality...then the thrill of travelling on air-conditioned trains across Canada.... The Majestic Rocky Mountains, Great Lakes, Niagara Falls......

Convenient connecting train service to United States points.

SAILINGS: TO PACIFIC COAST—

First Week in November	Fourth week in December
First week in December	Second week in February

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—

Third week in November	Third week in December

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road Telephone 19490

K.P.M.-LINE
A Suggestion for Your Holiday

GO TO
AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND
Splendid through connections and attractive fares per J.C.J.L. and K.P.M. de luxe vessels.

For further particulars please apply to the Agents:
Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE
Connecting with South Manchuria and Trans-Siberian Railways
Shortest route between Europe and Far East.

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	*Departure (Shanghai Time.)*
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 27	Oct. 29 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 29	Oct. 31 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 1	Nov. 3 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 4	Nov. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 6	Nov. 8 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 9	Nov. 11 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 12	Nov. 14 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. TIENTSIN MARU ....Departure: Nov. 1 at 9 a.m.
ss. PEKING MARU .... „ Nov. 3 at 1 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU .... Nov. 4

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

Next Sailing about Nov. 25
ms. Dona Aniceta sails Dec. 23

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

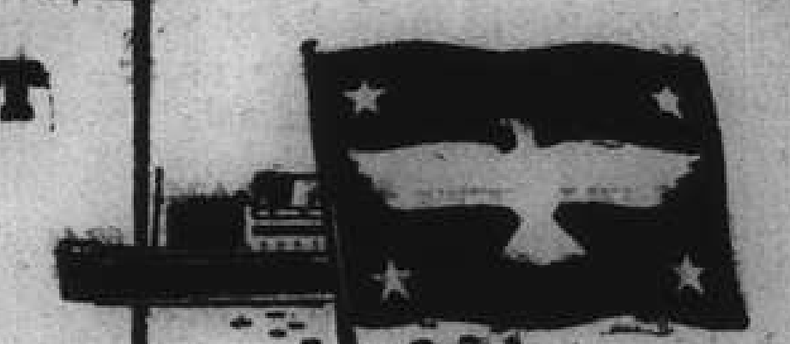
For freight and passage apply to:
DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service
Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
Next Sailing about end of October
For Freight and Passage Rates apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



TRANS-PACIFIC: Via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.
PRES. PIERCE .. .. Nov. 1
PRES. COOLIDGE .. .. Nov. 6
PRES. TAFT .. .. Nov. 21
PRES. CLEVELAND .. .. Dec. 9
PRES. COOLIDGE .. .. Dec. 31

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA
PRES. VAN BUREN (Freight only) .. .. .. Dec. 6
PRES. JACKSON (Maiden Voyage) .. .. .. Dec. 12
PRES. COOLIDGE .. .. Dec. 18

ROUND-THE-WORLD: via Capetown and Trinidad to New York.
PRES. VAN BUREN (Freight only) .. .. .. Dec. 6
PRES. JACKSON (Maiden voyage) .. .. .. Dec. 12

SPECIAL SAILINGS
ss. Monterey, to San Francisco via Sydney, Auckland, Suva and Honolulu .... Nov. 3
ss. Mariposa, to San Francisco via Chinwangtao, Kobe and Honolulu .... Nov. 10
ss. Washington, to Los Angeles about .... Nov. 19

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
Round World Services

51 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

P. & O.
B. I.
—and—
E. & A.

FOR SAILINGS TO JAPAN, HONGKONG, AUSTRALIA, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, STRAITS AND UNITED KINGDOM.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

For particulars apply to the Agents:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
27 The Bund Telephone 11428

TŌA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service
Arrival *Departure (Shanghai Time)*
SHANGHAI MARU Oct. 28 .... Oct. 29 at 8.30 a.m.
(Wayside Wharf) (Wayside Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU Oct. 30 .... Oct. 31 at 8.30 a.m.
KOBE MARU Nov. 1 .... Nov. 3 at 8.30 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU Nov. 3 .... Nov. 4 at 8.30 a.m.
Kobe Express Service
Departure (Shanghai Time)
TAIYO MARU Oct. 30 .... Nov. 2 at 7 a.m.
(Wayside Wharf) (Wayside Wharf)
Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 1st.
TAIYO MARU Nov. 22 .... Nov. 26
For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel, Telephones 42350, 44064

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 The Bund Telephone 19600

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freight and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
HOKUROKU MARU .... Nov. 12
KANSAI MARU End of Nov.

Kobe Sailings
For South America via Panama
SEIA MARU .... Oct. 29
KURAMA MARU .... Nov. 4
ARGENTINA MARU .... Nov. 12
For E. and S. Africa and S. America
AFRICA MARU .... Oct. 29
MONTEVIDEO MARU ... Nov. 26

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
CANBERRA MARU .... Nov. 2
For Bombay and Karachi
ATLAS MARU .... Nov. 5
For Rangoon and Calcutta
HIMALAYA MARU .... Nov. 12
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ...... Nov. 29

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU .... Nov. 6

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephones 15323-15324

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK
MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 27/32d.		$ 62.44
U.S. $100 @ 5 15/16		$1,684.21
Yen	23¼	$100
Guilders	11⅛	100
Rupees	21¼	100
Pesos	11⅝	100
Hongkong	$25½	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 31/32d.	$ 60.47
U.S. $100 @ 6 1/16	$1,649.00
London—demand, $1=	3 31/32d.
4 months' sight credits	4 d.
4 months' sight docts	4 1/32d.
6 months' sight credits	4 1/32d.
6 months' sight docts	4 1/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $6 1/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $6⅛
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $6 3/16

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03½ U.S. $1=59.52d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 31/32 U.S. $6½
Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 11⅛

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,632.653 £1=$60.952
Selling U.S.$100=$1,684.210 £1=$62.950

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling	Selling Rate	@ 6d	per H.H.$	1
„	Buying „	@ 6 1/32	„ H.H.$	1
U.S.$	Selling „	@ 9 7/16	„ H.H.$	100
„	Buying „	@ 9 5/16	„ H.H.$	100
Local $ (Fapi)	selling	@ 153	per H.H.$	100
	buying	@ 156	„ H.H.$	100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.797
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.476

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	3 31/32	Lowest	3 31/32
U.S. $		6 5/32		3 31/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Oct.		Oct./Nov.	
£ T.T.	3 31/32	4 m/s. l.c.	4 1/16
U.S.$ T.T.	6 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	6¼
Rs. T.T.	22⅛	15 d/s.	22⅝

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	61.06	—
Bombay offtake 25 bars.		

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Oct. 27 4.03¼
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.70
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.72

The local market opened with nominal quotations of 3 31/32d sterling and 5 15/16 U.S. dollars. Shortly after the opening Hongkong interests came out as sellers of sterling. Local speculators followed as sellers of U.S. dollars, resulting in a very firm market. Quotations advanced steadily thereafter, closing at the high rates for the day; there being Interbank sellers at:—

3 31/32	sterling	6 3/16	U.S.$	Cash/Oct.
3 31/32	„	6⅛	„	Nov/Dec.

Japan Silk Trade Hit By Anti-Luxury Laws

Guilds Seek Further Loans From Banks

Tokyo, Oct. 27.

Severely hit by the enforcement of the anti-luxury laws on July 7, silk textile merchant guilds in Kyoto have approached the Central Bank for Commercial and Industrial Guilds for a loan of Y. 1,000,000, the "Yomiuri" said today.

The guilds have already borrowed some Yen 12,000,000 from various banks for the disposal of prohibited goods held by members of these guilds.

Huge Sum Involved

Since no headway is being made in the disposal of these stocks, the guilds have applied for a further loan. However, in view of the huge sum involved, it appears that the authorities of the Central Bank for Commercial and Industrial Guilds are reluctant to accede to this request.

Nevertheless, the bank is at present discussing the matter with the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

It is considered probable that the bank, should it agree to grant a further loan to the guilds, will cut down the original figure of Y. 1,000,000 considerably.—Havas.

Szechuan to Adopt Three Year Economic Plan

Chungking, Oct. 27.

The Szechuan Production Committee has just drafted a three-year economic plan, the object of which would be to develop the province's foreign trade, speed up the production of arms and munitions, and to cater to the needs of the population.

The plan, as drafted by the committee, is divided into four sections: 1. Hydraulic and electric power; 2. Agriculture and Forestry; 3 Industry and Mines; 4. Communications.

The Szechuan Production Committee estimates that the completion of this plan would cost approximately $1,000,000,000.

According to well-informed circles here, the plan will be enforced early next January after it has been approved by Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-shek.—Havas.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Oct. 28	Bid Prices a.m. Closing		p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.175	S	.175	S
Baguio Gold	.14		.14	
Big Wedge	.22	S	.22	S
Consolidated Mines	.0014		.0014	
East Mindanao	.07	S	.07	S
I. X. L.	.24		.24	
Ipo Gold	.05		.05	
Itogon	.16	S	.16	S
Masbate Consolidated	.065	S	.065	S
North Camarines	.023		.023	
Paracale Gumaus	.15		.17	S
Suyoc	.09		.0925	S
United Paracale	—		.155	S
Mindanao Motherlode	.095	S	.095	S
Manila Hai-Alai	6.70	S	6.70	S

Turnover for the Morning 17,100 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 50.44.
S—Sales.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Oct. 28.

Silver prices declined slightly today, the quotations being:—

	Oct. 25	Oct. 26
London spot	23½d.	23 7/16d.
„ forward	23 7/16d.	23⅜d.
„ gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

After a somewhat slow start, the market rallied under the leadership of Wheelocks and the new Ewo Brewery issues; in fact, it seemed almost as if all business was being confined to these two stocks. The rumour of an impending dividend in Wheelocks was the reason for their firmness, the price rising from $76½ in the morning to close with buyers at $82. In spite of extremely heavy "stag" selling, Ewo Breweries maintained a firm front all day. At the opening, business was done at $8, but selling drove the price to $7.60. at which rate it was strongly supported, to close the day at $7.75, with the huge turnover of 177,000 shares. As has been said, other industrials and rubbers were neglected as a result of the extreme activity in the two previously mentioned issues. Exchange ruled firm throughout, which may have been the factor that our market did not show any great appreciation.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	270.32	—0.37
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	242.25	—5.00

Total 435,294 shares 7,270 bonds.

Morning Session

China Finance					1000	0.94
Yangtsze Finance					1000	*11.50
	500	11.30	2000	11.50		
S'hai Loan (X.D.)					500	25.50
I. I. Trust			1500	18.80	2500	18.70
	4000	18.60	1000	*18.70	1000	18.50
	500	18.70	1000	18.90		
S'hai Securities			9000	4.80	6500	4.85
	3500	4.75	500	4.70	500	4.75
China Realty					1500	7.10
Central Prop.					400	15.80
S'hai Land			1000	11.00	2000	10.90
	1000	10.80				
Dockyards			2700	27.25	400	27.00
	300	*27.25	5300	27.50	100	*27.50
	800	*27.25	300	27.50	1300	27.25
	3800	27.00	1200	26.75	1800	27.50
	300	27.25				
Ewo Brewery			4000	8.00	7000	*8.00
	900	7.90	100	*7.90	2000	7.80
	5100	7.75	1000	7.85	500	*7.75
	1900	7.70	15400	7.65	2400	*7.60
	2400	7.60	2500	*7.65	2200	7.65
	10100	7.70	1600	*7.65	600	7.60
	2000	*7.70	600	7.75	1400	7.65
	1400	*7.65	250	*7.70	1500	*7.75
	700	7.70	6200	7.75	2375	*7.80
	6500	7.80	7400	7.75	1500	*7.75
	1700	7.70	900	*7.70	11600	*7.75
	5000	7.75	1000	*7.70	6600	7.70
	650	*7.75	100	7.65	9000	7.65
	800	*7.70	1425	*7.60	2200	7.60
	2500	7.65	2100	7.70	200	*7.70
	200	7.75	1900	7.80	2100	*7.80
	3600	7.75	3700	7.85	1000	*7.80
	100	*7.75	700	7.80	75	7.75
	50	7.70	50	7.70	50	7.70
	50	7.65	50	7.85	75	7.70
	50	7.75	75	7.70	50	7.70
	50	7.75	75	7.75	75	7.65
	50	7.85	50	7.65	50	7.60
	75	7.65	75	7.75	50	7.75
	75	7.75	75	7.70		
Wheelock			100	77.50	2100	77.00
	7300	76.50	600	*76.50	200	76.00
	3600	77.00	2400	76.50	1800	*76.50
	1200	77.00	1000	77.50	100	*78.00
	600	78.00	200	78.50	1700	79.50
	1200	*79.50	300	80.00	100	*79.50
	200	78.50	300	*79.00	200	79.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			300	37.50	700	*37.25
	5600	37.25	100	*37.00	200	37.00
	600	36.75	500	36.50	200	*36.50
	800	37.00	500	*37.25	800	37.25
	200	37.00				
China Textile			4500	8.00	4500	7.95
	1000	7.90	500	7.80	500	7.85
	2000	7.90	1000	8.00	1600	7.95
	500	7.80	500	7.85	2000	7.90
	80	8.05				
Tram (Bearer) £1					300	*43.75
	500	43.75				
C. G. Omnibus					300	17.90
Telephone			1700	41.50	300	42.00
	400	41.75	100	*42.00	400	*41.50
	1000	41.25	1400	41.00	800	41.50
S'hai Gas (Old)					200	16.40
Metal			2900	25.25	300	25.50
	400	*25.25	2000	25.00	200	*24.75
	1400	25.25	1000	*25.25	100	*25.50
Lumber			200	38.00	200	37.50
	100	37.00	500	37.25		
Kaiping					100	38.00
Exploration			3500	21.50	1000	*21.50
	9500	21.25	500	*21.25	1000	*21.50
	4500	21.00	500	*21.00	1500	21.25
	1000	21.50	1000	*21.50	1000	21.25
Power (Pref)			20	129.00	10	128.75
Anglo Dutch					400	17.70
Anglo Java			1700	32.00	400	31.50
	1700	32.25	200	*32.00	700	32.50
	1000	32.00	1500	32.25		
Cheng					2000	0.76
Kroewoek					3000	2.50
Langkat			2200	22.50	300	*22.50
	900	22.75	100	*22.75	400	22.25
	300	22.50				
Rubber Trust					500	8.60
Samagaga					2000	1.50
Tanah Merah					1800	3.05
Tebong					1000	1.38
Ziangbe					200	20.25
S. M. C. 6% 1940					500000	*86.00
	227000	86.00				

ODD LOTS

Ewo Brewery			75	7.70	50	7.75
	75	7.65	50	*7.60	50	7.60
	50	7.60	75	7.75	75	7.65
	50	7.75	50	7.70	50	*7.70
	50	7.70	50	7.75	50	*7.75
	50	7.65	50	7.70	75	7.65
	50	7.80	75	7.75	75	7.70
	25	7.70	75	7.80	50	7.65
	50	7.65	50	7.65	50	*7.70
	50	7.65	75	7.75	25	*7.75
	50	*7.70	50	*7.70	75	7.65
	50	7.70	50	*7.70	50	7.75
	50	7.75	75	7.75	50	7.75
	50	7.75	75	7.80	50	7.70
	50	7.75	50	7.75	50	7.70
	50	7.70	25	7.75	25	7.70
	75	7.70	25	7.70		
Ewo Mills (Ord)					70	36.75
Tebong					59	1.42
China Textile					100	*7.90
Int. Assurance					100	16.90
Wheelock					40	77.50
Exploration					180	*21.00
Langkat					70	*22.25
Int. Assurance					100	17.20

Afternoon Session

Yangtsze Finance					1000	11.60
I. I. Trust			1000	18.90	2500	19.00
	1000	19.10	1500	18.90		
S'hai Securities			1000	4.75	6500	4.80
China Realty					1000	*7.10
Central Prop					300	15.80
S'hai Land			500	10.70	1500	10.60
Dockyards			2800	27.25	900	*27.50
	2700	27.50	3700	27.25	600	*27.50
	100	27.00	100	*27.00	300	27.25
Ewo Brewery			4100	*7.75	900	*7.80
	7200	7.75	150	*7.75	1400	7.80
	100	*7.80	5000	7.75	7000	7.70
	1000	7.75				
Wheelock			200	80.00	800	81.50
	600	*81.00	500	81.00	400	81.50
	900	82.00	3100	82.50	200	*82.50
	2300	83.00	200	*83.00	100	*83.50
	7300	82.50	4100	*82.50	400	82.00
	300	*82.00	1100	82.50	300	*82.50
	3700	82.00	800	*82.00	700	*81.50
	5300	81.50	2700	82.00		
Ewo Mills (Ord)			800	37.00	400	36.50
	100	36.75	200	*36.75	400	*37.00
	3100	37.00	400	*36.75	1200	36.75
China Textile			500	7.90	2500	7.95
	4500	8.00	500	*8.00	1000	7.90
C. G. Omnibus			200	18.00	200	17.90
Telephone			300	*41.50	2800	41.75
	1700	*42.00	900	42.00		
Metal			800	25.00	1200	25.25
	1800	25.50	300	*25.50		
Lumber					100	37.25
Kaiping					100	37.00
Exploration			7500	21.50	1000	*21.50
	3500	21.75	500	21.25		
Anglo Dutch					100	17.60
Anglo Java					600	32.25
Kroewoek					2000	*2.50
Langkat			400	22.25	600	22.50
	100	22.75				
Samagaga					1000	1.50
Kelantan					1000	0.88
Tebong			2000	1.40	1000	*1.38
Ziangbe			1400	20.00	100	*20.00

ODD LOTS

Ewo Mills (Ord)			50	37.50	50	36.50
Textile			200	7.90	400	7.80
Ewo Brewery			50	7.65	50	7.70
	25	7.80	50	7.70	25	*7.60
	50	7.75	50	7.70	75	7.70
	50	7.70	50	7.70	50	7.70
	50	7.75	50	7.75	50	7.70
	75	7.75	75	7.75	75	7.75
	75	7.75	75	7.75	75	7.75
	50	7.75	50	7.75	75	7.75
	75	7.75	75	7.75	75	7.75

*—Direct Business

Sept. Rubber Output

	lb.
S'hai Kelantan R.E. Ltd.	23,839

China's Sept. Foreign Trade

Net Imports Amount to G.U. 61,055,329; Total For the Year G.U. 571,651,832

ACCORDING to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of this country, net imports during September, 1940 totalled G.U.61,055,329 (G.U.=40¼ pence sterling for September); net exports $177,788,873. January-September figures were G.U.571,651,832 and $1,442,995,373, as against G.U. 438,404,047 and $677,787,690 respectively in 1939.

Net Imports (in thousands)
Including Bond Withdrawals

	Sept. 1940 G.U.	Jan. 1939 G.U.	Sept. 1940 G.U.
Cotton P.G. Grey	45	1,006	285
Piece white or dyed	1,089	2,410	5,676
Piece printed	34	1,307	731
Piece miscellaneous	98	392	814
Cotton raw, yarn	7,934	60,952	89,693
Cotton manu, sundry	201	1,069	1,702
Flax, ramie, hemp	1,113	6,797	13,122
Wool and manu.	1,516	8,777	9,693
Silk	1,107	8,909	11,484
Metal and ores	6,457	23,295	38,396
Machinery and tools	4,353	18,211	21,316
Vehicles and vessels	1,549	14,143	12,453
Metal manu.	1,292	10,888	12,223
Fishery products	1,214	4,544	9,369
Canned goods	900	5,385	10,791
Cereals and flour	7,883	70,940	99,801
Fruits, and seeds	596	8,894	10,742
Medicinal goods	530	3,666	5,935
Sugar	2,651	19,841	20,874
Wines, beer	250	2,025	2,477
Tobacco	1,286	13,517	16,560
Pharmaceuticals	2,861	25,475	26,617
Dyes, varnishes	1,314	15,445	14,019
Candles, resins, etc.	2,907	36,389	41,945
Books, maps, paper	3,337	20,262	21,766
Hides, leather, etc.	622	2,326	3,783
Timber	1,510	11,367	16,755
Bamboo	651	3,654	6,050
Coal, fuel, tar	2,002	9,157	15,879
Chinaware, etc.	306	1,831	2,229
Stone, earth	277	1,909	2,113
Sundry	3,093	23,604	26,340
Grand Total	61,055	438,404	571,651

Net Exports (in thousands)

	Sept. 1940 C.S.$	Jan. 1939 C.S.$	Sept. 1940 C.S.$
Animal products	38,968	138,296	224,028
Hides, leather	4,526	19,741	56,281
Fish products	267	2,725	3,383
Beans and peas	1,104	4,923	10,666
Cereals	736	20,321	21,124
Dyestuffs, vegetables	388	2,098	3,108
Fruits, preserves	1,235	9,718	9,987
Medicinals	2,765	14,681	22,766
Oils, tallow and wax	7,256	40,975	86,876
Seeds	4,823	17,858	34,515
Spirituous beverages	361	1,204	4,002
Sugar	212	418	921
Tea	6,569	14,236	91,471
Tobacco	498	8,192	4,640
Vegetables	2,439	9,274	14,299
Vegetable products	2,100	5,764	12,983
Bamboo	75	1,385	1,468
Fuel	7,244	21,056	50,342
Rattan	15	67	106
Timber	853	3,396	6,928
Paper	1,308	5,970	13,338
Textile fibres	35,261	98,864	248,284
Yarn, thread	20,543	48,864	124,755
Piece goods	8,328	32,149	90,586
Other textiles	7,892	19,041	56,382
Ores, metals	6,779	76,168	103,272
Glass, glassware	1,194	2,438	12,728
Stone, earth	1,578	6,841	13,403
Chemicals	2,922	9,230	29,998
Printed matter	409	2,340	3,724
Sundry	9,125	39,540	86,526
Grand Total	177,788	677,787	1,442,599

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
Value of Gold and Silver: by Countries

	Gold			Silver		
	September 1940	January-September 1939	1940	September 1940	January-September 1939	1940
	G.U.	G.U.	G.U.	$	$	$
Imported from						
Great Britain	—	336	—	—	—	—
Japan	—	—	—	—	824	—
Total Imports	—	336	—	— *	824	— †
Exported to						
Burma	—	400,793	—	—	—	15,205,000
French Indo-China	—	—	—	—	1,044,000	—
Hongkong	2,746,698	986,071	10,131,160	84,127	898,622	89,640
Kwangchowwan	—	—	—	—	2,943	—
Total Exports	2,746,698	1,392,864	10,131,160	84,127	1,945,565	15,294,640‡

* Bank-notes, face value Chinese $12,205 were imported during the month.
† Nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $7,604 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $156,028,342 and Hongkong $147,295 were imported during the period.
‡ Not including bank-notes, face value Chinese $3,038,945, Piastres 903,300, Hongkong $2,150,750, Yen 1,500,000, English £10,850 and U.S. $75,000.

Value of Merchandise

	September 1940		January-August 1939		1940	
	G.U.	$	G.U.	$	G.U.	$
Gross Imports	61,596,644	—	441,215,341	—	575,768,845	—
Less Re-exports Abroad	541,315	—	2,811,294	—	4,117,013	—
Net Imports	61,055,329	165,276,776	438,404,047	1,061,731,564	571,651,832	1,547,461,508
Gross Exports	—	178,852,100	—	679,930,886	—	1,447,521,156
Less Re-imports from Abroad	—	1,063,227	—	2,143,196	—	4,525,783
Net Exports	—	177,788,873	—	677,787,690	—	1,442,995,373
Total Net Imports and Exports	—	343,065,649	—	1,739,519,254	—	2,990,456,881

Value of Gold and Silver

	September 1940		January-September 1939		1940	
	G.U.	$	G.U.	$	G.U.	$
Gold Coins imported	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gold Bullion „	—	—	336	—	—	—
Silver Coins „	—	—	—	—	—	—
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	824	—	—
Total Imports	—	— *	336	824	—	— *
Gold Coins exported	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gold Bullion „	2,746,698	—	1,392,864	—	10,131,160	—
Silver Coins „	—	84,127	—	1,681,054	—	13,969,640
Silver Bullion „	—	—	—	264,511	—	1,325,000
Total Exports	2,746,698	84,127	1,392,864	1,945,565	10,131,160	15,294,640*
Total net Imports and Exports	2,746,698	84,127	1,393,200	1,946,389	10,131,160	15,294,640

*Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins and bank-notes.

Research Plant for Synthetic Rubber

Japan to Spend Y.5,000,000 On Experimental Institute

Tokyo, Oct. 27.

At a cost of Y5,000,000, an institute for the research of synthetic rubber is to be constructed in Japan in the near future, the "Nikkan Kokyo Shimbun" announced today.

The paper obtained its information from a high official of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry following a meeting of the Japan Reclaimed Rubber Industrial Association.

Plans

According to the paper, the Ministry of Commerce and Industry has been planning for some time to set up a plant for the research of synthetic rubber.

The Y. 5,000,000 will be provided by the Japan Federation of Rubber Associations and the Japan Reclaimed Rubber Industrial Association.

Physical and chemical research for suitable synthetic rubbers will be the main work of the new institute which will be composed of four separate departments, namely a business, planning, research and investigation department.

It is understood that the new institute will, immediately following its inauguration, absorb existing research organizations of private companies such as the Bridgestone tyre, Yokohama Rubber, and other concerns.

Preparations for the construction of the plant are expected to be completed before the end of this year.—Havas.

Japan to Make Suits Out of Whale Skin

Experiments to Produce a Fibre Said Successful

Tokyo, Oct. 27.

The production of a substitute for woolfibre made out of whale-skin will be undertaken shortly by the Oceanic Whaling Company at Shimonoseki, the local press stated today.

The company has succeeded in its attempts to turn out fibre from whale skin, and contemplates the establishment of a workshop on board each of its whalers. These floating fibre works will be ready next year.

Engineers of the company stated that the total quantity of fibre produced from one whale would be sufficient to manufacture some 60 suits of foreign-style clothing. An experimental workshop is to be constructed in one of Tokyo's suburbs. If experiments are successful, the workshop will be developed into a large factory—the first of its kind ever established in this country.

Construction work on this experimental workshop is expected to be completed by the early part of next Spring. When the present scheme is realized on an Industrial scale, the annual output of whale fibre will be enough to produce as many as 180,000 suits of clothing per year.—Havas.

Canadian Securities Vested in Treasury

Many Millions Sent Under The Defence Regulations

London, Oct. 28.

A large group of Canadian securities running into many millions of sterling has been transferred to the Treasury by orders made under the Defence Regulations.

Two orders affect the Grand Trunk Perpetual 4 per cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock, a sterling issue, of which there is about £24,500,000 outstanding and on which interest is guaranteed by the Government of Canada, while a third order deals with some 60 issues of Canadian railways and Canadian companies, payable solely or optionally in Canadian dollars.

These securities have been vested in the Treasury with a view to their realization in Canada in such a manner that sales in Canadian market be orderly and subject to careful regulation in regard to both amount and time.

The securities were vested in the Treasury on Saturday and the first payments on them will be made on November 26. Owners of the securities affected are asked to deliver them forthwith to the Bank of England. Payment will be made in sterling in London after delivery has been completed.

It is hoped that a substantial part of the money involved will be transferred to War Bonds. In order to facilitate arrangements for subscription, the Bank of England will accept subscriptions for National War Bonds of £100 or any larger sums in multiples of one penny, and the Post Office will accept subscriptions of £25 and upwards (subject to the maximum of £1000.)

For Defence Bonds, subscriptions must be for £5 or a multiple thereof, and no person may at any time hold Defence Bonds exceeding £1,000.—Reuter.

Spirit Which Will Never Die

Under an Australian Sun a Schoolmaster Finds Inspiration in the Lyrics of Ancient Rome

BARBITOS, for those who may not know, is Greek and Latin too for lyre, and this little book ("Barbitos: Experiments in Verse Translation" by J. Lee Pulling, formerly Senior Classical Master, Sydney Church of England Grammar School. Melbourne University Press in association with Oxford University Press. 6/-) is made up of translations mainly from the odes of Horace into English verse. Versions which came to the schoolmaster author under various conditions, sometimes as he stood "knee deep on the sunny Australian beaches, awaiting the sudden strain on line and screech of reel, my favourite lyrics singing in my head, happy if I could mould an English song that might here and there carry some faint echo of my master's voice."

There are 72 pages given to these translations from the Latin, 20 of the selections coming from Horace and one each from Virgil, Catullus and Ovid; followed by 35 pages devoted to translations into Latin from the English.

Judged by Comparison

Lord Lytton's versions of the odes of Horace have been the standard collective translation of that poet, so we may let the reader judge of Mr. Pulling's manner by comparison. Mr. Pulling's first selection is Horace's first ode, beginning:

> Maecenas atavis edite regibus
> O et praesidium et dulce decus meum,

which Mr. Pulling renders, with the lines that follow, giving the quantitative effects of the Latin:

> Maecenas, of a stock rooted in royalty,
> O my guardian dear, fountain of grace to me,

which in my judgment is superior to Lord Lytton's equivalent lines:

> Sprung from a race which mounts to kings, Maecenas,
> Shield and sweet ornament of life to me.

"Thaw Out the Cold"

Yet Mr. Pulling has not patterned all his metres after the Latin, but has tried to keep the balance of form and spirit. Take in illustration the translation from Horace's

> Vides ut alta stet nive candidum
> Soracte, nec iam sustineant onus
> silvae laborantes geluque
> flumina constiterint acuto.
> See, how deep snow
> Traces in white Soracte's height,
> The groaning boughs bend low;
> The woods can scarce upbear their freight;
> The sharp frost grips, the rivers wait.
> Thaw out the cold;
> From twin-eared jar of Sabine ware
> Pour out the four-year-old;
> Heap high, heap high the logs of pine;
>
> Stint not the hearth nor stem the wine.

Here again, I feel that Mr. Pulling's version has much more of the spirit of the poem than is given in Lord Lytton's version, which, however, I omit quoting.

Hymn of Home-coming

A good example of Mr. Pulling's fertility in experiment is his rendering of these lines from Catullus:

> Paeninsularum, Sirmio, insularumque
> ocelle, quascunque liquentibus stagnis
> marique vasto fert uterque Neptunus;
> etc.
>
> Of lands that girdled or half-girdled lie, jewel-eye,
> Be they sea-isles or pool-wash'd eyot that stand in the hand
> Of Neptune, lord of both; with heart aglow, Sirmio,
> And eager eyes I set my foot once more on thy shore.
> ....
> Oh! when heart has slipp'd its load of care how blest is the rest,
> When travel-worn and weary we have come to our home,
> When on the couch long dream'd of lies our head pillowed,
> All toils and travails paid by this one thing, home-coming.

Like Mr Chips

As for the translations from English into Latin, Mr. Pulling has made some of them in the manner of Mr. Chips's successful pun on *Lex Canuleia*. He has given equivalent versions for "The Walrus and the Carpenter," "Little Boy Blue," and even "There was a young man of Antigua." All of which shows that Mr. Pulling has not taken himself over-seriously. He remarks, "The art of writing Latin verses belongs, for the most part, to us of the older generation." And no great loss, is our comment. But for the versions from the Latin we can be grateful; they keep alive the spirit of something which, let us hope, will never die.—D.R.

Labour Scarce In Szechuan

Workers in Rice Fields Receive As Much as $5 And Food Each Day

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Chengtu, Oct. 10.

Szechuan is scarce of labour. The drafting of men for the army and the employing of village labour, both men and women, for road making is easily understood and both of these do draw labour away from the farms. It is the prosperity in general and the increase of industries of every kind that is absorbing a great deal of labour, that is all new to Szechuan. Small industries started by those coming in from other provinces, who had been industrial hands formerly, take up a lot of new labour. Then, too, there are the many hundreds of small co-operative industries that have absorbed labour from rural and urban centres in large numbers.

The gradual increase in prices of food products and manufactured articles has made all lines of mercantile enterprise profitable. No body seems to be idle and all are living better than ever before. Consequently, when the rice harvest began the farmers had to pay $1 and food for their labour. So it is necessary to keep the farm hands pleased and happy in their work. As the rice harvest progressed the wages gradually rose to and even as much as $5 each day and food. The rickshaw fares and money for chair carriers have increased accordingly, as those who travelled to Omei (summer resort) and other places know. On the whole there seems to be a greater number of people living and dressing better than formerly. It is really the small salary people who are feeling the pinch. The rice crop has been better than average.

The National Agricultural Improvement Bureau with headquarters in Szechuan is doing admirable work to increase farm production within the province. While the former research work of this Bureau is being continued with even greater vigour than formerly in Nanking, yet, the merely experimental feature of such work is well passed, and a definite practical use is being made of this department. Their seed grains are being used by the farmers with better yield, both in quantity and quality. Their statistics reveal improvement along many lines and each new harvest brings more. The extension centres now available to help the farmers are increasing all the time. For example, at Wen Chiang-hsien, there are eleven larger or smaller centres, where farmers may receive new seed grains, and help to combat swine plague, rinderpest, wheat and other grain pests.

More education is needed to achieve fuller co-operation with the rural people, and remove doubt and prejudice against employing new improvement methods. The time is now opportune for real practical development along lines of scientific improvement of farm production. The West China Union University Agricultural department, under the direction of Dr. Dickenson is doing splendid work in the improvement and development of fruit and vegetable growing. Many new fruits and vegetables have been introduced and are being grown successfully.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$1,230
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	$225
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	Qnq.
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	$17.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$5,000

Gold Price Drops In Peiping

Peiping, Oct. 27.

A drop of $20 per ounce was registered in the price of gold on the local market yesterday, according to an announcement made by the Gold Dealers' Guild, the "Chen Pao" says.

The selling rate yesterday afternoon was $420 per ounce and the buying rate $413.—Havas.

Coastal Blockade Of Chekiang

Japanese Detain Vessels; Planes Render Thousands Of People Homeless

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Wenchow, Oct. 18.

The prolongation of the coastal blockade which started at the same time as the closure of the Burma Road, has robbed this area of some of the customary news. During these three months few steamers have penetrated the blockade, and those that have succeeded were with few exceptions held by the Japanese patrol vessels on their return trip to Shanghai, sometimes being detained for several weeks, thus involving loss and trouble to the merchants, and dampening their enthusiasm for sending out cargoes.

When ships have been so held it has sometimes been difficult to trace them.

Tragic incidents of this blockade have been the cruel and futile bombings of open towns, sometimes with incendiary bombs, which make havoc of the wooden dwellings of the poorer classes. In Whuzoediu, to the south of the province, because a ship had entered the port, aeroplanes flew over and destroyed large areas of this small town, rendering thousands of people homeless.

Similar though less drastic destruction has occurred in Wenchow, but whereas in the former town the bombs were dropped in the wharf area, in Wenchow there seems to have been no particular objective at all. The wharves were once bombed, but other occasions brought wreckage to other unrelated parts of the city, once it was a dwelling area and once again a bridge. Unlike previous times, this year the population is unable to flee into the country because of the cost of living which is still rising.

Recently the cost of rice has reached new records, being today a little over three catties for $1. In some towns there is definite rice shortage. Yet taken as a whole the province must have ample stocks, so that the shortage is largely artificial, and local. As an example, certain producing areas that were dependent upon for supplies by other areas, are not allowed to move their produce. Also, there is a lot of hoarding going on.

With the slackening in trade resulting from the blockade the surplus population consisting of visitors and business people with which the town until recently had been crammed, has now departed leaving us quieter, and also more content, for the influx brought in a number of undesirables. Gradually the people are turning again to the local hand trades which supplied their livelihood before modern times.

Recently, a small chartered steamer came into port carrying only missionaries and their luggage. There were over 30 in all, making for various destinations in China and belonging to a variety of churches and missions. This trip was made by special consular arrangement, since some of the travellers had made several abortive attempts to enter Chekiang.

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London Letter

No War Hysteria in London

Nazi Bombs Accepted as Normal Part of Life; Amusement Found in Goebbels' Bombast

BY O. M. GREEN
(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)
BY AIR MAIL

London, Sept. 29.

THE Chinese greeting on meeting a friend is "Have you eaten rice?" Our's nowadays is "How were your bombs last night?" To which there are two modes of reply. One is to boast of the extraordinary quietness of your district; the other, to dilate on the appalling nearness and number of bombs that fell around your house and the miracle by which it escaped. And like patients in a convalescent home we can hardly listen to the other fellow's adventures, so eager we are to relate our own.

But more and more we are settling down to accept the bombs as a normal part of life. It is no exaggeration to say that if you come up from the underground after a warning has sounded, there is nothing in the appearance of the streets to tell you that, in Mr. Churchill's phrase, "the banshee has been howling." At one time all lifts went out of action as soon as the sirens sounded. Now they do not. A friend was having a morning coffee at Harrod's when an alarm was given. The waitress said, "I am afraid I must ask you to go down as this is the top floor. But you can do all the shopping you wish elsewhere."

We find great amusement in Goebbels' broadcast describing the panic in which London, it is alleged is plunged, with crowds of distraught people rushing madly about, shrieking wildly, beside themselves with terror. But these flights of fancy have a real importance. During the Battle of France the German communiqués were sober, believable and, as the sequel sadly proved, accurate. When things are going well for the Germans they have no need to lie. When things are going badly, their lying is too outrageous to deceive anyone but their own folk. It was exactly the same in the last war. So Goebbels' fantastic stories of London are very good news for us.

Two Vital Appointments

The appointment of Mr. Willink, M. P., and Sir Warren Fisher as virtual dictators to take charge, respectively, of the rehousing of those made homeless by the bombs and the clearing up of the mess, is much approved. It cannot unfortunately be denied that there has been muddle and red tape in the caring for the homeless. This is the inevitable result of having 101 different municipal authorities in London plus the London County Council. Overlapping results and delay while the question is argued out who is to take the responsibility.

Mr. Willink, it is stated, is to have absolute authority to give what orders he pleases. Within an hour of being appointed he was touring the worst stricken areas. In an interview he drew attention to one difficulty too often ignored by those who cry aloud that nothing is being done. That difficulty is to persuade people to go anywhere except just where they fancy. It is only natural that they should wish to be with friends but there are friends everywhere in these days and Mr. Willink will have to use his dictatorial powers not only on the local Bumbles.

The fact that Mr. Willink has four children of his own should have taught him much that will be useful in his new job; though when it comes to dictatorships one recalls that the domestic tyrant of Victorian days is now hopelessly out of fashion. He was a major in the Royal Field Artillery in the last war, commanded a battery when he was 22, and won the M. C. and the Croix de Guerre. He was called to the Bar in 1920.

Sir Warren Fisher was head of the Civil Service until he retired last year. You may remember his signatures appearing on Treasury notes 20 years ago. I hope he will insist on German prisoners being used to clean up the grosser part of the mess in London and elsewhere.

To aeronautical experts nothing is more interesting than the frequent changing tactics of the German raiders. They began by trying to destroy our aerodromes in southeast England. They made a few holes but never put an aerodrome out of action for more than an hour or so. Then they turned to the factories with equally little success. The R.A.F. were too strong for them. So now they concentrate on London. Already our defences even against night-bombing have improved beyond comparison with what they were at first.

Besides changing their objectives the Germans are continually trying new methods of attack. At first they used only a small proportion of fighter escorts to the bomber formations. So deadly was the work of our fighters that now the Germans send over on an average five fighters to each bomber. Even thus our men break up these huge formations and you have the figures to show with what success. It stands to reason that if the Germans had found one kind of tactics effective, they would not be continually changing them. Incidentally, the more fighters they use, the fewer bombers they can send, which reduces the efficiency of the raid.

Another interesting aspect of the Battle of Britain, is the obviously large increase in our bombing force. This is shown by the increasing length and intensity of our bombings not only of many points in Germany, but of the whole Channel coast from Antwerp to Brest. Such fierce attacks on so large a scale would be impossible unless the available force had been largely increased.

Mr. Keynes Now Optimist

Saul among the prophets was as nothing to Mr. J. M. Keynes, arch-priest of "the gloomy science," coming out as an optimist. In his recent broadcast he told us that we are actually better off than we were in 1937. I am unable to see this so far as my own affairs are concerned, but I belong to the middle class whose position is of no interest to either economists or politicians, except in so far as we are called on to pay the heaviest proportion of the taxes.

To get back to Mr. Keynes he pointed out that the million and a half tons of shipping that we have lost is no more than our normal capacity to build in a year. Of the destruction done in London since the beginning of August he believes that it is not beyond what the building trade could replace in the same length of time. A £1,000,000 worth of destruction is a fearful thing to see, says Mr. Keynes, but if we suffered £1,000,000 of damage every night for a year, we should not have lost more than 4 per cent. of our buildings and their contents, replaceable in two years.

Financially Mr. Keynes takes an equally cheerful view. He sees no reason to fear that the war will result in a greatly depressed standard of living, and he emphasizes that domestic prices have not risen by more than half the rise in import prices: since international prices are falling, while the exchange value of sterling is now stable, domestic prices are not rising.

Mr. Keynes thinks, however, that we are not saving enough and he returns to his demand that the increased wages of the working classes shall be given to them in the form of deferred pay, otherwise Government bonds, not only to provide the Government with the money it needs, but to prevent prices being driven up (that is to say, inflation) by extravagant spending by the factory workers.

Whether the Government will have the courage to take Mr. Keynes' advice, is another matter. But it is an interesting fact that his broadcast was followed by extra activity on the Stock Exchange and a notable demand for gilt-edged stocks, particularly War Loan. But the freedom of the demand for Government securities for some time past reflects the general confidence in our ultimate position.

Import and Export Returns

How little Hitler's U-boats and bombers have managed to blockade us is shown by the August trade returns. Both imports and exports were greater than in July, Imports rose by £8,000,000 and exports by £1,400,000. The latter figure is 4½ millions smaller than in August of last year, but of this decrease 3¼ millions was for food and raw materials. The satisfactory part of the figures is that with all Europe now closed, we are clearly making up the deficiency by trade with the rest of the world.

In this connection one notes that the economic mission which the Government is sending to South America is a very strong one. Lord Willingdon is at the head, and Lady Willingdon, accompanied by Sir Horace Rumbold and Mr. R. H. Brand, the first as an experienced diplomatist, the second as one of our best bankers. All the important industrial and export interests will be represented by men who have special knowledge of the South American market.

The mission is not intended to make contracts, but for diplomatic and economic work, particularly to make South America understand that the blockade is one of our chief weapons, and to show that without a British victory there can be no security or prosperity for the South American people. We are their largest customer and with Germany out of the field there is a good opening for us to increase our sales in this part of the world.

Canadian Ace Visits London

A welcome visitor in London is Air Marshal "Billy" Bishop, V. C., and half-a-dozen medals more. In the last war he shot down 72 German planes single-handed. He always preferred to hunt alone and was in the habit of going out early in the morning to see what he could bag, just like a rough-shooter out for whatever may get up. Indeed Bishop regarded his cruising after the Huns much in the same light as hunting in his native Canada.

His V. C. was won by his crossing the German lines alone and attacking a German aerodrome, when he shot down three of the twelve planes that rose to meet him. He is the only man to whom the Sovereign has ever given the V.C., the D.S.O. and the M.C. at the same investiture Later he gained the D.F.C. and a bar to the D.S.O.—all before he was 24.

Bishop went into business for a while in England after the war, but then returned to Canada and entered the oil business. Now he is an Air Marshal and Director of Recruiting for the Royal Canadian Air Force. Of the training of pilots in Canada he gives a most encouraging report. The keenness on aviation in Canada is beyond anything that can be imagined. Already Canadian pilots are coming over in large numbers; before long they will be coming in thousands.

Of London's behaviour under the raiding he speaks with unbounded admiration. He is amazed to find everything going on as usual. The calmness and confidence of Londoners, he says, are incredible until one has seen.

Few Indemnity Scholars

The Universities' China Committee's annual report reflects war conditions. It has not been possible to send a visiting lecturer to China and no scholarship for study in China has been given. Difficulty of transport has also checked the normal inflow of Indemnity scholars. With the money saved, the Committee has gieny £1,000 to the scheme for placing Chinese engineer apprentices in British firms, controlled by the F.B.I. and the China Association. The report speaks in high praise of the success of this scheme. The apprentices are well chosen and have consistently proved personally popular wherever they have gone and extremely good pupils.

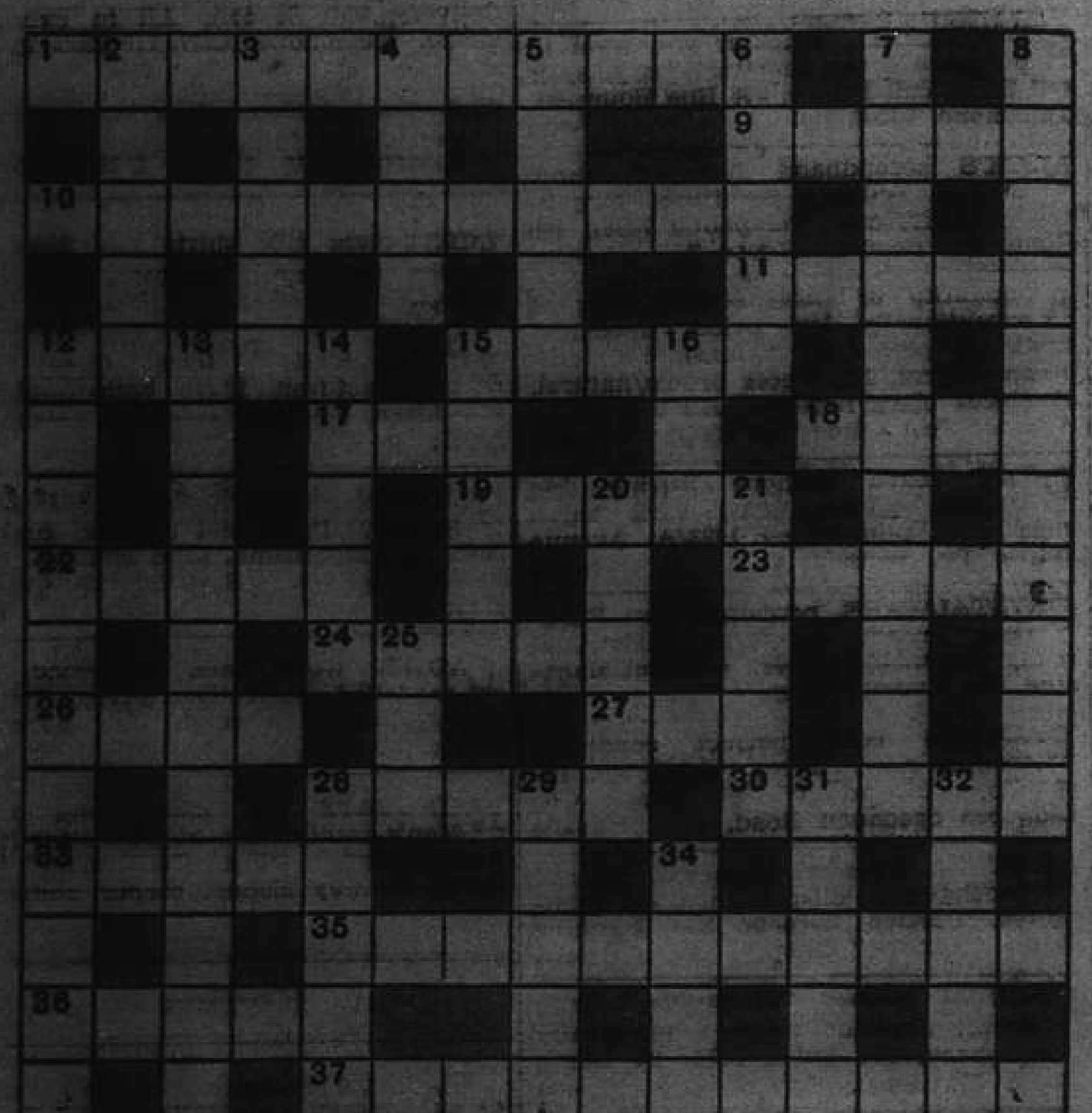
Of the Indemnity scholars the report speaks very favourably. With only one or two unlucky exceptions, the scholars have all done well. But the Committee say that an accredited agent of the Board of Trustees in London is much needed to have general charge of the students in a way that is impossible for the U. C. C. and would be resented by the students if it were attempted.

Not Troubling These Youngsters

Little Londoners do not seem to mind air raid alarms these days. Probably the reason is that it gives them more time to read their comics during school hours. Here is a scene in a school shelter in Clerkenwell.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 333

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Lack of gravity natural with young R.A.F. pilots (11)
9 Handle (5)
10 This shopkeeper should be good at hanging out some of the washing, and he could do it on his head (11)
11 This tree must have been young once (5)
12 In which the head of 10 across may be kept (5)
15 Marvell praised Cromwell for having this the Irish in one year (5)
17 Noisy rank (3)
18 This soon appears in an onion's growth (4)
19 Only a land-lubber is here perplexed (two words—3, 3)
22 Hearing about this is always very sad (9)
23 Famous engraver of old (5)
24 Impatient (5)
26 A covering for which many inquire (4)
27 African quadruped (3)
28 Musical instrument that could still be played without its head (5)
30 Antonym of the loser's lament (5)
33 Novelist who should have had a great power of uplifting (5)
35 The sort of bet that a bookie might take from a maker of electrical equipment (11)
36 All the cards in the pack left alone after the deal (5)
37 In an affectionate manner, though showing troubles one after the other (11)

DOWN

2 Scottish port (5)
3 Regimental colours (5)
4 A great sea power still (4)
5 This land is in Africa (5)
6 Some bit of rubbish reduced to pulp to make paper (5)
7 Mathematical contrivance for controlling children on the ice (two words—7, 4)
8 This bit of harness sounds descriptive of a S.W. wind (two words—7, 4)
12 View with the eyes or the mind (11)
13 Too (11)
14 The livelihood of 10 across (5)
15 The sound that may mean death to 27 across (5)
16 She appears in 33 across (3)
20 This material used to be silken but now is worsted (5)
21 Sum (two words—3, 2)
25 Found always in Devon in a dish (3)
28 Foreign coin (5)
29 Old German 'plane (5)
31 Poetically with force (5)
32 Geographical feature that suggests a tax (5)
34 A hospital (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, As well; 4, Dogtired; 9, Rueful; 10, Cherubic; 12, Oaths; 13, Freelance; 15, Ill; 16, Casba; 17, Outcry; 22, Fasten; 24, Tonga; 27, Air; 28, Enigmatic; 31, Crest; 32, Grandeur; 33, Jostle; 34, Eyeglass; 35, Jennet. DOWN: 1, Air Force; 2, Wheatear; 3, Louisiana; 5, Ochre; 6, Tyrol; 7, Rubens; 8, Decked; 11, Afloat; 14, Eel; 18, Tenace; 19, Artichoke; 20, Unbeaten; 21, Farthest; 23, Spa; 25, Beagle; 26, Mirage; 29, Model; 30, Tours.

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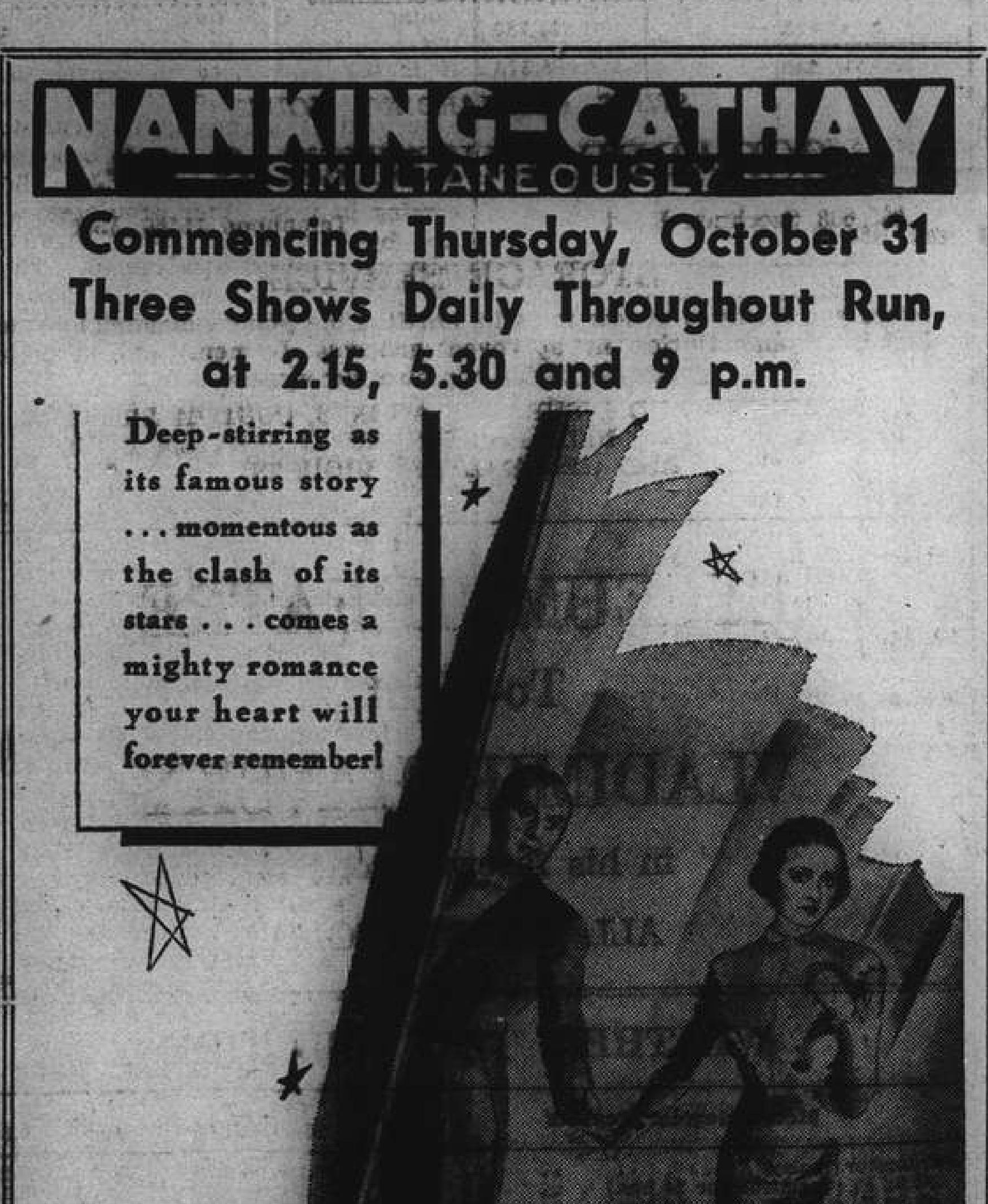
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A Paramount Picture
featuring
DOROTHY LAMOUR and ROBERT PRESTON

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AMHERST Avenue, modern, six rooms, two bathrooms, garden, garage. Arcola heating. Rent $350. Telephone 21422. -6630

TO LET to responsible party, two-roomed unfurnished flat with bath, kitchen, boxroom, in best location, Concession. No key-money. Box 3647, NCDN. -6603

FOUR-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, Joffre; four-roomed apartment, conveniences, western district, $600; three-roomed apartment, Avenue Joffre; three-roomed apartment, Route Kaufmann; two-roomed apartment, balcony, steam-heating, $200; Houses: six rooms; eight rooms, near Petain; two six-roomed family houses, $250, conveniences, Joffre; three-roomed apartment, western district. 207 Route Winling. -6638

TO LET: two-roomed flat $180/$200; three-roomed apartment, Concession. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -6669

3½-roomed modern apartment, Kinnear Road, with bath, servant and box-rooms, garage. Moderate rent. Telephone 18385. -6633

THREE rooms, glass enclosed sunroom, open balcony, top floor, French Concession. No key-money. Telephone 77697. -6535

NEW apartments, three/four rooms, two baths, rent $400, also shops. $200 situated Prosper Paris and Avenue Joffre. Ready March next. Booking open. Box 3434, NCDN. 11981

TO LET, sunny one-half room flat, Telephone 60121, between 11-12 only. -6547

TO LET three-roomed flat. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 only. -6547

SUPERIOR four-roomed apartment with two baths in best part of Concession, available soon. Rent US$50. Includes taxes, heating and water. No furniture or key-money. Telephone 10981. 12102

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The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before November 5. after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1356, 1744, 2060, 2176, 2215, 2304, 2459, 2565, 2586, 2650, 2656, 2814, 2825, 2921, 2935, 2942, 2947, 2950, 2964, 2972, 2995, 3010, 3028, 3043, 3075, 3095, 3144, 3218, 3229, 3346, 3391, 3392, 3404.

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TO LET. Unfurnished, desirable residence on Avenue Haig (French Concession side). Three reception, four bedrooms, two bathrooms, attics. Rental US$35 per month. No key-money. Address Box 3590, NCDN. 12083

626 Avenue Haig. Large modern house with flower garden, etc. Very suitable for an official residence. Formerly occupied by an European ambassador. Apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road, telephone 11169. 12076

577 Bubbling Well Road, suitable for a private or night-club and/or restaurant. Occupation November 15 next. Apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road, telephone 11169. 12075

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86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
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COOK-BOY, intelligent, willing, in employment many years, well-recommended. (Evacutaion). Telephone 30647 after 2 p.m. -6659

EXCELLENT cook-boy or No. 1 house-boy, speaking English well, vast experience, hardworker, excellent references. Also amah. Box 3661, NCDN. -6600

CAN recommend very good wash-amah. Telephone 23558. -6661

72782. General Employment Agency Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs coolies, rickshaws, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6596

Rooms Without Board

LARGE room in apartment, facing south; quiet; preferably couple. Apartment 6, 7 Grouchy. No refugees. -6648

NICE, big room, furnished, bath, telephone. 64 Westend Gardens. -6663

LARGE, well-furnished, south room, Savoy Apartments, all conveniences, to quiet, responsible gentleman. Telephone 73189. -6652

TWO beautiful unfurnished rooms with separate bathroom, near the Bund, in private apartment, steamheating, breakfast, use of kitchen optional. Box 3674, NCDN. -6671

NICELY-furnished, steamheated, big room, for single person or a couple. 844A Cathay Flats, Avenue Joffre. -6662

ONE or two rooms to let, in apartment. 824 Cathay Flat, Apartment B. Telephone 78069. -6651

TO LET big room in apartment. 118 Route des Soeurs, House 17, Apartment 14. -4822

FURNISHED room in apartment, central heating, 622 Joffre, Apartment 44, telephone 81608, single preferred. -6622

BIG, south room, nicely furnished, private bath, all modern conveniences. Good communication. 404 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 2. -6609

VICTORY Terrace. Nice, furnished room, all conveniences. 129 Avenue Haig, House 7, corner Avenue Foch. -6608

ROOM to let in modern apartment, all conveniences, for single person (foreigner). See 1-8 p.m., 378 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 11, telephone 75646. -6639

WITHOUT board, one furnished room, steamheated, private bath, for bachelor. Central district. Address Box 3550, NCDN. 12057

Rooms with Board

THE Berkeley, 20/12 Seymour Road. November 4, one double, south room, private bathroom, steamheating. Telephone 36251. -6625

PEKIN Apartments, 157 Peking Road. Large south room, private bath, also attic room. Telephone 16010, Mrs. Hartmans. -6641

LARGE room, well furnished, verandah, private bath, with or without board. Normandie, 394 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 84899. -6634

NICELY-FURNISHED room, steam-heated, full board, quiet house, telephone 74810, 14A Kelmscott Gardens. -6668

SINGLE and double-room, modern boarding house, all conveniences, large garden, opposite Jessfield Park, 37C Brenan Road (near American Hospital), telephone 23460. -6631

ROOM available single or double, private bath. Lane 1220/55 Avenue Road. -6233

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COSGROVE House, 1220/50 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bath, excellent food. Telephone 31018. -6356

COMFORTABLE, furnished two rooms in apartment, private bath, all conveniences, full board. 1215 Bubbling Well, 108/6 Burlington Court. -5195

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. Attractive bright, south room, excellent cuisine. Telephone 37231. -6569

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, self-contained, two-roomed modern, fully-furnished flat, bathroom, kitchen, verandah, no furniture sale, no key-money. Steamheating, taxes, hot water including rent $400. Vicinity Avenue Haig. Telephone 20666. 12131

THREE-roomed furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, near Jessfield Park. 37/101 Brenan Road, telephone 22767, 12.30-1.30 See anytime. -6657

FOUR-roomed apartment to let, suitable for office. Furniture for sale, US$550. Rent $300. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 401, 4th floor. Telephone 87805. -6665

MODERN four-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, with garden, available November 10, in best part of French Concession. Rent US$48 per month, complete furnishings to be taken over at US$600. Box 3676, NCDN. 12140

TWO-room flat, kitchen, bath, furniture, Arcola heating, 37 Brenan Road, House 115, Telephone 22794. -6601

IMMEDIATE occupation, four-roomed apartment, steam-heating, lift, Joffre; three-roomed apartment, balcony; two-roomed apartment; three-roomed apartment, Petain. Architect Herper, 207 Route Winling. -6638

TO LET, comfortable three-roomed furnished flat, central heating, hot water. 325 Route Frelupt. -6670

TWO-ROOMED, furnished apartment with private bathroom. Bachelor only. Vicinity Columbia Country Club, Address Box 3568, NCDN. -6502

ONE-roomed apartment with frigidaire. Bubbling Well. Reasonable terms. Immediate occupation. Shanghai Realty Co. -6353

FOR SALE, Central district. Bubbling Well/Yates Road, three roomed fully furnished modern apartment, bathroom, kitchen, Frigidaire, telephone, steam-heating, hot water. Rent $349. Lease one year. Immediate occupation. Telephone 16133. 12074

2-3-4-ROOMED apartments. Furniture to be taken over. Agency Korlin, 108/6 Route Grouchy, telephone 73679. -6008

Animals

SIX weeks old Police dogs for sale. 36 Kungping Terrace. -6450

FOR SALE, two beautiful Spitz puppies, two months old, $75 each. On view at Watson's Pharmacy, 71 Nanking Road, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. 12135

DOG found: A young dog, apparently well-bred, was found in the Hungjao district on Sunday morning. Apply: K. M. Cumming, Telephone 15286. 12129

Educational

BELCANTO. Teacher of reputable singers (Vienna Conservatory). Shanghai references. Pupil's home. Bursteen, Telephone 51796. -6342

ENGLISH and shorthand lessons given. Terms moderate. Apply to Miss Phyllis Geng, 297 Avenue Joffre, House 5. -6640

ENGLISH lady gives individual tuition in English conversation, moderate fees. Address Box 3634, NCDN. -6563

THE Shanghai Business College. Oral classes. Shorthand. Typewriting. Commercial English. Conversation. Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Successes unparalleled. Apply for syllabus. 320 Szechuen Road (Second floor). Telephone 17733. -11317

PHOTOGRAPHIC instruction for photo amateurs by experienced teacher, holding Swiss diploma. Box 3365, NCDN. -6114

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11540

PIANO lessons, easy successful method, fast progress. Mrs. Schlittner, 1011 Avenue Joffre, telephone 72397. -6180

THE SCHOOL of Applied Art, 204/206 Edinburgh Road, corner of Avenue Haig, under the direction of Mr. Schiff. Classes for drawing, sketching, fashion designing, commercial art, handweaving, etc. Special children's class. Just starting: Classes for sculpturing and ceramics. For information please telephone 23287. -6451

BELCANTO, well-known vocal maestro. Shanghai references, pupil's home. Box 3526, NCDN. -6342

GERMAN lessons, conversation and grammar, given by cultured, experienced gentleman teacher to children and adults of any nationality. At own or pupil's home. Easy method, therefore quickest results. Exceptional references. Consultation 1—2 p.m. or by letter. 12 Quinsan Gardens. Room 1. -4978

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FOR SALE, Cine Kodak model BB Junior F1.9 lens taking 50 ft. reels. $700. One 3¼x4¼ model C Graflex with F2.5 Taylor Hobson Cooke anastigmat 6½ inch lens, $700. One Zeiss Ikon Ikoflex Roll film twin lens (Rolleiflex type camera) with F4.5 lens. $400. Write to Box 3613, NCDN. -6543

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED, good miscroscope. Send full description and price required to Box 3671, NCDN. 12137

WANTED one secondhand trunk in good condition. State price, particulars to Box 3663, NCDN. -6636

WANTED to buy, secondhand double-barrel shot-gun, any make. Telephone 22012. 12138

MINIATURE piano, good condition. Please state lowest price to Box 3644, NCDN. -6599

WANT to buy, one auto bridge set, one set gramophone records teaching French, one course of pelmanism. Box 3614, NCDN. -6543

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. 125 Kiaochow Road, House 7. Telephone 34663, Mr. Engel. -6486

WANTED, One British Encyclopaedia. Reply to Box 3604, NCDN, stating full particulars. -6515

Lost

LOST, Airedale dog, answers to name Sandy, finder please communicate with House 17, 600 Avenue Haig, or telephone 20227. -12136

LOST: A savings account deposit book No. 18/32 on National Commercial Bank Western Sub-Branch, Shanghai, for $1,893.20 in name of R. Tarnapolsky, being stolen and lost. It is hereby declared null and void. -6644

LOST: Custom Pass No. AP95505/54 covering 50 cases rayon viscose yarn marked 25 in diamond JAGCo around. Manila below, No. 2370/2419, dated 20/9/40, ss. Doctor Lykes, withdrawal No. 207705, Bill Lading No. 65 ex lot 50 is hereby declared null and void. -6417

Mortgages and Loans

MORTGAGES, loans given against title deeds, properties. American currency. Reasonable terms. Box 3265, NCDN. 11900

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6454

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. -6506

360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2. Massage. -6858

Houses and Land

RESIDENCE for sale, in Hungjao area, six rooms, two bathrooms, attic, garage and servants' quarters. Large garden. Area 6.5 mow. Address Box 3672, NCDN. 12129

WANTED to buy, house, six rooms. Box 3654, NCDN. -6615

LARGE residence near the vicinity of Bubbling Well/Hart Roads, was occupied by legation, for sale US$45,000, with area mow 4.5.0.0. Building can be arranged for immediate occupation. Apply Box 3620, NCDN. -6548

WANTED land on side streets of Bubbling Well Road, one mow or less. Box 3435, NCDN. 11981

WANTED, small modern house with land, or shop, about $30,000. Settlement. Box 3506, NCDN. -6319

WANTED to buy, developed, undeveloped property along Bubbling Well, Avenue Foch. Box 2631, NCDN. -4815

WANTED to buy, undeveloped, residential property near Petain, four mow upward. Box 2632, NCDN. -4815

INVESTMENT properties for sale, one in the central part of French Concession consisting 17 semi-detached houses, with modern conveniences, and the other in central district of International Settlement consisting offices and shops. Price reasonable. For particulars address Box 3241, NCDN. -3837

More Classified Ads, Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy weather with South-Westerly winds around Shantung: threatening mist or rain with South-Easterly to South-Westerly winds over our regions: South-Easterly to North-Easterly over the Eastern Sea.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 61.0	max. 71.0	min. 57.6	max. 72.1
" same date last year	min. 54.0	max. 71.0	min. 51.8	max. 72.3

Rainfall: Trace.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1940 (29th day of 9th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service. (Next air mail closes on Nov. 1, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on Nov. 12.) Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia). (Next air mail closes on Oct. 29, 10.30 a.m. registered and 11.30 a.m. ordinary.)

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamership mails for America and Europe: Oct. 31, Nov. 3, 5, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$42
China, Korea and Japan	"	48
Hongkong and Macao	"	55
Postal Union Countries	"	104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $3

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao	"	44
Postal Union Countries	"	54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

BIRTH

FEATHERSTONHAUGH.—On Oct. 28, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to SARAH, wife of W. R. Featherstonhaugh, a daughter.

12143

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

After October 30, 1940 our General Offices and Godown will be transfered to our new premises at 122 Chemulpo Road, Tel. Nos. 52722/4. Our Local Sales Office will remain at 110 Szechuen Road as heretofore, but with Tel. No. 14480.

MIEN WHA THREAD CO., LTD.

Agents for China & Hongkong for

THE CENTRAL AGENCY, LTD.
GLASGOW.

12110

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

29 Vladimir Havsky, farewell concert, Lyc., 9.15

29 *Turkish Republic proclaimed (1923)*

29 *Ulster Riflemen killed by bombardment Shanghai (1937)*

IN THE MATTER OF

THE TIENTSIN WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

At an extraordinary general meeting of the above-named company duly convened and held at the registered office of the company, Liddell Building, Tientsin on October 24, 1940 the following resolution was duly passed as a special resolution:

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily in view of the sale of the undertaking of the Company in the circumstances detailed in a circular issued to shareholders dated the 30th day of September 1940, that the distribution of the purchase price received as proposed in the said circular be approved and that LESLIE TOWNE BEDDOW and MILES CREIGHTON HALTON of Thomson and Company Tientsin Chartered Accountants be appointed Liquidators for the purposes of such winding up."

P.H.B. KENT,
Chairman.

Shanghai, October 25, 1940.

12139

CHINA HOMEWARD FREIGHT CONFERENCE

FREIGHT TARIFF No. 31
Dated February 7, 1939

ADDENDUM No. 19

INCREASE

Effective forthwith and in accordance with Booking Rules all rates homewards including Gulf of Aden and Red Sea Ports will be subject to an increase of 15% surcharge.

This increase is effective immediately except for Cargo to United Kingdom by British Lines in which case the surcharge will apply as from November 7, 1940.

Shanghai, October 29, 1940.

12141

CHINA HOMEWARD FREIGHT CONFERENCE

No. 3.
SHANGHAI, February 18, 1937

GULF OF ADEN AND RED SEA PORTS CONFERENCE

ADDENDUM No. 6

INCREASE

Effective forthwith and in accordance with Booking Rules all rates homewards to Gulf of Aden and Red Sea Ports will be subject to an increase of 15% surcharge.

Shanghai, October 29, 1940.

12142

IF YOU WERE IN ENGLAND

you would wonder if friends in Shanghai were really doing their share by sending all the money they can possibly give to the Lord Mayor's Red Cross and Air Raid Relief Funds.

The Central British War Fund will send your gifts to London. Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

SWISS WATCHMAKER

(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)

All work personally done by E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road 4th floor. Telephone 12160

-6643

CARS FOR USE in U.S.A.

We are able to make delivery of new FORD, MERCURY and LINCOLN ZEPHYR cars from 34 cities in all sections of U.S.A.; also in Canada.

Place your order here and the car will be ready for you upon arrival.

BILLS MOTORS

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

BRAND-NEW blue-fox cape, for sale at reasonable price, for particulars telephone 70585 from 11-1 p.m. No brokers. -6477

THE SUNGALA RUBBER ESTATE, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending March 31, 1941, of 60 cents per share (local currency) on the issued capital of the Company, payable on November 6, 1940, to Shareholders on the Register at that date.

Those Shareholders who wish their Dividends to be paid in the Straits, can have it so arranged if they signify their wishes to the Secretaries before noon of October 30, 1940. Their Dividends will then be converted from local currency to Straits Dollars at the Bank's buying rate on November 6, 1940, and Demand Drafts payable in Singapore will be dispatched to them on the day this Dividend is paid.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 30 to November 6, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

THE SUNGALA RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED.

The Geddes Trading & Dairy Farm Co. Ltd.,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, October 25, 1940.

12084

THE SHANGHAI-MALAY RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending 31st December, 1940 of One China Standard Dollar per share payable on the 29th October, 1940 to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from the 24th October to the 29th October, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

Shanghai, October 15, 1940.

11846

DISPOSAL SALE PLANT EQUIPMENT

For immediate sale no reasonable offer will be rejected on any or all of following slightly used equipment items:

Sturtevant blowers models 6, 30, 35, 40, 45.
Bliss beading machine No. 114.
160 gal. silver plating solution.
Young industrial oven No. 2665.
3 steam traps.
2 lead lined Armco steel tanks 27 ins. x 27 ins. x 36 ins.
Several Armco steel tanks 22 ins. x 22 ins. x 36 ins. and 33 ins. x 22 ins. x 36 ins.
140 hard copper plating racks.
2 Foxboro Automatic Temperature Recorders and Controllers.
2 spray tanks DeVilbiss.

For further particulars address
P. O. Box 1981

12093

EUROPEAN REFUGEE HOSPITAL

138 Ward Road

BLANKETS. The Hospital is urgently in need of 400 woollen blankets. Same would be gratefully received at 7 Avenue Edward VII or would be called for

(Telephone 82188)

Committee for the Assistance of European Jewish Refugees in Shanghai

12089

FILMO DEPOT

Agents: BELL & HOWELL, Chicago, U.S.A.

FILMO CAMERAS AND PROJECTORS

8 mm. and 16 mm.

17 Canton Road (Union Building)
Third Floor, Telephone 10131

12138

EWO CLUB WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

11841

"HAVE YOU ANY DINNER for a hungry man?" begged the tramp at the door. "Yes," replied the woman, "and he'll be home at twelve to eat it." The happiest homes are those protected by adequate FIRE AND BURGLARY POLICIES.

C. E. SPARKE INSURANCE OFFICE

Agents:

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.

878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

11827

WE ENVY YOU

Your new motoring thrills, if you have your First Packard

WE CONGRATULATE YOU

on knowing and having the best, if you are driving your second or third Packard.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch
Telephone 60104

After We Sell—WE SERVE

U. B. BEER ORDER DEPT. 30087

-11843

The Best By Test

DUNLOP

Sixty-five

GOLF BALLS

Remarkable length allied with durability

MADE IN ENGLAND

Obtainable at all Sports Dealers

DUNLOP RUBBER CO. (CHINA) LTD.
117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413

11880

MARRIAGE HAS BEEN CALLED A LOTTERY. IT HAS LITTLE RELATIONSHIP WITH SUCH. MAKE NO MISTAKE, THE NUMBER OF WINNING TICKETS IS NEGLIGIBLE.

BUY A

CHEVROLET

Every One A Winner

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180

11549

REPRODUCTION IN COLOURS

Colour in its proper tones and values has extraordinary properties. It can make food appetising, automobiles luxurious, furniture inviting and comfortable, and people lifelike. Colour has these powers, but needs skill in the development of them. Let the "North-China Daily News" Printing Department handle your colour work if you are seeking satisfaction.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11055

Languages

There is no place like Shanghai for linguistic studies. Languages spoken by 95 per cent. of the world's population are being taught here by competent teachers. Add a language to your other accomplishments.

Ask For

BOOTH'S GIN

The Finest for Cocktails

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

Insurance Company of North America

PHILADELPHIA

The Oldest American Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

R. A. KREULEN, *General Representatives.*

Paid-Up Capital, U.S.$12,000,000 Assets, U.S.$107,177,701

2nd Floor, Continental Bank Building, 113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 12867 (3 lines)

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO AMERICAN EVACUEES

Arrangements are being made by several well-known Americans to build up a Directory or register in the U.S.A., and here, of all Americans now in China and leaving soon for the U.S.A., and those in the U.S.A., who formerly resided in China. As soon as it is possible to do so, a permanent address in the U.S.A., for this service will be arranged. Once this is established, individual notice will be sent to all registered names. At no cost whatsoever, one can consult such office in the U.S.A., for addresses of friends. Later on, perhaps, news items of your friends in the U.S.A., and here, will be sent you. Send in your name and address at once, even though the present address is but a temporary one. Thousands of Americans will soon leave China and will be scattered throughout the U.S.A., and this plan will enable you to quickly locate anyone.

Your immediate co-operation is asked to make this plan a success. No obligations are attached.

TO: "CHINA RESIDENTS (U.S.A.) REGISTER"—P.O. Box No. 250, Shanghai, China.

Name ....

Address in U.S.A. .... Temporary ....

" " China .... Permanent ....

12126

SWISS FORWARDING HOUSE

SCHARPF, GUENTER & CO.

660-668 Szechuen Road Telephone 15560, 15568/69

STORAGE SERVICE

offers you facilities at low rates in warehousing your commercial goods. Furniture and Curios in approved godowns (General and Bonded godowns) under our own supervision.

FORWARDING AND INSURANCE AGENTS, CUSTOM BROKERS, EXPERT PACKERS, RELIABLE TRUCKING SERVICE, BONDED AND GENERAL WAREHOUSES.

11948

LYCEUM THEATRE

To-night

VLADIMIR HAVSKY

in his farewell concert

ALL TICKETS SOLD

11907

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 27 16.00	Oct. 27 21.00	Oct. 28 4.00	Oct. 28 9.00
Barometer (inches)	30.28	30.28	30.20	30.23
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.04	—0.09	—0.13	—0.14
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.05	—0.09	—0.08	—0.05
Wind (direction)	SE/E	ESE	ESE	SE
" (miles per hour)	14.9	9.9	9.3	8.1
Temperature (Fahr.)	68.2°	58.8°	60.1°	65.3°
Humidity (per cent)	62	84	92	86
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	7	1	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	0.00

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 27	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.32	—0.04	30.14
Temp. min. 51.6° Max. 75.6°	63.6°	+8.3°	60.3°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	41.49	—	40.86

Time and Tide	29/10	30/10	31/10	1/11	2/11	3/11	4/11
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.07	6.08	6.08	6.10	6.10	6.11	6.12
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.08	17.07	17.07	17.05	17.05	17.04	17 03
Moon rises at Shanghai	3.54	5.02	6.11	7.19	8.24	9.25	10.21
Moon sets at Shanghai	16.01	16.46	17.34	18.25	19.20	20.17	21.15
Flood makes Shai. (day)	9.05	9.47	10.30	11.15	11.50	12.25	13.05
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	14.40	15.20	16.05	16.40	17.05	17.35	18 15
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	10.39	11.23	12.08	12.39	13.02	13.45	14 35
Ht. above L.L.W. (feet)	9.60	—	10.25	9.30	10.20	9.52	8.00

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 27th:—High and steady pressure over China and Japan. South-easterly to south-westerly winds to the north of the Saddles: north-easterly in the south. Cloudy and fine weather in China.

State on the morning of the 28th:—Overcast and mild weather with mist or drizzle. South-easterly breezes. High and unsteady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, October 29.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Amoy and Hongkong	*20.00	7.30
Foochow	*20.00	8.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Aust. and N.Z.	10.30	11.30
Hongkong and Canton	11.00	11.30
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

WEDNESDAY, October 30.		
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	8.00
Amoy Swatow and Canton	8.30	9.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Swatow and Hongkong	19.30	20.00

THURSDAY, October 31.		
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	8.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	10.00	10.30
Central America and Canal Zone	AZ —	—
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	B 16.00	18.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before

A Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 31st.

B Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 31st.

X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Z Parcel mail only.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at noon and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 11.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

SAVINGS FOR MEN!

Topcoat	$295
Raincoat	$175
Total	$470

"TRITON" Reversible

TOPCOAT and RAINCOAT $375

MONEY SAVED .... $ 95

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

BRITISH firm requires expert secretary-stenographer. Write stating qualifications and salary expected to Box 3670, NCDN. 12133

WANTED: part-time foreign male and female canvassers for a well-known printing company. Applicants must give nationality, age, previous business, and remuneration expected to Box 3665, NCDN. -6645

EXPERIENCED Chinese salesman with local connections seeks employment, salary or commission basis. Address Box 3658, NCDN. -6619

WANTED representative, gentleman with good connections for brand-new production. Box 3667, NCDN. -6655

WANTED well recommended chauffeur. Telephone 21770. 12130

WANTED, experienced salesman, lady/gentleman, for representative work. Good prospects. Post Office Box 4087. -6635

WANTED, expert in brewing and aerated waters. State salary expected. Apply Chungking Distillery Works. Post Office Box 76, Chungking, China. -6443

OUR correspondence course of training in Elementary Practical Bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payment. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967, Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -5386

CHEMICAL shroff wanted by important neutral import house for heavy chemicals. Only experienced men with first-class connections need apply stating salary expected. Box 3626, NCDN. -12091

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

TWO young European mechanics (Diesel and gas engines), 1½ years' driving experience in South China, several languages, seek position. Box 3673, NCDN. -6667

EFFICIENT, well-educated Cantonese youth, seeks part-time work. Good English. Box 3669, NCDN. -6659

RELIABLE assistant, accounting, auditing and general office experience, offers services. Well-recommended. Enquiries welcome. Address Box 3677, NCDN. -6673

HOSIERY trade specialist trained at Leicester College for Knitting, experience in English and European mills, former technical manager of hosiery mill, newly arrived to Shanghai, seeking a position in the trade. Box 3655, NCDN. -6616

RELIABLE engineer offers technical or any other servicse for two-three after-office hours. Box 3646, NCDN. -6602

FOREIGN young man, experienced driver-mechanic seeks position. Box 3652, NCDN. -6612

EXPERIENCED, reliable European chauffeur seeks position. Address Box 3653, NCDN. -6614

EXPERIENCED young Chinese, excellent English and well-acquainted with general office work, seeks position. Address Box 3592, NCDN. -6491

AMERICAN lady recommends excellent Russian baby nurse. Address Box 3481, NCDN. 12008

Business Opportunities

EFFICIENT business men willing take over foreign firm owned by evacuees. Line immaterial. Box 3660, NCDN. -6621

SHANGHAI exporters wish to contact with leaving Americans in order to establish export representations in USA. Box 3666, NCDN. -6653

ENGLISHMAN, executive ability; unimpeachable references, offers representation evacuees' absence. Business acumen. Dependable. Box 3494, NCDN. 12020

SWISS import firm specializing in chemicals, pharmaceuticals, essential oils, metals, paper, sundries, etc. is open to take over agencies. Please apply, stating particulars. Box 3627, NCDN. -12091

EXPORTERS: manufacturers of wooden toys, novelties, tapestry, looking for new outlets. Reply Box 3542, NCDN. -6383

Wanted to Rent

WANTED room with all conveniences, preferably King Albert Apartment or vicinity. Telephone 10592 or Box 3668, NCDN. -6656

WANTED to rent 6-8 roomed house, Concession or Settlement. Good location. Box 3662, NCDN. -6626

ONE or two roomed apartment downtown, preferably Bund. Reply Box 3625, NCDN. -6557

WANTED, two/three-roomed steam-heated flat, furnished/unfurnished. No key-money. Reasonable rental. Particulars to Box 3641, NCDN. -6589

RESPONSIBLE foreigner looking for apartment or house. Willing take over furniture, good price. Telephone 78499. -5507

FIVE to six-roomed, furnished apartment wanted, in large apartment house with all conveniences. Concession or Settlement. No agents. Box 3502, NCDN. -6515

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TWO lift vans (made in Europe and recently arrived) 16/5 x 6/10 x 7/4 and 13/6 x 7 x 7 resp., suitable for shipping furniture and household effects. Telephone 29570 from 12.30 to 2 p.m. -6607

NECKTIES, $1.20, fancy designs, best quality, satisfaction guaranteed. Telephone 96646. -6660

SHIRTINGS, just unpacked. Large selection, latest English designs. Shirts made to measure, $19.50. Razon's, Central Road. 12132

$95: Men's English bicycle in very good condition. Torpedo. Telephone 38445. -6646

SALE, cheap. White buttons of best quality, large market in tropical places, at very reasonable price. Both retail and wholesale purchasers welcome. Samples free. Great China Trading Co., 673 Szechuen Road, telephone 18402. -6623

TENOR saxophone B, original American Standard, latest model. Bargain. Cash. Elkan, 737 Broadway, House 12. -6654

FOR SALE: Dining room, living room, bedroom furniture made by Arts and Crafts; glass dinner and kitchen ware; frigidaire; radio Philips, etc., US$500. Also a four-room, two baths, fittings. Rent US$48. Box 3648, NCDN. -6603

FOR SALE one dining room suite in ash, made by Weeks & Co., also refrigerator coil, dynamo, etc., suitable for 5 cu. ft. Telephone 20328 or Box 3649, NCDN. -6605

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3876

BARGAIN. European carpets, 9 x 12, for sale, cheapest. Stern, 233 Nanking Road, Room 206A. -6627

OUR show-rooms sheltering a choice stock of antiques and rarities are open to the public from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. daily. European Art. 1310 Avenue Joffre. -6479

BARGAIN. Milk separator "Alfa Laval" with motor, brand new, 160 litres. Box 3656, NCDN. -6618

PERSIAN carpet (Heris), 10 x 13, excellent quality, beautiful design, exceptional value. Telephone 13781. -6627

ANNUAL sale, 30 per cent. off for imported copies, October 29 to 31. Star Book Company, 337 Szechuen Road, telephone 18302. -6632

GENTLEMAN'S fur overcoat, with Virginia otter collar, beaver lining, good condition. 365 Cardinal Mercier. -6628

TWO high-grade Kamtchatka silver foxes for sale. 55 Rue Moliere, Apartment 6. Telephone 73920. -6610

TRAVELLING typewriter, Olympia Elite, as new, excellent value. Inspection daily before 3 p.m. Dobrin, 340 Tiendong Road. 12124

CURTAINS, two arm chairs with fine covers, one leather chair, pair of wall chandeliers, Meissen figures. 12 Rue Consulat, Apt. 501. 12119

TWO new silver foxes for sale. Price moderate. Telephone 73824 20/A Rue Pere Robert. -6666

LINEN handkerchiefs, $1.25; woollen gloves, $2; guest towels, 65 cents; Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12079

SECONDHAND. Whether you want to purchase cheap furniture, carpets, or sell them, call Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -3905

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying, selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -5029

A quantity of Rush square rugs at exceptionally low price. Specification; 105 pieces all natural, 55 pieces green/natural, 121 pieces brown/natural, 21 pieces black/natural. All 9 x 12 ft. Address Post Office Box 929. -6284

DON'T leave without buying big Meissen plates, urns, dark small cups with miniatures. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -6540

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3876

RACCOON coat, perfect condition, entirely new. Price reasonable. Inspection invited. W. W. Ahana Co., Ltd., 585 Szechuen Road. -6338

MEISSEN, Dresden porcelain figures, mocha-cups, oil-paintings, old miniatures, Persian carpets. 250 Nanking Road. "Rarities" Shop. -6149

VACUUM cleaner "Electrolux," hair-dryer, electric range, practically new, cheap, for quick sale. 24 Bund, Room 35. -5586

BRILLIANTS, platinum, gold, bought/sold to your best advantage. European Jewellers, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 107, Telephone 14582. -6564

ANTIQE rare Chinese bed, 4 feet by 6, old blackwood beautifully inlaid with mother-of-pearl and marble. Silk cushions matching. Can be taken apart for traveling. Sold at sacrifice. Telephone 79678, 9 to 12. -6530

BRITISH Imperial typewriters. Office and portable models, at reasonable prices. Sole agents: Reiss, Bradley & Co., Ltd., 210 Szechuen Road, telephone 14793. 12084

GENTLEMAN'S fur-coat, musk and otter, as new, reasonable price. Apply 802 East Seward Road. -6436

SILVER foxes, blue, cross, red foxes, otters, all kinds of furcoat-materials, imported directly, bargain prices. Box 2481, NCDN. -4514

Office Cars

LIFT required, 3.30 only, five times weekly, Cathedral Girls' School/Amherst Avenue. Box 3659, NCDN. -6620

LADY requires lift from 1221 Yu Yuen to Cathedral, three times daily, office hours. Telephone 20190. -6642

Miscellaneous

PIANO, new, for hire. Telephone 21544. -6649

TO evacuees! In the name of sweet charity, if you have any clothes, shoes, baby linen, etc. that you care to donate to the needy, please think of the many thousands of emigrants who would be grateful for any assistance that could be given them in this direction, before the winter sets in. Please telephone 16637 or advise the "I.C." Organization for Immigrants, Sassoon House, where and when we may send for your contribution. 12128

COME and enjoy once more the delicious Chinese food at King Kong Restaurant, because you can never get it in America, 31 Rue Wagner, telephone 83049. -6250

WONDERLAND Kindergarten will have three vacancies from November 1. 173 Route Mayen, Telephone 78735. 12104

OLD, well-established real-estate firm (neutral) will take over (mortgage) properties from persons expecting evacuation. Box 3264, NCDN. 11899

DOLLS if broken, perfectly repaired/remodelled. Doll's dresses, wigs. Doll's Hospital, Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -6013

EXPERIENCED businessman, old exporter with customers all over the world, open to act as administrator, supervisor or executive of factories or offices of evacuating parties. Box 3538, NCDN. -6369

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